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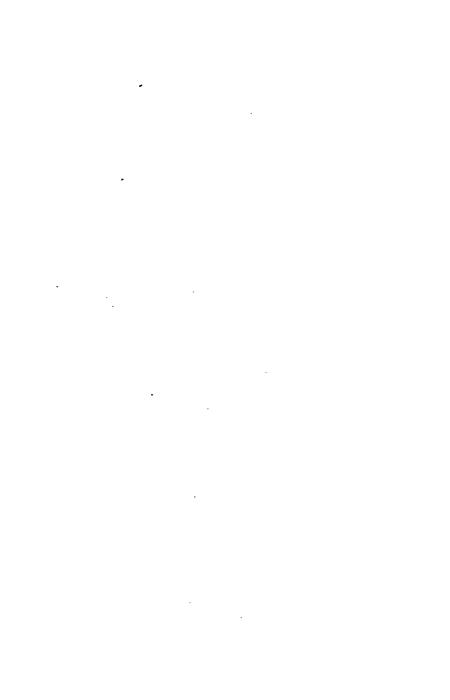


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Publ by James Lador Smith & C. Edinburch

MISS FANNY WOODBURY.

Who died at Beverly in South America 15th Section 21814 in the 23th year of her age

THE

JOURNAL

AND

WRITINGS

OF

MISS FANNY WOODBURY,

INCLUDING SOME

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE

BRTWEEN

HER AND THE LATE MRS NEWELL;

TO WHICH ARE ADDED

Several Essays on Important Subject

MITHERTO UNPUBLISHED;

WITH A NEW AND INTERESTING

MEMOIR: .

BY A

CLERGYMAN OF THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

SECOND EDITION.

COMSIDERABLY -ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.

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[&]quot; That life is long, which answers life's great end." Young,

[&]quot; Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord." Rev. ziv. 13.

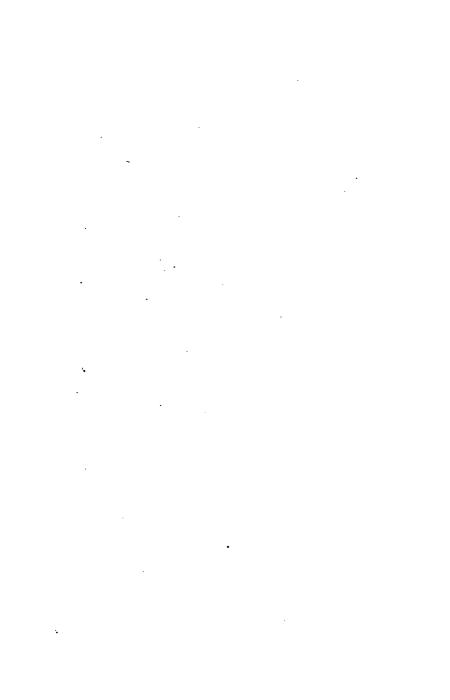
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ADVERTISEMENT.

THE rapid demand for the Memoirs and Writings of Miss Fanny Woodbury, having induced the Publishers to undertake the re-printing of them, they have availed themselves of every mean in their power to render this Edition worthy of general circulation. The Memoir has been carefully re-written, and considerable Additions made to it, from a minute examination of her interesting Journal and Correspondence; by which, it is hoped, that her character has been placed, if not in a new, at least in a more attractive and impressive light. To this Edition there are likewise subjoined, An Essay on Christian Usefulness; An Address to Christians on the Importance of Time and Eternity; and some Reflections on the Fascinating and Deceitful Pleasures of the World;—all by Miss WOODBURY, and till now unpublished.

The expence thus incurred has not been inconsiderable; but the improvements, as well as the enlargement which the present Edition has received. will, it is trusted, be deemed a sufficient reason for the addition made to its price. The Publishers also flatter themselves, that while it may be useful to all who shall be pleased to give it a serious perusal, it will be peculiarly acceptable to the young, whose best interests the truths which it contains are so highly fitted to promote.

Edinburgh, 1st Jan. 1818.



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MEMOIR

OF

MISS FANNY WOODBURY.

To a truly Christian mind, genuine piety in youth presents an object of peculiar and most attractive interest. The season of life in which it appearsthe warmth of affection, and general cheerfulness and buoyancy of spirit, so characteristic of that season, with which it is united,—the conviction, that the decided influence of religious principle alone could have formed and sustained it. amid the thousand alluring enticements to thoughtlessness and folly above which it has risen,—and the delightful anticipations of increasing excellence and distinguished usefulness which it holds out, are circumstances which combine in rendering it one of the most interesting subjects of contemplation that can be conceived. It is a tree in the garden of the Lord, planted by his own hand, beheld in the spring, not only putting forth its buds of promise, but already loaded with healthful and fragrant blossoms, and bidding fair to produce abundance of delicious fruit in its season.

And if this be true with respect to youthful piety in general, in whomsoever its growing influence is witnessed, it is still more particularly so with respect to its manifestation in those individuals who

from the rank which they hold in society, seem peculiarly fitted to adorn the doctrine of our God and Saviour in a circle where frivolity and dissipation too often prevail. Yes; it is pleasing indeed to see the affections rising to the things that are above, in a station, and at a time of life in which the world, with its varied enchantments, so commonly and so fatally enslaves them to its powers; the passions controuled by christian principle, instead of being allowed to wanton in the indulgence of vain and unhallowed pleasures; the will bent in submission to the authority and grace of the Son of God, instead of seeking its own gratification, by yielding to the power of unchristian maxims and manners; retirement courted, that the Scriptures may be read, and solemn meditation on its truths engaged in; and devout communion with heaven enjoyed and maintained by means of faith and prayer, instead of the scenes of vacant folly, or ensnaring amusement being sought after, and repaired to, in order that the impressions of serious godliness may be kept at a distance, and the thought of eternity excluded as much as possible from the mind:-This is a sight the most exhilerating and iovful to all who have themselves been made to feel the nothingness of the world, the value of salvation, and the momentous importance of preparation for eternity. Here the triumphs of the faith and hope of the Gospel over the natural corruption of the heart, and the predominant passions of the world, are most impressively exhibited; while, from the character that is so formed, as it advances to maturity, gradually acquiring additional consistency and strength, much is expected, by means of which multitudes, in the sphere through which its influence is likely to be diffused, may be attracted by its beauty, and assimilated to its worth. We look to it as resembling the tree of life itself, rising up in the paradise of God on earth, which shall "bear twelve manners of fruit, and whose leaves shall be forthe healing" of many diseased and perishing souls.

How deep then must be the impression of regret and sorrow, occasioned by the unexpected, or apparently untimely death, of those whose early devotedness to true religion is so interesting in itself, and calculated to excite such cheering expectations of progressive and extended usefulness! When the bloom of health and strength thus fades at the withering touch of disease and death; when the talents that were fitted to adorn and bless the more limited circle of domestic intercourse, or the wider range of public life, are removed for ever from the scenes of time; and especially when the career, whether of private or of public excellence, that had been pursued with ardour and success for a season. which every friend of godliness could have wished to be long protracted, is prematurely cut short. even the heart that has in some measure learned submission to the divine will, is but too ready to murmur as well as to sigh. The interests of religion have in its apprehension sustained a loss which may not be easily repaired; and the world suffers. while the church has reason to mourn. A tree has fallen to rise no more; the fruit which it had already borne, and the still more plenteous crop which it seemed destined to produce, appear to have falleni along with it; and nothing almost remains but the recollection of what is past, to add to the painful ness of the disappointment which the anticipation of the future has experienced.

But in such circumstances is it not forgotten, that the event that is deplored, has been appointed by Him who does all things wisely and well? Is it not forgotten that the same sovereign and gracious husbandman, by whom the seed of the tree whose fall is lamented was originally sown, its roots watered, its branches expanded, and its blossom and fruit cherished and matured in the wilderness of the world, has himself transplanted it into a richer soil, and a more genial clime, to flourish in his own presence for ever, unapproached by any blast again to nip its buds, or check its productiveness, and secured against the most distant possibility of being ever again stripped of its beauty or its fruits? And is it not forgotten too, that the influence of youthful piety, after its possessor is numbered with the dead, instead of ceasing, or even being diminished, may be perpetuated and increased in those who survive, on whom its impression may be sanctified, to produce the same habits of devout and holy, spiritual and beneficial living? It may thus send forth as from a lifeless stem, shoots that will spring up, and in due time also bear abundant fruit to the glory of God by Christ.

In cases, in particular, similar to the one that is to form the subject of the following memoir, more extensive benefit may sometimes result from the death, than from the life of a youthful Christian. The published delineation of such a character, though the incidents that have to be recorded respecting it, should be neither extremely numerous, sor in themselves particularly interesting, especially interesting, especially interesting.

cially when accompanied or followed by documents which enable us to trace the secret principles in which that character originated, and by which it was sustained, may be the means of producing effects, the amount of which it is impossible to estimate, and will not be completely ascertained or developed till the judgment of the great day. may be of everlasting advantage to multitudes. whom neithe the conversation, the example, nor the epistolary correspondence of the individual while alive, could have ever reached: And thus, it may be infinitely better for the world that the unsparing hand of death has, in such instances, been commissioned to smite, than if his stroke had been kept at a distance, till old age in the ordinary course of nature had given more timely warning of his approach. That this may, by the divine blessing, be the happy effect of the subsequent narrative and writings, is the fervent and importunate prayer of the compiler and editor.-

Miss Fanny Woodbury, daughter of Mr Isaacs and Mrs Anne Woodbury, persons in respectable and affluent circumstances, at Hamilton, in the State of Massachusets, North America, was born there on the 10th of September 1791. Such was the delicacy of her constitution, that in infancy she seldom enjoyed any continuance of health, and was often brought apparently to the very gates of death. God, however, in whose hands are the life and breath of all his creatures, had destined her to works of faith and labours of love. She was accordingly preserved safe through the days of infancy and childhood, and though never blessed with a vigorous frame, was by no means incapacitated for cos

siderable exertion in the active duties of the sphere in which she was appointed to move. When about three years old, indeed, her sense of hearing was greatly impaired by a fever; but though from the effects of this she never afterwards wholly recovered, occasionally her deafness was much less at one time than at another. She was thus frequently prevented not only from enjoying the pleasures and advantages of conversation, but from deriving the spiritual benefit, after which she so earnestly longed, from the public ministrations of the house of God. Yet there can scarcely be a doubt, that this very trial, deeply as she sometimes felt it, was made a blessing both to herself and to others. Having comparatively few external resources, her time and attention were more intensely devoted to the cultivation and improvement of her mind, than they otherwise would have been; profitable reading occupied the place, which in other circumstances, desultory and unprofitable talking would perhaps done; while, if unable at times to communicate, or receive instruction by oral converse, she had recourse to the highly improving exercise of committing her thoughts to writing, and instructing her companions and friends by her epistolary correspondence.

Her education, till 1807, appears to have been conducted chiefly under her parents' eye and roof; and no doubt can be entertained, that it was such as corresponded with their situation in life; extending not merely to the common elements of learning, but to those various accomplishments, by means of which in particular, useful information is 'equired, and a taste for elegant literature encountered.

raged. That her religious instruction, compared with the importance of which every other means of knowledge sinks into nothing, was not neglected, is also evident: For though we have no positive information on this point, it is scarcely possible that at the age of 15 she could have written such a letter, as the one which commences the following publication, if she had not had considerable previous acquaintance with divine truth. We are as littleinformed of the precise time, when her thoughts were first more peculiarly led to the earnest and serious consideration of religion as a personal concern, to the paramount interest of which every thing else was, under the influence of divine grace, made to give way This, however, must have taken place before she removed to the academy of Bradford in 1807; for in the letter just referred to, and which is dated September 1806, she thus expresses herself:-- O let it be our concern to improve every moment to our present and eternal good! May we devote our remaining days to God, and sit under the shadow of the Redeemer with great delight. He is the rose of Sharon, and the lily of the valley; the chiefest among ten thouands, and altogether lovely. O that I could say without a doubt, My Redeemer is mine, and I am his!" Language like this, when coming from the heart, is no unequivocal evidence that the divine Spirit has begun that good work which will be " perfected unto the day of Christ."

It is highly probable, indeed, that her delicate state of health, and her preservation under illnesses which repeatedly threatened to cut her off from the land of the living, were blesset as the means of

early impressing her with the realities of an eternal world; and that her progress in religious experience was so gradual as scarcely to be perceptible even to herself. At the same time, there is reason to believe, that both her convictions, and her principles and habits as a Christian, became more decided after she entered the seminary of Bradford, of which she became a member in 1807; and in which about that time, a remarkable revival of religion took place. Here, to use her own words, she was made to feel "that her heart was exceeding sinful, and opposed to God; and her will so stubborn that it would not submit to him." But "after this." as she also wrote, "her feelings were changed: she saw God to be holy, just, and good; and as such she loved him:"

Bradford Academy must at this time have been highly favoured. Unlike many seminaries for female education in our country, where any thing almost may be learned but religion, and where for a teacher of languages or of any other branch of polite tuition to talk about religion would be a sufficient excuse for never allowing him to enter it again, there appears to have been an equal solicitude on the part of its teachers and their pupils, to converse on the great concerns of salvation and eternity. This at least may be inferred with regard to one of Miss Woodbury's preceptors, from the following extract from her Journal in 1809, which we introduce here, with the view of shewing likewise how she was accustomed from " nature's works to rise to nature's God."

" Oct. 1.—How short the time since sprin commenced, and all nature seemed alive. T

fields clad in verdure, the gardens decorated with curious flowers, the trees in blossom, the melodious songsters in the groves inviting to rural walks, presented the most beautiful appearances. a time when I have rambled over the verdant fields. I have taken a flower, or a blade of grass, which the combined exertions of men and angels could never have made, and ruminated on the wisdom and goodness of God, the infinite case with which he created this huge globe, and the myriads of living creatures which here exist. Nor have I forgotten the three vernal months I attended the school of Mr P. O how pleasantly they passed. Many of his instructions are fresh in my mind. How frequently did he exhort his pupils to attend to the concerns of their souls, to devote themselves to their Creator, and to seek the one thing needful. How solicitous was he to infuse into their minds a love of learning and of religion."

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Soon after her admission into this seminary, and when she was just sixteen years of age, she was received into the communion of the church, and made a public profession of her faith in Christ, and obedience to his laws, by partaking of the sacred memorials of his love and death. This was to her a season of peculiar solemnity. Far from being satisfied, as it is to be feared but too many frequently are, merely with giving satisfactory answers to the questions put to her by her Pastor, preparatory to being admitted to this delightful Christian privilege, and in the prospect of it; she not only gave herself to devout meditation and prayer, accompanied with jealous self-examination, but made a solemn dedication of herself to God in writing.

Nor did she retire from the communion service as if she had been observing only a rite a little more impressive than usual, or as if she had had nothing more to do as a Christian, after she had assumed this outward badge of discipleship: On the contrary, she viewed this act in its true light, as an expression of entire devotedness to her God and Saviour, the sincerity of which she was deeply solicitous to justify by her subsequent life and conversation. How she felt on the occasion will be best expressed in her own account of it:—

"This day," she says, "I publicly gave myself to God, and was permitted to commemorate my Saviour's dying love. O what a wonder that I, the most unworthy of mortals, should be brought to the marriage supper of the Lamb.-I have now made a profession of the Christian religion, and given myself up to God in my youthful years. I trust I shall ever find satisfaction in what I have done. I have done it in the vigour of health, in the prime of my age. I choose to take up the cross, and daily to follow the blessed Jesus, rather than indulge myself in youthful pleasures. Indeed I have not the least wish for the vain amusements of life. Religion only is capable of giving that happiness which will remain when every earthly comfort fails. If we are destitute of this, we are destitute of every thing that can render us truly amiable in life and happy through death and eternity."

Her eager acquisition of useful knowledge, seems to have been uniformly connected with an earnest anxiety to render it subservient equally to the extension of her own acquaintance with divine truth, and to the increase of her power and means of be-

ing spiritually useful to others. Her reading was not desultory, but select: and what she did read she endeavoured carefully to digest and make her own, storing instruction not in her memory only, but in her judgment and heart. Among other books, she speaks in her correspondence particularly of Dana's Memoirs of Pious Women, Dr Buchanan's Christian Researches, and Scott's Force of Truth, as having afforded her much satisfaction and advantage in the perusal. But it was to the Bible that she especially "gave her nights and days;" regarding it as indeed the Book of Books, infinitely superior to every other, and counting it her choicest companion, and most precious treasure. At the same time she did not disdainfully reject, but diligently employed such private aids, in addition to public instruction, as she could obtain, for unfolding to her more fully the meaning of the sacred volume. Scott's Commentary she peculiarly prized on this account; and no slight estimate of the ardency with which she pursued her study of it must be formed, when it is known, that she read regularly through this excellent work twice; and at one of these times, the whole of it within the short period of six months.

The Sabbath she in reality felt to be "a delight, the holy of the Lord, and honourable." To her its hours were no uneasiness; its private exercises no task; and its public services no burden. When her deafness, as was sometimes the case, did not prevent her from hearing the word in the house of God, she listened to it with far more than the hearing of the ear; and even when her deafness was such that the preacher's voice was to her indistinct

and inaudible, still she anxiously desired to found in the sanctuary. "I always long," sa she in one passage of her Journal, " for the retu of the Sabbath. Though it is seldom I hear t preached word, I love to join with the dear sain in worshipping God." This indeed was her hal tual feeling: For, to one who often walked wi her to church, she was accustomed to say, wh about to enter it, " Now I do hope our souls w be richly fed."-" Do let us hear for eternity And at the distance of more than six years af writing what we have just quoted from her Joi nal, she could still express herself thus:-" T day of the Lord has dawned, grateful to the stra ger's heart, while he wanders in this strange land sweetly refreshing to all who love the blessed so vice of God, and have raised their eyes to a regi where one eternal Sabbath reigns. Welcome more my soul greets thee with fond delight; and as the art hastening away, O wilt thou bear on thy win a tribute of gratitude to Him who is mindful of l humble followers in this world of sin, and drop their waiting souls some heavenly joys. I hail th happy day, as propitious to the suffering, languis ing interests of the Redeemer's kingdom, and 1 viving to this afflicted, solitary daughter of Zic For thee, many ardent wishes, many fervent pra ers have ascended to the Great Head of the church and now thou hast arrived, God shall be glorifi with praise."

It was not to public religious duties, however, the her attention was confined. Social intercourse, a especially social worship, indeed, afforded her sow of high enjoyment; but it was in the retirement.

her chamber, and the solitude of her closet, that she found her most delightful satisfactions. she communed with herself and with God. the flame of her piety was fed at the altar of intense devotion; and streams of heavenly consolation poured into her mind, fresh and pure from their only fountain, the throne of God and the Lamb. Her meditations were not those of a recluse, who conceived religion to consist in solitary musings, and rapturous sensations; but of an enlightened Christian, who, solicitous to glorify God, by diligence and activity in the duties of life, sought to have her principles of conscientious fidelity confirmed and strengthened, and her spirituality of mind preserved and increased, or excited and renewed, by searching the Scriptures, examining her own heart, and holding intercourse with heaven by faith and prayer. Of this her journal and correspondence contain the most ample and decided proofs.

It was in such exercises that she found a sweet and secure retreat from the bustle of company, and the noise of the world: and from which she again came forth, refreshed and invigorated for theservices which she had to perform to her friends, or the distressed. In them, she experienced the powerful means of solacement and joy, amid the many painful bereavements which often saddened her spirits; and was prepared, by their salutary and sanctified influence, for the new trials and afflictions which she had still to endure. Prayer, above all, was her peculiar delight;—the life of her religion, the spring of her fidelity in every relation, "the joy and reoicing of her heart." She regularly engaged in it

connected with the account she would at last have to give at the tribunal of God. "When I consider," said she in her Journal, February 1810, "how much information and wisdom I might have acquired, had I faithfully improved my advantages, I am confounded. O that it may be my great endeavour to cultivate and improve my mind, and to do good to all! A thousand opportunities of doing good pass away unobserved and unimproved. O what a world of doing good we all might do, had we but hearts duly impressed with the worth of time, the love God, and an eternity hereafter. Lord, awaken us all to activity and diligence in thy service."

And here it may be remarked, that one of the eircumstances which seems to have most powerfully contributed to the formation of her religious character, was an impression which she early felt, that her life on earth would be but short. Whatever might be its origin or cause, there can be no doubt that she cherished such a presentiment; not only when in sickness, or when called to witness the mortality of others, but when in her ordinary health, and when her friends or companions were vigorous and blooming around her. From the death of her sister in-May 1808, till her own removal from the land of the living, there is a frequent recurrence to this subject in her Journal; and during that period, she met with many interesting and impressive admonitions in the early or sudden deaths of not a few of her intimate acquaintance, to warn her that she had here no continuing city. Once, she was herself on the brink of the grave, having been seized with the same fever of which her beloved sister died; and afterwards she lost an uncle, and several endeared associates and christian friends. Having thus eternity presented to her, and living under realising views of her own rapid approach to it, she was led to feel and act with a habitual reference to its all-important and solemnising realities.

It was this peculiarly that was the means of producing that spirituality of mind, that self-jealousy, and those unwearied exertions to promote the best, the everlasting welfare, of all within her her reach, by which she was so eminently distinguished. On her birth-day, 1808, we find her thus writing:—" This day I am 17 years old. I do not expect to see 17 years more; nor do I wish to do so, unless I can be useful. I can hardly reconcile myself to the idea of a long life. So sluggish, so stupid, so careless have I been, that if the future should be spent in such a manner, alas! my soul shrinks at the idea. O Lord fit me for death." Again, October 1, 1810, " I can scarcely believe that I have passed the summer. My life is passing imperfectly away. I am sailing on the sea of life with vast rapidity, and shall soon arrive at the harbour to which I am bound. A few more revolving suns will land me on the shores of eternity. The seeds of death are sown in this mortal body. Shortly he will lay his cold hand upon me, and bring me to the grave. O that I may belike a shock of corn fully ripe." Once more, in the April before her death, when no human being could have anticipated that her presentiment would be realised, she wrote as follows:-" I have just. formed this large book for serious soliloquy. Perhaps it is reserved for some abler hand to fill it while mine is motionless beneath the earth, and mixes with its native dust. Possibly I may cover a few pages, and then drop my pen for ever. This may contain the last expression of my feelings, the last written breathings of my soul, over which the affectionate eye of some dear surviving friend may rove, dropping one tear of fond remembrance and tender love. Yes; I must die, I must die soon."

Such were the means of her progress in the Christian life. Nor are we left to conjecture what the principles were under which she acted. These werethe peculiar and distinguishing doctrines of the Gospel; which, however they may be vilified by the world, or denied by mere nominal Christians. constitute the life and soul of genuine Godliness wherever it really exists. A deep conviction of her personal unworthiness and guilt as a sinner; a thorough consciousness of her own spiritual weakness, and inability so much as to think a good. thought of herself; a cordial and implicit relianceon the finished work of the Son of God, for pardon, and acceptance, and eternal life; a constraining sense of perpetual and irresistible obligation to his redeening love; and a habitual and unreserved dependence, by faith and prayer, on the promised and implored grace of the Holy Spirit, for both the inclination and the power, to do the will, and glorify the name, of her Father in heaven—these were the principles, the influence of which she felt and cherished, and by the sanctified efficacy of which her spirit and conduct were directed and governed. Her's, indeed, was a life of faith on the Son of God;-a faith which, working by love, purified ber heart, and enabled her to overcome the work To her Christ was "all and in all;" all her salvation and all her desire. To recommend Him to others as altogether lovely, was, accordingly, the great object which she kept steadily in view in her correspondence, whatever was the particular topic or occasion on which she wrote. Hence, also, we find her lamenting with deep regret, the propagation of unsound opinions, and especially of Socinian and Universalist tenets—which strike so directly at the root equally of Christian truth, and personal holiness.

Her views of the doctrines of the gospel, or rather her convictions of their reality and importance, were eminently practical. While her affections were deeply interested by the inseparable connection of these doctrines with her own happiness and hopes as a redeemed sinner, her understanding recognised and felt the force of the conclusive evidence by which they are attested in the volume of inspiration, and her heart submitted to their commanding authority and influence, as bearing in all its principles and habits. Her religion, accordingly, did not consist in speculation, but in action. Her feelings and opinions were the elements which entered into the formation of her character, but by no means constituted its essence. They were not the building itself; but only the basis on which it was reared. Deeply imbibing the spirit of the doctrines which she loved and advocated, she seemed constantly to breathe forth love to God, and benevolence to man. Her principles were embodied in her temper and conduct in every relative duty. As s child she was respectful and obedient; as a sister. affectionate and kind; as a friend, sincere and co stant; as a correspondent, punctual and faithful; as a member of the church, candid in her judgment of others, tender, and consistent. Her devotions in the closet and the house of God, in short, did not evaporate there, but diffused a sacred influence over her general frame of mind, and habitual deportment, at once preparing her for active duty, and giving to it the character of duty to Christ and to God.

This it may not be interesting to illustrate and confirm, by adverting more particularly to some of those other characteristic features of her conduct as a Christian, which have as yet been noticed chiefly in general terms.

Naturally endowed with ardent affections, and delicate sensibility, when these were brought under the spiritual and heavenly power of divine grace,. friendship may be said to have grown up in her mind, as in its native soil. The warmth of her attachment to those who had been her companions, and especially to such of them as were united with her in the faith and fellowship of the gospel, breathes in almost every page of her correspondence. Though her natural diffidence and modesty, and her frequent extreme difficulty of hearing, rendered her in general rather reserved, yet to a few intimate friends, whom she tenderly loved as the friends of the Saviour, she was remarkably open and communicative. Among these in particular, Miss Harriet Atwood, afterwards Mrs Newell, appears to have been above every other the friend of her heart; to whom she clung with the fondest affection; in whose heart she could deposit her very thought; and with whom she enjoyed that dearing fellowship of sentiment and spirit, which

kindred minds alone can experience; which personal intercourse so delightfully heightens, yet which distance or separation has no power to destroy; which increases as days and years roll on, gradually approaching nearer and nearer, both in nature and in degree, to the unmingled and uninterrupted communion by which the " spirits of the just made perfect" shall be united to each other in She indeed loved her as her own soul. The heart of the reader is not to be envied, who shall peruse the breathings of mutual and strong affection which pervade the letters that passed between those two friends, without feeling a sympathy the tenderest and most engaging, in every incident connected with the history of their attachment, and in every sentiment which bound them together with the cords of love. The departure of Mrs Newell for India, she felt as the cutting off of her right hand; and the melancholy tidings of her death, gave a pang to her heart which almost overwhelmed it. But the promise was fulfilled, that as her day of trial and of sorrow was, so her strength should be: and seldom has such an unaffected pieture of agonizing feeling, chastened by devout submission and elevated hope, been exhibited, as is to be found in her Journal, and her letter to Mrs Atwood and her daughters on this mournful occasion.

Theirs was not the selfish and hollow friendship of the world, which is cherished and sustained chiefly by mutual flatteries and folly; which is perpetually at the mercy of every thing that looks like rivalry; which a thousand jealousies are ever ready to interrupt; and which the very suspicion of an injury, however slight, being done or intended,

so constantly dissipates and destroys for ever. On the contrary, they were as faithful, as they were tender, it being their great desire and endeavour to be the instruments of correcting and improving each other as disciples of the Son of God, and travellers to an eternal world. Hence, we find Miss Woodbury particularly lamenting her Harriet's death in this respect, and earnestly soliciting another of her christian companions to " supply her place, and be a faithful friend, to warn, admonish, and instruct her." Christian faithfulness, indeed, was a distinguishing characteristic of Miss Woodbury's attachments. When about to part with her friends, she was accustomed to remind them of the infinite importance of living habitually under the power of religion, and of diligently labouring to advance in its path. On such occasions, she would affectionately say to them, "do live near to God:" " Pray much and frequently:"-" Press forward with all speed." In writing to them, likewise, she did not confine herself to mere generalities, or to pleasing reflections on the works and ways and word of God; but suited the subjects on which she particularly dwelt, to the situation and characters of her correspondents, not that she might flatter them into self-estimation, but to induce them to look into their hearts and ways, and discove their real spiritual condition in the sight of God Finding, what is very often the case, and can be easily accounted for, that she could communicate her sentiments much more unreservedly in writing than in conversation, she often had recourse to thi mode of intercourse with her companions an friends, even when, from their residence in her i mediate neighbourhood, she could have had a personal interview with them whenever she chose. Yet, though she thus faithfully admonished and exhorted them, it was never with the dictatorial arrogance of imagined superiority, but with the effection of a sister who intreated them in love, and with the humility of a Christian, who, alive to her own imperfections and failings, was disposed to esteem others better than herself.

Her correspondence, in fact, was one of the great means, both of her rapid progress in intellectual and spiritual attainments, and of the usefulness with which she was honoured, equally while alive and since her death. Accustomed from the very early age of 15 to commit her thoughts on religious subjects to writing, and in particular to record her sentiments and feelings in a journal kept for her own inspection alone, she soon acquired the habit both of hinking more closely and connectedly, and of expressing herself with greater fluency and ease, than is commonly attained by others at a much more advanced period of life. By recurring to what she had written at some distance of time before, she was also furnished with the means of judging to a ertain extent of the progress she was making in the christian life; while, by having access to the record of her self-examination at such intervals, she was incited to greater solicitude respecting her conduct and temper in the future. And even now, in in her correspondence, "though being dead, she still speaketh" for the edification and comfort of thousands, who might never have received her instructions, or even heard of her name, had she not been removed from the land of the living in the spring

time of her days. So wondrously does Providence sometimes evolve the designs, and over-rule the results of those afflictive dispensations, which, at the time they take place, seem most inscrutable and calamitous.-We would not, however, be understood to recommend the style of composition which she adopted; its almost total want of simplicity, besides other objections to it, giving it the unpleasing appearance of studied affectation;-a charge, however, the unfoundedness of which in. her case, is demonstrated beyond all suspicion, by her having employed the very same elevated style, in her most private papers, which were never intended to be seen by any eye but her own. Much allowance also must be made for her on account of her youth. Nor must it be unnoticed, that in the latter part of her life, she deeply regreted that she had not adopted a more natural and simple mode of writing,

Neither were her zeal and exertions to be useful by any means limited to one channel. She was a striking example of industry and economy. A large portion of her time was spent in discharging the duties of the domestic circle. Even while engaged in reading, her hands were generally employed in some useful work. Like Dorcas, she made garments for the poor; and after her death, several articles of clothing suited to the approaching severity of the season were found, which she carefully prepared, and laid by for distribution. Almost the whole, indeed, of what she gave away in charity, was the fruit of her own labour and industry. She often expressed her astonishment, that christians could suffer so much of their time to be lost in idleness: adding, that if their circumstances did not render

it necessary for them to work for their own support, the poor were ever needy.

Her benevolence was not less active, than it was industrious. She visited in person the abodes of poverty and affliction; and there made the children of solitude and sorrow to sing for joy. To the means of relieving their temporal necessities, she likewise added the far more valuable boon of spiritnal instruction and comfort. It was her constant desire and endeavour, that they might be fed with the bread of life, and clothed with the garments of salvation: have their wounded hearts soothed with the balm that is in Gilead, and their spiritual diseases healed by the " Physician of great price." She knew what it was to weep with them that wept, as well as to rejoice with them that rejoiced. this endeared her beyond expression to the objects of her bounty; and whether they were in the beginning or the decline of life, they hailed her as equally their sympathising friend, and the ministering angel of heaven for their relief. Notwithstanding her youth, indeed, the most aged christians seemed to consider her as a fit companion, and invaluable friend, to whom they could with unreserved confidence unbosom their afflictions, whether of body or of mind. In conveying consolation, however, she was peculiarly cautious not to soothe the conscience till she had carefully probed it, fearing lest she m ght incur the guilt of crying " Peace, peace, when there was no peace."

Jealousy, of either the talents or the exertions of others, had no place in her mind. On the contrary, she was disposed to consider herself as inferior to many who were much beneath her in both respects

and entered not less cordially and zealously into plans for doing good, when suggested by others, than if they had originated with herself. To whatever promised to be of real advantage to any class of human beings, she was ready to lend her aid, either by personal exertion when she had the opportunity, or by endeavouring to excite and keep alive the flame of benevolence in those in whom it appeared already to be kindled. Thus, in the beginning of 1813, when told of a plan that was formed at Bradford for employing intelligent and pious females to instruct poor children, her heart leaped at the thought; she expressed her surprise that such an idea had not occurred before; and feelingly lamented the prevalence of that selfish spirit, which so often prevents Christians from making the most of the means which they possess. This plan issued in the establishment of the Philendian Society: the active members of which belong principally to Haverhill and Bradford; and whose labours for the education, and especially the religious instruction of destitute and neglected children, have been signally blessed. But for the deep interest which she took in its success, her delight in its increasing prosperity, and the ardour with which she pleaded in its behalf, we must refer to the ample evidence furnished by her Journal and Correspondence.

Such being her spirit, it was impossible that she could be indifferent to the extension of the kingdom of ('hrist, whether at home or abroad. To hear of the revival of religion in any quarter of the globe, was to her as life from the dead, and in helping it forward, she employed every means in her power. With what delightful emotions, then, did she hear

from time to time, of the evident awaking to serious enquiry, and the subsequent hopeful conversion, of very considerable numbers of thoughtless sinners at various places around her: at Manchester and Salem, in the State of Massachusets in 1809 and 1810; at Bradford in 1812; and at Bristol, Rhode Island, and Franciston, New Hampshire, the same year. Over such accounts she wept with gratitude and joy. For the converts she felt unutterable love. That their convictions might be permanent and saving, that the world might not re-entangle them in its snares, nor their declension and inconsistencies give occasion to the enemy to speak reproachfully of the glorious cause, was the subject of her importunate, and more than daily prayers.

How fervently also did she long and pray that Beverly, where chiefly she at that time appears to have resided, might become the scene of a similar outpouring of the Divine Spirit. No language, accordingly, could suitably express her feelings, when in the end of 1813, and the beginning of 1814, this high object of her longing and supplications was actually realized. She was then more than ever alive to the spiritual interests of her impressed and inquiring acquaintance, assiduously and tenderly labouring to instruct, and comfort, and direct them. With some she frequently conversed; to others she faithfully and affectionately wrote; and over them all she watched and prayed, " travailing as in birth that Christ might be formed within them, the hope of glory." As one among other means of promoting this end, after much serious deliberation, and not without many difficulties arising from her own na tural diffidence, as well as from the delicacy of the measure itself, she established a weekly female meeting for christian fellowship, reading the scriptures, religious conversation, and prayer. Though the first meeting of the Society was attended by only five individuals, the number rapidly increased, and it has been the instrument of accomplishing, in no small degree, the interesting design of its youthful founder, the building up of the church of Christ in the place where her sun was so soon to set.

On the interest she took in the cause of Missions. it is unnecessary to enlarge. A mind like hers, glowing with the purest christian philanthropy, could not but contemplate, with deep commisseration, the perishing condition of the unenlightened nations, or hear of the exertions that were making for their conversion, without assisting them to the utmost of her power. Her solicitude on this subject received a peculiar impulse from the spirit, conversation, and correspondence of Miss Atwood. with whom her endeared and profitable intimacy has been already noticed. From the moment, in particular, that this her most beloved companion and friend on earth, resolved to devote herself to missionary service by becoming the chosen partner of Mr Newell, Miss Woodbury's interest in the cause acquired a degree of tenderness and strength seldom possessed. Much as she at length felt the pain of perpetual separation on this side the grave, from so precious a confident of her inmost feelings, she rejoiced, at the same time, that one so dear to her should be so highly honoured in the vineyard of the Lord, and that her loss would be an invaluable gain to thousands, who had more need of such s friend. After this too she appears to have almost uniformly connected the subject of missions with the idea of Mrs Newell. Whenever she read or heard of Missionaries, whether in her own country, in Asia, Africa, or the South Seas, the thought of her Harriet was instantly suggested; while, whatever brought Mrs Newell to her recollection, as instantly suggested the subject of missions. Her adent affection as a friend, and her deep solicitude, as a Christian, for the universal diffusion of the gospel, thus mutually confirmed and strengthened each other; mingling their influence with a delicacy and force, which gave a peculiar character of personality to both.

The nearer she drew towards the close of her pilgrimage, the more did her spirituality of mind, and devotedness to the cause of religion, not only increase, but become evident to all with whom she was intimate. To think, and speak, and write, and act, with eternity constantly in her eye, was the object at which she manifestly aimed. It really seemed that the world was dead to her, and she to the world. One of her correspondents, accordingly, who, during the last two years of her life, was with her more or less every week, could say, that all that passed between them, in the whole of that time, which was not of a religious tendency, might have been communicated in a single hour. At no period, indeed, had she any relish for the vain and frivolous conversation, which is too often to be found in convivial parties, among even real as well as nominal Christians: and she used often to lament that much precious time was, in this way, so improperly quandered by many of whom better things might expected. It was remarked, also, by those with whom she met for social prayer, that she gradually became more fervent in her addresses to the throne of grace. To them she appeared as if already an inhabitant of the heavenly world. Long, long, will that little circle remember her. Long will they mourn, that they will hear her voice no more;—no more witness her fervour in prayer;—no more hear her plead for sinners.

Yet, so far was she herself from being conscious of such rapid advancement in the divine life, that she felt still as if she had been only beginning it; her humility growing with her other graces, and twining around them all. Of this we have a striking proof in the diffidence with which, only about four months before her death, she shrunk at the idea of complying with a most importunate request urged on her by the most weighty and conclusive arguments, that she would occasionally write for the Panoplist, an excellent and useful Religious Magazine, published monthly at Boston. At length she consented, and with regard to it entered this interesting statement in her Journal:-- "Can I be useless in this critical moment, when the world is in tremendous agitation, and all intelligent beings are engaged for or against that kingdom which shall pre vail: O can I be a solitary neutral? No! it mus not be. I must be useful in some way. I have de voted my pen to the Lord; and if he has any thing for me to do by writing, he will assist. O may be enabled to consecrate to Him my every talent and in his blessed service improve them all witl fidelity and success. Human applause is less the nothing." She lived however, to complete only t papers; the one "On Christian Usefulness;" and other "An Address to Christians on the Importance of Time and Eternity;" both of which are published, for the first time in this country, at the close of the subsequent volume. The former discovers much discrimination and good sense, as well as genuine zeal; and we shall be surprised if the latter is read, without producing the strongest conviction of the superior talents, no less than the rervid piety of the writer. It is like the voice of one just on the wing for eternity, calling on those whom she was about to leave for ever on this side the grave, habitually to live for that eternity into which they must ere long follow her.

The solemn event which she had often anticipated at length arrived. About the middle of October' 1814, she was seized with an inflammation in the brain, which baffled every effort of medical skill, and which she bore with heavenly fortitude and resignation, till Tuesday the 15th of November, when she entered into the joys of her Father's house a-During the whole of her painful sickness. she delightfully exemplified the reality of that faith, and patience, and good hope, which a personal and cordial reliance on the righteousness and grace of the Saviour alone can inspire. The last aspirations. uttered in her Journal, were heard and fulfilled: "O my Redeemer, be thou my Sun to illumine my path though this benighted world, and to gild the lonely vale of death with some heavenly ray. Let thy precious blood be efficaciously applied to my polluted soul, that it may be a fit temple for thee. Come, my Saviour, remove this interposing veil, and

Come, my Saviour, remove this interposing veil, and disclose to me those boundless charms of thine, which inflame the bosom of the most exalted serap

with extacy, and tune his heart to celebrate thy praise." Nor did she leave the world without a last attempt of affection to press on her parents, her relations, and her Christian correspondents and friends, the inestimable preciousness of Christ and salvation. About a week before her death, feeling her dissolution rapidly approaching, but incapable of the exertion which the awfully solemn and interesting circumstances would have required to enable her to speak to them personally, she dictated the subjoined valedictory addresses, to be read by them after her remains should be laid in the dust. To her, death was no

BEVERLY, Nov 1814.

44 When you hear my expiring groans, when you survey my worthless remains, when you follow me in mournful silence to my long home, O think of your mortality, and prepare for death. And when, in some more distant day, you shed an affectionate tear upon the white marble that rises over my dust, O remember you must lie by my side, and look up to Heaven and beg for grace to prepare to join the blessed. I beg of you to forgive me the millions of times I have wounded your hearts; entomb my follies with me, and my virtues (if I have any) treasure in your hearts. I thank you for all your kindnesses to me, and in return I beg the best of Heaven's blessings to rest on your souls. O think how uncertain is life, and how certain is death; and do, O do be ready for the coming of your Lord. My dear, dear friends, do not rest without grace in your hearts. Do exert yourselves in every way for the promotion of the religion of Christ, and the advancement of that glorious kingdom which shall flourish in peace and righteousness. O that I could tell you what it is to die, and go into eternity. O that I could tell you of the everlasting worth of the soul, and the amazing importance of having Jesus for a friend.

My dear, dear friends, to Jesus I commit my departing spirit, and I pray that you may be his in life and in death. A tender and an affectionate farewell. O may we meet in that world where

My Father, my Mother, my Brothers, and Sisters dear,

surprise. She had often looked forward to it; and she was ready when it came,—ready, without casting "one lingering look behind," to take her flight from the scenes of time, to mingle with "the spi-

tears and sickness, and sorrows and sins, are known no more. My dying love rests with you all; and O may the love of Jesus possess your hearts, and dictate hereafter in mansions of glory, songs of endless praise to God and the Lamb. O do let me exhort you to leave this worthless world behind, and live as becomes heirs of immortality. Friends of my heart, I bid you farewell.

My dear, dear Betsy,—When those I love visit you, take them to the place where Fanny moulders; and as you pass around my grassy hillock, listen to the voice that calls loudly from thence, "Watch and pray, and be ye also ready." Talk of the affections which have bound our souls together, talk of death, of judgment, and eternity, and depart laden with wisdom. Do all your hands find to do, and do it as for eternity.

To my dear Correspondents.—The pen has dropped from my hand; but the love I bear you dwells in my heart, and may it survive the shock of death, and be consummated in the regions of light. My parting message to you is, live as strangers and pilgrims here; live devoted to the service of God; and exert every power and faculty to honour your divine Redeemer. Let the small pledge[®] of affection which may be given you, be a memento of the dying love of your affectionate Fanny.

To my beloved Companions at ______ I have heretofore constantly met with you, knelt by your sides, and implored the blessings of Heaven. Those moments, so sweet and so dear, are gone to return no more. As often as that dear evening shall return, let your attendance there evince that you love the place where prayer is wont to be made. Let the thought that I meet with you no more, stimulate you to redoubled diligence, to ardent prayer, and to active exertions for the continuance of those meetings. Let me

^{*} Possessing a little library of about 40 volumes, she directed that one of them should be given to each of her correspondents.

rits of the just made perfect," and to engage in those pure delights of celestial communion, and angelic service, for which she was so constantly longing

exhort you never to forsake the assembling of yourselves topther; and let your hearts be united by the most endearing the Farewell, my dear sisters: May we soon meet in the place what praise, not prayer, shall flow from every heart. I commend you to God and the word of his grace. May he from time to that bless you with an abundant spirit of prayer, and answer your potitions in copious benedictions on your own dear souls, on the church of Christ, and a perishing world. Peace be to you, so dear sisters; a peace ineffably sweet, such as our dear Jesus give bis humble disciples, and such as shall ripen in the glories of Heaven.

To all my dear Friends.—Beware of earth; live above all tweestrial things; and live as though you possessed immortal souls. O think how soon the days of your mortal life will be over, and an eternity of retribution be your portion. O remember the last counsel you can ever receive from me; and so number your days as to apply your hearts unto wisdom. Let the remembrance of our friendship be dear to your hearts, and O be sure that you gain an interest in the sinner's Friend, who will never leave not forsake those who put their trust in him. We soon shall mest again. O may it be in yonder world of light, that celestial paradise which Jesus purchased with his expiring breath. The Lord bless you all with blessings for time, and with blessings that shall run parallel with the ages of eternity. An affectionate adieu.

To the Church, with whom I have so often met, and sat around the table of our dear Redeemer,—my best, last wishes, and dying love are to you. It has grieved me that there has been so much formality, so much lukewarmness among us. O I beg that you would seek to exhibit more the power of religion in your lives and conversation. Do adorn the doctrine of your Saviour better than your unworthy sister has; and let my death be sanctified to all your hearts. Do strive for the faith of the Gospel, for the resettlement of a faithful minister among you, who shall break to you the bread of life, and be instrumental in leading you one-

while yet in this land of imperfection and mortality. As to her "to live was Christ," so to her "to lie was gain."

And now, while we trace her short but glorious career, through the wilderness of life, and muse on the precious legacy which is bequeathed to us in her character and writings, if we are disposed to heave a sigh, and drop a tear, it must not be for her, but for ourselves,—who have still to struggle with the sins of our heart, and the temptations of the world,—who may have much to do before we reach the height of her attainments, limited as was the period given her to acquire them,—who, perhaps, have yet to begin that warfare which she has already accomplished, -or who may even be engaged in the vain and hopeless pursuit of happiness from "the things that are under the sun" O that her voice might be heard, as from the grave, speaking to the conscience, as it will do to the affections, of

ward to Heaven. My seat is now to be vacated: O pray that it may seen be occupied by one who shall be more faithful in good works, more holy and more heavenly-minded than I have ever been. Do live as bretaren; be earnest for each other's spiritual good, and tender to each other's infirmities, and live answerably to your high and holy profession. Wherein I have erred, and gone astray, be so kind as to forgive me, and avoid my follies. Receive this affectionate advice in love, as the last expression of my ardent and sisterly friendship; and may we all be prepared to join the Church triumphant, and sing with endless rapture the song of Moses and the Lamb. Farewell, my dear Friends, my Brothers and Sisters dear; the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ make you faithful in every good word; strengthen, establish, and comfort you, and make you meet for the inheritance of the saints in light. My ardent love abides with you; and now I bid you—Farewell.

all who read this volume; telling them,—whetl they be in the spring of youth, the summer of maked, the autumn of declining life, or the win of old age,—that the period to each of them we soon arrive, when nothing will comfort, and soot and sustain their spirits, trembling on the verge an eternal world, but the faith and the hope in which she lived and died, and of which she is now enjoing the uncreated substance, and the unming fruition, in the regions of eternal purity and love the Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from their labours, and their works do follow them.

MEMOIRS AND WRITINGS

07

MISS FANNY WOODBURY.

LETTER TO MISS E. A. OF BEVERLY.

Beverly, Sept. 21, 1806.

It was with peculiar pleasure I received your edifying epistle, my dear Miss A. and with similar sensations I resume my pen to answer it. Though I am sensible I shall not write with accuracy or coherence, yet I will not consume a page in apology.

How vain, how transitory, are all the enjoyments of time and sense! They can never satisfy the desires of our immortal minds. Real felicity they cannot impart. Let us then look upon them with a noble indifference; and as they must one day appear unworthy the attention of immortal beings, what folly, what madness, to seek for permanent and solid happiness here! We have immortal souls that must exist for ever in consummate felicity, or endless misery. We are hastening to eternity, and must soon appear before the tribunal of Christ, to render a strict and impartial account of the deeds done in the body; and can we then devote our time and attention to the pursuit of terrestrial pleasures! Young gives us a very excellent caution:

- 46 Beware what earth calls happiness; beware
- 44 All joys, but joys that never can expire."

We are probationers for eternity. We are forming characters, and performing actions, for a never-ending state of

existence. Time is short. Months and years fly away with velocity, never, never to return.

O let it be our concern to improve every moment for our present and eternal good! May we devote our remaining days to God, and sit under the shadow of the Redeemer with great delight. He is the Rose of Sharon, and the Lily of the vallies; the chiefest among ten thousands, and altogether lovely. O that I could say without a doubt, "My Beloved is mine, and I am his!" God grant we may not deceive ourselves; but be advocates for his holy religion, till our latest breath.

May Heaven bless you temporally and spiritually. At the throne of Almighty grace, plead for your unworthy friend, &c.

JOURNAL, 1807.

Sept. 6. Sabbath Day. Attended church, and heard the sublime doctrines of the gospel declared by a minister from Gloucester. O what a mercy is it that I can sometimes hear! O may I practise the daties enjoined; and not be like the stony ground hearers, who receive the word with joy, but having no root, they endure but for a time, and when troubles arise fall away. But may I follow my Lord joyfully even unto death. May I glorify him here on earth. O Lord, deliver me from the thousands of temptations that beset me at every step! O leave me not to my own wicked heart; but enable me to put my trust in thee alone!

Sept. 10. This day I am sixteen years old. O to what little purpose have I lived so many years! For what was I made, but to serve and glorify God? And yet what have I done, but rebel against him? How justly might he now consign me over to the gloomy regions of sorrow and despair, where the least glimpse of hope can never, never come! Surely he is good, and

his mercy endures for ever; else I had long ago been in hell, reaping the reward of my doings. Bless the Lord, O my soul; and all that is within me, bless his holy name! O let me never forget this kind, this gracious God!

The year past has been the most distinguished year of my life. My mind has been very seriously impressed with the truth and importance of religion, and I trust has embraced it. O that this year may place me in the Paradise of my God, to go no more out for ever; there to sit and sing the song of redeeming love through a never ending eternity! When shall I be with my God, never to leave or grieve him more? O thou Searcher of hearts, and Trier of reins, wilt thou protect and bless me this year? O prepare me for all the trying scenes of life! However long or short my life may be, it makes no difference with me, if every moment be well improved.

Sept. 11. Went to Mr D.'s and conversed with him some time. He gave me such advice as I never had before. O may I improve it to my everlasting good! O how sweet were his words; but how few of them can this treacherous memory retain! They ought to be engraven on my heart, never to be forgotten. May he live long to be a blessing to this wicked generation; and when death shall summon him to bid adieu to earthly things, may he enter the regions of endless bliss.

Sept. 13. Felt very serious and solemn to-day. I view religion of more importance than ever. O, I wonder how a person can live unmindful of Christ, and his dying love! O how wretched, how inconceivably wretched must that person be, who places all his happiness in this sinful world! O what must be his feelings in the near view of death and eternity.

Sept. How I long for the conversion of my youthful companions! O could they realize their awful situation

without an interest in the great Redeemer, they certain could not rest easy! But alas! they appear very indifferent with regard to eternal things.

Was propounded for admission into the church by Mr D. of Marblehead. This night I made the solemn dedication of myself to God in writing.

Sept. 15. Felt very unwell. Sickness is as pleasant as health, if I can but enjoy a holy God. O for perfect conformity to him!

Sept. 17. Attended the funeral of Mr W. D.'s daughter. Heard an excellent prayer; but alss! I have reason to lament that it makes no more impression upon my hard heart. O that all who attended may be prepared for their ewn latter end!

In the course of the correspondence which Miss W. at this time carried on with Miss Atwoop, she appears to have stated the impressions which she had felt on two affecting occasions referred to in the Journal, viz. Miss D.'s death, and her own admission, for the first time, to the ordinance of the Lord's Supper. Her letters on these occasions have not been preserved. The three following Letters from Miss Atwoop, appear to have been written in answer to them, and are therefore inserted.

FROM MISS H. ATWOOD TO MISS WOODBURY.

Bradford Academy, Sept. 1807.

How solemn, my dear Miss W. is the idea, that we must soon part! Solemn as it is, yet what is it, when compared with parting at the bar of God, and being separated through all eternity! Religion is worth our attention; and every moment of our lives ought to be devoted to its concerns. Time is short, but eternity is long;

This was in the words of Doddridge. See Rise and Progress, chapter 17.

and when we have once plunged into that fathomless abyss, our situation will never be altered. If we have served God here, and prepared for death, glorious will be our reward hereafter. But if we have not, and have hardened our hearts against the Lord, our day of grace will be past, and our souls irrecoverably lost. Oh then, let us press forward, and seek and serve the Lord here, that we may enjoy him hereafter. Favour me with frequent visits while we are together, and when we part, let epistolary visits be constant. Adieu. Yours, &c.

FROM MISS H. ATWOOD.

Bradford Academy, Sept. 1807.

As we are candidates for eternity, how careful ought we to be that religion be our principal concern. Perhaps this night our souls may be required of us—we may end our existence here, and enter the eternal world. Arc we prepared to meet our Judge? Do we depend upon Christ's righteousness for acceptance? Are we convinced of our own sinfulness, and inability to help ourselves? Is Christ's love esteemed more by us than the friendship of this world? Do we feel willing to take up our cross daily and follow Jesus? These questions, my dear Miss W. are important; and if we can answer them in the affirmative, we are prepared for God to require our souls of us when he pleases.

May the Spirit guide you, and an interest in the Saviour be given you! Adieu.

Wednesday Afternoon, 3 o'clock.

FROM HARRIET ATWOOD, TO MISS WOODBURY.

Haverhill, Oct. 1807.

Once more, my dear Miss W. I take my pen and attempt writing a few lines to you. Shall religion be m

theme? What other subject can I choose, that will be of any importance to our immortal souls? How little do we realize that we are probationers for eternity? We have entered upon an existence that will never end; and in the future world shall either enjoy happiness unspeakably great, or suffer misery in the extreme, to all eternity. We have every inducement to awake from the sleep of death, and to engage in the cause of Christ. time of awful declension, God calls loudly upon us to enlist under his banners, and promote his glory in a sinful, stupid world. If we are brought from a state of darkness into God's marvellous light, and are turned from Satan to the Redeemer, how thankful ought we to be! Thousands of our age are at this present period going on in thoughtless security; and why are we not left? It is of God's infinite mercy and free unbounded grace. Can we not with our whole hearts bow before the King of kings, and say, " Not unto us, not unto us, but to thy name be all the glory?" Oh, my dear Miss W. why are our affections placed one moment upon this world, when the great things of religion are of such vast importance? Oh that God would rend his heavens and come down, and awaken our stupid, drowsy senses. What great reason have I to complain of my awfully stubborn will, and mourn my unworthy treatment of the Son of God? Thou alone, dear Jesus, canst soften the heart of stone, and bow the will to thy holy sceptre. Display thy power in our hearts, and make us fit subjects for thy kingdom above.

How happy did I feel when I read your affectionate epistle; and that happiness was doubly increased, when you observed, that you should, on the Sabbath succeeding, be engaged in the most solemn transaction of giving yourself to God publicly in an everlasting covenant

My sincere desire and earnest prayer at the throne of grace shall ever be, that you may adorn the profession which you have made, and become an advocate for the religion of Jesus.

Let us obey the solemn admonitions we daily receive, and prepare to meet our God. May the glorious and blessed Redeemer, who can reconcile rebellious mortals to himself, make us both holy, that we may be happy. Write soon and often. I am yours affectionately, &c.

Sept. 19. Communion with God! O how sweet and desirable! The high and lofty One, who inhabits eternity, condescends to hear our prayers. How ought I to spend my days, since all the grace I need to do his will, Jesus is ready to bestow. He says, "Ask, and ye shall receive." I need only to repair to him, tell my wants, and ask wisdom, and he will give me that pearl of great price, which is of more value than all the riches of this world.

The past week one of my fellow mortals was consigned to her kindred dust. She was called home in the morning of life, before she was capable of knowing good from evil. O may this afflictive event be sanctified to the mourning relatives! While the youthful parents ponder in silent grief over their early bereavement, O may they learn to apply their hearts unto wisdom, and justify God! May it teach me also, and my young companions, the frailty of life and the certainty of death. O may it cause them seriously to meditate on death and eternity. They have often been reminded of these solemn things; but alas! I fear with no good effect. O that this may prove an effectual warning!—Gracious God! imprint it on their memories, that they too must die; and make them willing in the day of thy power.

Sept. 21. O the worth of an immortal soul! It will

continue to exist when time is swallowed up in eternity. This surely should be the theme of constant reflection. In all our worldly concerns, we should keep eternity in view. Then would the amusements of this world become insipid, and religion appear of all things the most important.

Sept. 24. Attended a lecture, but alas! could not hem O ye dear children of God, who can hear sermon after sermon, may you make a wise improvement of all these advantages, while it is in your power! Come, O my soul, bow in holy submission to the will of God! Let not a repining thought arise in this heart. Let not a word flow from these lips, which indicates discontentment with the allotments of Providence.

Sept. 26. Saturday. Visited Mr, D——. O thou who art perfectly acquainted with the inmost recesses of my heart! O, I beseech thee, if I am deceived, to make known to me the deception! O may my affections, desires, and hopes, centre in Christ! May I build upon this sure Foundation for time and eternity! O thou blessed Jesus! condescend to visit me early with thy mercy, that I may be glad and rejoice all my days. O be thou the guide of my youth, the strength of my riper years, and my everlasting portion, and I am satisfied.

Alas! I intended to devote the greater part of this night to prayer; but feel so unwell and so drowsy, that I fear I shall hold out but a short time. O gracious God! fit me for the solemn duties before me; divest my mind of every worldly thought, and fit me to partake of the sacramental bread and wine. Blessed Saviour, condescend to grant my request. O be with me in to-morrow's solemn transaction.

Sept. 27. Sabbath eve. This day I publicly gave myself to God, and was permitted to commemorate my Saviour's dying love. O what a wonder that I, the mo worthy of mortals, should be brought to the marriageipper of the Lamb!

A most excellent sermon was preached from these ords, "I love them that love me; and those that seek e early shall find me." Much was said to the youth,

I have now made a profession of the Christian relion, and given myself up to God in my youthful years. trust I shall ever find satisfaction in what I have one. I have done it in the vigour of health, in the prime f my age. I choose to take up the cross, and daily to folw the blessed Jesus, rather than indulge myself in youthil pleasures. Indeed I have not the least wish for the ain amusements of life. Religion only is capable of iving that happiness which will remain, when every arthly comfort fails. If we are destitute of this, we are estitute of every thing which can render us truly amible in life, and happy through death and eternity.

Oct. 3. I find I am easily susceptible of that hateful, hat detestible sin, anger. Though I abhor it, yet it still emains in this depraved heart. O for a complete victory! To-morrow is the blessed day. I always long for the eturn of the Sabbath. Though it is seldom I hear the reached word, I love to join with the dear saints in torshipping God.

Oct. 5. Again visited the house of mourning. O how ist we drop into the silent grave! Relentless death matches the parent from the children, and the children rom the parent. Lord sanctify this bereavement to suriving relatives and friends. O give them those heaven/ joys, which far surpass all earthly comforts. May be so consider their latter end, as to apply their hearts nto wisdom. Lord enable the parents to bring up their maining children in the nurture and admonition of the ord. And may they have grace to flee all youthful anities, and remember their Creator in their early days.

O may their tender minds be impressed with the imporance of religion. May they aspire after durable enjoyments, even those which are never-fading. Lord prepare them for an early or later death, and at last receive thes into the mansions of bliss, which thou hast prepared for all those who love and serve thee. O may the companions of the deceased take this into serious consideration, and prepare for death, judgment, and eternity.

Nov. 1. Sabbath. O how can I express my thanks the lovely Saviour for instituting this sacred day ! I went almost entirely stupid to the house of God; to there those feelings were revived that had lain so long dormant. O thanks, thanks be to the great Redeems. who was made a curse for us, who has suffered in ou stead, to purchase for us eternal salvation, which is free for the vilest of sinners! How ought I to mourn my wgrateful treatment of the Son of God! How often have I wounded and grieved him! Dear Jesus, O forgive me! Pardon my aggravated transgressions, and receive me into thy favour, which I esteem more than all the glories of this transitory world. O give me strength in time to come that I may be more engaged to promote thy glory in a stupid world! O make me a sanctified vessel, though of the meanest use!

Nov. 2. To-morrow, by divine leave, I expect to go to Bradford with my sister. May God bless the visit. 0 may my conversation be such as becometh the gospel of Christ.

Nov. 4. Yesterday my sister and I rode to my beloved Bradford. This afternoon returned with the amiable and pious N. H.

By hearing good conversation, my feelings are somewhat revived. When I left home, I was almost entirely stupid. O how shameful for me to be stupid, when I have always so much to awaken me! O how little do

re the most glorious and most excellent of beings, if I e at all! O what an ungrateful, stupid heart is mine! Nov. 14. Saturday Eve. With another Sabbath in w I resume my pen. I have been informed that P. wishes to join the church. Mr D. says she gives safactory evidence of a change of heart. O may she be sincere advocate for the religion of Jesus! How beaud to see the youth openly professing the name of hrist! How pleasing to every benevolent mind to see em forsaking the vanities of this ungodly world, and voting their early days to the service of the great Remer. O what vast encouragement is given to youth seek God in the morning of life. This is certainly the set favourable season for becoming religious.

[Miss Woodbury having wrote to Miss Atwood about this time, very probably mentioning the above circumstance of their young acquaintance, Miss P. W. applying for admittance to Church fellowship, Miss A. appears to have sent the following auswer.]

FROM HARRIET ATWOOD, TO MISS WOODBURY.

Haverhill, Dec. 2, 1807.

Most sincerely do I thank you, my dear Miss W. for your kind and affectionate epistle, which you last favoured me with. Are religion and the concerns of futurity will the object of your attention? New scenes daily open to us, and there is the greatest reason to fear, that some of us will fall short at last of an interest in Jesus Christ. A few more rising and setting suns, and we shall be called to give an account to our final Judge, of the manner n which we have improved our probationary state; then, then, the religion which we profess,—will it stand the est? Oh, let us, with the greatest care, examine ourselves, and see if our religion will cover us from the storms of the wrath;—whether our chief desire is to glorify

God, to honour his cause, and to become entirely devote to him. What a word is ETERNITY! Let us reflect up on it; although we cannot penetrate into its unsearchable depths; yet, perhaps, it may have an impressive weigh upon our minds, and lead us to a constant preparation at that hour, when we shall enter the confines of that state and be either happy or miserable through an endless devation.

Last evening I attended a conference at Mr H.'s. 1 B. addressed us from these words, "I pray thee have! "excused." His design was to shew what excuses t unconverted person will make for not attending to t calls of religion. It was the most solemn conference ever heard. Oh! my friend, of what infinite importan is it, that we be faithful in the cause of our Master, at use all our endeavours to glorify him, the short space time we have to live on earth. Oh! may we so live that when we are called to enter the eternal world, w may with satisfaction give up our accounts, and go when we can behold the King in his glory. We have ever thing to engage us in the concerns of our immortal souls If we will but accept of Christ Jesus as he is freely offere to us in the gospel, committing ourselves unreserved into his hands, all will be ours; life and death, thing present and things to come. We should desire to be he ly as God is holy. And in some degree we must be he ly, even as he is, or we never can enter that holy habits tion where Jesus dwells.

Oh! my dear Miss W. I cannot but hope that you ar now engaged for Christ, and are determined not to k this world any longer engross your attention. Be constant in prayer. Pray that your friend Harriet may n longer be so stupid and inattentive to the great concern of religion. Pray that she may be aroused from this k thargic state, and attend to Christ's call. With rely

tance I bid you adieu, my dear Miss W. Do favour me with a long epistle; tell me your feelings; how you view the character of God in the atonement for sinners. May we have a part in that purchase! Remember your friend.

JOURNAL, 1808.

Jan. 16. I am resolved by divine assistance to spend my time in a better manner, and to redeem more of it from sleep, from vain conversation, and from other things which have hitherto engaged my attention. I intend to spend more time in retirement—in communing with my heart, and with my God. Let my conversation be in heaven. I will read and meditate more and oftener, if possible, upon divine things. O Lord, assist me in putting my resolutions into practice. Preserve me from embracing any thing that may dishonour thy cause, or injure my immortal soul.

[Miss Atwood having received a letter from Miss Woodburk on the consolations of the godly on the approach of death, writes as follows.]

FROM HARRIET ATWOOD, TO MISS F. WOODBURY.

Haverhill, Feb. 13, 1808.

ACCEPT, my dear Miss W. my sincere thanks for your last epistle. Your ideas of the necessity of religion in the last extremity of expiring nature, perfectly coincide with mine. Yes, although we may reject the Saviour, and become engaged in the concerns of this vain and wicked world; although while in youth and health we may live as though this world were our home; yet, when the hour of dissolution shall draw near, when eternity shall be unfolded to our view, what at that trying moment will be our consolation, but an assurance of pardoned guilt, and an interest in the merits of Christ the Redeemer? We are now probationers for a never-ending state of

existence, and are forming characters, upon which or future happiness or misery depends. Oh, if we coul only have a sense of these all important considerations!—How criminally stupid are we, when we know that the are eternal realities! Why are we not alive to God as our duty, and dead to sin? This world is a state of tria a vale of tears, it is not our home. But an eternity happiness or woe hangs on this inch of time. Soon wour state be unalterably fixed. Oh, let this solemn a sideration have its proper weight on our minds, and us now be wise for eternity.

How little are we engaged to promote the interests religion! At this day, when the love of many waxe cold, and iniquity increaseth, how ought every faculty our souls to be alive to God.

Do write often, and perhaps the blessing of an all-w God may attend your epistles. In your earnest supportations at the throne of Almighty grace, remember your affectionate, though unworthy friend.

April 21. Next Sabbath I am to commemorate of dying love of my Redeemer. But is he mine? An united to him by a living, operative faith? Am I will to forsake every thing for him? Do I love him? Do hate sin, not only considered in its destructive tenden but as the murderer of my Saviour? Blessed Jesus, I thine? Do I love thee above every thing else? I thi I do. O for a more firm trust in him, and more is mate communion with him! What means all this bawardness, dulness, and stupidity? Are these consist with a state of grace? Shew me, dear Lord, O discort one my situation. Let me not be deceived.

[The following Letter from Miss Arwood, was wrote only a few days before the death of her Father.]

FROM MISS HARRIET ATWOOD, TO MISS WOODBURY.

Haverhill, April 30, 1808.

This morning, my beloved Miss W. your kind epistle was handed me, in which you express a wish, that it might find me engaged in the cause of God. Oh that your wish could be gratified! But let me tell you, I am still the same careless, inattentive creature.—What in this world can we find capable of satisfying the desires of our immortal souls? Not one of the endowments which are derived from any thing short of God, will avail us in the solemn and important hour of death. All the vanities which the world terms accomplishments, will then appear of little value. Yes, my beloved companion, in that moment we shall find that nothing will suffice to hide the real nakedness of the natural mind, but the furnished robe, in which the child of God shines with purest lustre-the Saviour's righteousness. Oh! that we might, by the assistance of God, deck our souls with the allperfect rule! Our souls are of infinite importance, and an eternity of misery, " where the worm dieth not, and the fire is not quenched," awaits us, if we do not attend to their concerns. I should be happy, my amiable friend, in visiting you this spring; but with reluctance I must decline your generous offer. A dear and beloved parent is in a declining state of health, and we fear, if indulgent heaven do not interpose, and stop the course of his sickness, death will deprive us of his society, and the grave open to receive him. O that his life might be spared, and his health once more established to cheer his family and friends! But in all these afflictive dispensations of God's providence, may it ever be my prayer, " Not my " will, O Lord! but thine be done."

I do not expect to attend Bradford Academy this summer. We shall have a school in Haverhill, which, with my parents' consent, I expect to attend. Do visit me this spring, my dear Miss W.; your letters are always received with pleasure. My best wishes for your present and eternal happiness attend you. I am yours, &c.

May 10. Harriet's father is dead. This dear, this amiable girl has followed to the gloomy grave her beloved parent. O that God, the almighty God, would comfort and support her under all her trials?

[Letter from Miss Arwood to Miss Woodbury, wrote immediately after the death of Miss Arwood's Father.]

FROM MISS HARRIET ATWOOD.

Haverhill, May 24, 1808.

In the late trying and afflictive scenes of God's providence, which I have been called to pass through, I have flattered myself, that the tenderest sympathy has been awakened in the heart of my beloved Fanny. Oh my companion! this is a scene peculiarly trying to me. How much do my circumstances require every divine consolation and direction, to make this death a salutary warning to me! The guardian of my tender years, he who, under God, has been made an instrument in giving me existence; my father, my nearest earthly friend, where is he? The cold clods of the valley cover him, and the worms feed upon his cold and lifeless body. Can it be that I am left fatherless? Heart-rending reflection! Oh my dear, dear Miss W. may you never be left to mourn the loss which I now experience! Oh that your parents may be spared to you, and you ever honour them, and be a blessing to them, even in their declining years.

Glance a thought on nine fatherless children, and a widowed and afflicted mother. But if we are fatherless

Oh may we never be friendless! May he who has promised to be the Father of the fatherless, and the widow's God, enable us to rely upon him, and receive grace to help in this time of need; and although the present affiction is not joyous but grievous, oh that it may be instrumental in working out a far more exceeding and etamal weight of glory!

Do come and see me.—I long once more to embrace my friend, and to tell her what I owe her for all her favours. Adieu, my beloved Miss W.; receive this as a token of renewed affection from your, &c.

May 15. Eliza, my dear sister, is very sick. A few hours, and her state will be fixed. I must follow to the grave another sister, a dear, dear child. I have no hope of her life. That dear, that sprightly child must find a mansion in the tomb. No longer shall these ears hear her charming voice; nor these arms fold her to my longing bosom. For some time she has been speechless. Dear, dear child, how much you suffer! O that the Almighty God would make her the subject of renewing grace! O Lord, fit her to inhabit the regions of bliss. O give me strength to bear all the trials which await me, without one repining word, or murmuring thought. Let me ever say, "Not my will, but thine be done."

May 16. Eliza is gone—my dear, my lovely sister. She has passed the vale of death, and is now, I trust, in glory. I was with her in her last moments, watched her dying pillow, and saw her expire. It was my earnest prayer that she might depart in peace, and it was a comfort to me, that she died like a lamb. Lord, let this affliction be sanctified to the family! O fit me for my latter end, which I view to be near! Let my last hour be as transquil and peaceful as hers.

June 25. Time flies away, and I do nothing for God. It seems to me I am as vile a being as ever inhabited

this guilty world. All is mixed with sin. Every thing appears hateful on the review, and ought to be repented of. Alas, alas! woe is me! I am unclean. Sinful, vile wretch! Is God holy? How then can he bear with a worm, who deserves hell every day! O it is mercy, it is all mercy! Be thankful, O my soul, and bless his holy name.

Sept. 10. This day I am 17 years old. I do not expect to see 17 years more; nor do I wish so, unless I can be useful. I can hardly reconcile myself to the idea of a long life. So sluggish, so stupid, so careless have I been, that if the future should be spent in such a manner, alas! my soul shrinks at the idea. O Lord, fit me for death.

Sept. 24. Felt some freedom in approaching to God. O the felicity of one moment's communion with God! If it is so sweet to draw nigh to him here, O what will it be to see him face to face in heaven? Can I, O can I live without him! If I love any thing more than God, I do not love him at all. Let me then look into my heart. Is there any one thing I prize more than God? I think I can say I see the vanity of this world, and find it can afford me no solid satisfaction. O why should I live, but to serve and glorify God!

Oct. 29. I have returned from the gay companions with whom I am obliged to associate, glad to retire to my chamber. I have endeavoured to look within, and find I have more reason for doubts and fears than ever. I believe Christians exercise much self-denial; but wherein do I deny myself? There is sometimes a great deal of levity in my manners; and often, after I have indulged it for a moment, I am cut to the heart. Such solemn scenes are before us, that it seems a wonder that any can be gay. I think the Saviour is precious to me, and I know not whom I do love, if I love not him.

Nov. 19. One more week is past, and I am hastening to the silent tomb. I have been apprized of the death of Mrs Emerson. She is gone to be known on earth no more. Shall I not learn to value more that precious Saviour who appeared for her, supported and comforted her in the hour of death? O may I have that religion which was hers, and say in my last moments, as she did, "My Jesus is mine, and I am his!"

Dec. 1. Thanksgiving. This I expect will prove the last anniversary of this kind I shall ever live to see. By the return of another, Fanny's remains may be mouldering under the clods of the valley. No matter how soon. if death fixes me in the embraces of my God and Saviour. "Farewell to sin and sorrow; I bid you all adieu."

LETTER TO MISS N. B. OF BEVERLY.

MY DEAR NANCY.

Without date.

How awful, how dangerous is the situation of the impenitent sinner! He is going on in opposition to a holy God, violating his reasonable commands, rejecting Jesus Christ the Redeemer, and grieving the Holy Spirit. He hangs on the brink of eternal wo, suspended by the slender thread of life. O, if this thread should break, while he continues incorrigible, what must be his portion! Eternal truth shall answer, " Depart from me, ye cursed, into everlasting fire, prepared for the devil and his angels." O Nancy! how dreadful the sentence! What a hell of hells must it be to be separated from God, the only source of happiness! Alas! my heart shrinks from the idea. How can we think of taking up our eternal abode with devils and damned spirits, to join in blaspheming an Almighty God! Is not the thought distressing? Then let us be up and doing, and pressing into the kingdom of heaven.

ř,

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Do you, Nancy, feel happy? Do you think you could be happy in heaven, with the heart you now possess? Heaven is a place of perfect holiness. Now, unless we be holy, vain is the idea of ever being inhabitants of those bleased mansions. Thus saith the Lord, "Be ye holy, for I am holy." Though we lead a moral life, yet if or hearts remain unrenewed, what will it avail? God loss at the heart. He sees our every thought. Even should we deceive ourselves and others, still we cannot deceive him. We are prone to flatter ourselves, and think all is well. Then let us cry with holy David, "Search me, O God, and know my heart; try me and know my thoughts; and see if there be any wicked way in me, and lead me in the way everlasting."

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March 18. Since I last wrote, I have been confined by sickness. I have had the same fever which terminated the earthly existence of my beloved sister Eliza. I viewed myself as near the grave, and soon to enter upon an eternal state. I felt weaned from all earthly enjoyments, and I think entirely resigned to the sovereign will of God, I even felt reluctant to the idea of staying longer in this vain world. My desire was to be holy like God, and for ever to dwell with him. Bat God had determined otherwise. I am spared a while;—raised from a weak and debilitated state to comfortable health. And O that the remainder of my life may be spent in communing and walking with God!

March 31. I am more and more impressed with a sense of the vanity of this deceitful world. To-day my thoughts have been much employed on this theme. What are carnal pleasures to a soul just entering eternity! Can the dying have any relish for vain amusements? A sick, a dying-bed—what is it? To be emaciated with entering

weakness and excruciating pain, without the comforts of religion, without an interest in a bleeding Saviour—what heart can conceive, what pen can delineate, the affecting scene! O let sinners fear and tremble! O my soul, ponder on this weighty subject; and flee for refuge to the benevolent Saviour.

April 5. To-morrow is proclaimed a day of public fasting. O that we as a nation may fast as becometh us! Much, very much, do we need humiliation. May I be active in preparing for the approaching morn. May I mourn for myself and my fellow mortals, deplore our vile ingratitude, and invoke the blessings of injured heaven to rest upon us.

April 6. Evening. This anniversary is gone for ever. What good have I derived? What have been my motives in attending public worship? Did I go to pay homage to Jehovah? or was I influenced by sordid views? Have I applied the sermons to my own heart? Do I grieve for the sins of others, and earnestly pray for their salvation? O let me thoroughly investigate my heart, and search out its latent evils. From that contaminated fountain proceed all sinful actions. O how important the injunction of the wise man, "Keep thy heart with all diligence; for out of it are the issues of life."

April 29. I fear, I greatly fear, my pretences to religion are hypocritical. Is it possible! Can I, O can I be to base, as to profess religion, and my heart remain a stranger to it! I may deceive myself and others, but an omniscient God I can never deceive. O should I be found destitute of genuine religion—a nominal, but not a real Christian—a professor, but not a possessor!—the thought is terror to my mind. O what accumulated iniquity to pretend to serve God, when we are serving Satan! Lord, if I am deceived, suffer me not to retain the deception!

To-morrow, if the Lord will, I shall appear in his sanctuary, and sit at his table. Am I clothed with the wedding garment? O may I be enabled to ascertain my case! Just a glimpse of hope beams on my benighted soul. It is all I have had for some days. Frequently I feel as if I must resign even that, and look on myself at a wretched sinner. Long have I been involved in darkness, Egyptian darkness, occasioned by my inconsistant and unholy life. Even when religion is the subject of conversation, I feel averse to saying any thing. Some thing seems to whisper, "Refrain, base wretch, from talking on that solemn theme: It is not for such hyperites as you." Thus am I harrassed and tortured day and night. Sun of righteousness, illumine my dark so with thy heavenly rays!

May 20. How conspicuous is the goodness of God to the sinful, even to me. Ever since I first received the gift of life, I have experienced his kind care and protection. Many times, when I have been brought to the verge of eternity, he has snatched me from the graw and restored me to health. He has given me many, ver many opportunities, to obtain useful and religious knowledge. Surely goodness and mercy have followed me at the days of my life. O what shall I render unto the Lord for all his benefits conferred on one so vile, a worthless? Though I have had my share of affliction yet I think I can bless God for them, as they were seen in infinite wisdom. O that I may adopt the language of the poet,

- " I praise him for all that is past;
- " I trust him for all that's to come."

May 23. Glory to God for this precious sentence "Behold the Lamb of God, which taketh away the si of the world." Well may it be ushered in with the wor Behold. That precious blood, which was freely shed Calvary, can make us clean and white. O were it

his I must lie down in despair. But blessed be God, is precious balm in Gilead, and a glorious Phyothere. O may it be applied to my diseased soul! e preciousness of Christ! What are perishing worlds, all their vanities, when compared to him? O who I be so foolish, as to slight and neglect the dear Rener!

ay 25. I have attended lecture this afternoon. But now melancholy to enter the house of prayer, the where God's honour dwelleth, and see so few. O a privilege is lost by those who absent themselves the delightful place! There I sat, and could not , when thousands, blessed with hearing, neglect these imable opportunities. A price is put into their ls to get wisdom, but they have no heart for it. essors are cold and dull. Among these I must rank My dear young friends seem engrossed with trifles of a day. No one is solicitous to obtain an rest in the blood of the Lamb. What shall I say e? Alas! how can I dwell on the melancholy theme? lay 27. Saturday eve. O how much have I thought to-morrow! I am apprehensive I shall be dull and sid. Is it possible? Can I as it were sit at the foot he cross, and looking above, see the Lord of glory ring for sinners, and not feel the strongest emotions love, gratitude, and repentance? Surely there is ity in Jesus, sufficient to attract my whole heart. O : he would come and manifest himself to my soul. hat I could fly on the wings of faith and love, to be-I him, and dwell for ever in his embraces. Il it be? O when? How long, ere I shall view him to face?

'une 25. With what peculiar privileges am I indulged?

we this day been to the house of God, and commented the death of Christ. O that I may let my pro-

fiting appear! Lord clothe me with humility. I an astonished that I have so much pride. How desirable i is to be low in the dust, to dwindle into nothing in my own esteem, that Christ may be all in all.

July 23. How many poor and benighted pagans ther are on our globe! Involved in the dark labyrinth t ignorance and error, they know not a Saviour, nor hi dving love. With all their sins about them, they enter the world of spirits, and appear before a holy God. Wh can but commisserate their hapless state, and endeavor to contribute something to meliorate their condition They have souls. Yes, souls the poor Indians have, be saved or lost; to enjoy the favour of God in heaver or sink into the fire that never can be quenched. soul of a heathen is precious as mine. But alas! the sit in darkness and the shadow of death. They neve heard salvation's joyful sound. O mighty God, is cline thy children to pray fervently for them wh know not thee, and to appropriate a part of their wealt to the support of missionaries who are gone to the day corners of the earth to promulgate the gospel. O the their exertions may prove successful in winning man immortal souls to Christ! O how delightful must it l to see those who are immersed in darkness, arisir from the gloom, and lisping the praises of their God ar Redeemer! O my God, have mercy upon them, as teach them the sweet language of Canaan!

O how innumerable are my privileges! Surely the lines are fallen to me in pleasant places; I have a good heritage. O what shall I render unto the Lord for a his benefits to me! Why am I not a wretched heather ignorant of every thing truly good? O the distinguishing love of God!

Aug. 27. I have had a letter from my dear friend, Ha riet Atwood. After a long, and to me a painful siles on her part, she has written to inform me of her he

state. I cannot but hope she now rejoices in the smiles of her Saviour, and feels her soul secure in him. O what thanks are due to God for his continued favours! I rejoice that her youthful days are consecrated to Jesus, and that she enjoys that peace of mind which passes understanding. O that she may be enabled to live to the glory of God on earth, and at last dwell with him for ever and ever!

[The following is the letter from Miss Arwood above alluded to.]

TO MISS FANNY WOODBURY.

Haverhill, August 1809.—Sabbath morn.

A few moments this sacred morning shall be devoted to my beloved Miss W. After discontinuing for so long a period our correspondence, I again address you by the endearing title of a friend. I again attempt to lay open my heart before you. But what shall I say? Shall I tell you, that since I last saw you, I have made great progress in divine grace? To you, my ever dear friend, will I unbosom my heart; to you will I describe my feelings. Yes; I will tell you what God has done for my soul. About six weeks since he was pleased, in infinite mercy, again to call my attention to the concerns of my soul; again to show me the evil of my ways. I have now publicly professed my faith in him. I have taken the vows of the covenant upon me, and solemnly surrendered myself to him eternally. Oh! Miss W. should I now be left to dishonour this holy cause, what would be my eternal condemnation! Oh! pray for me. Entreat God to have mercy upon me, and keep me from falling. After I left you at the Academy, I by degrees grew more and more neglectful of serious and eternal realities. When I review the past year of my life; when I reflect on the wound I have brought upon the blessed religion of Jesus, I am constrained to cry, Why has God extended his mercy to the vilest of the race of Adam? Why has he again shewed favour to me after I have so wickedly abused his precious invitations and grieved his Holy Spirit? It is a God who is rich is mercy, abundant in goodness, and of great compassion that has done these great things, as I trust, for me. How can I be too much engaged for him, too much conformed to his holy will, after these abundant manifestation of his love and mercy. Oh that I could spend my fer remaining days as I ought, even entirely devoted to the delightful service of the dear Redeemer!

Sabbath eve. I have just returned from the house of God, where I have heard two excellent sermons preache by our beloved pastor. What unspeakable privileges w enjoy! The gospel trump is sounding in our ears; Jesu is proclaimed as " ready and willing to save all thes that come unto God by him." And why, my dear Mis Woodbury, are not these privileges taken from us, and give to the heathen, who have never heard of a Saviour, and are perishing for lack of knowledge? God is indulging a with them for wise and holy ends. And if we do no estimate them according to their real value, and improve under the calls and invitations of the Gospel, there wil remain for us " no more sacrifice, but a fearful looking " for of judgment, and fiery indignation." When sitting beneath the Gospel's joyful sound, I think I can neve again be careless or inattentive to religious concerns But how soon does the world intervene between God and my soul! How soon do the trifling vanities of time en gross my affections! Oh, my dear friend! did you know the temptations with which I am surrounded, I am con fident you would pity me, and intercede for me at the throne of grace. But I have this consolation—Jesus

tempted while on earth; he pities his tempted saints, and will surely enable them to persevere unto the end.

- 44 He knows what sore temptations mean,
- " For he has felt the same."

I long, dear Miss Woodbury, to see you; I long to conrerse with you on the great importance of being really chillren of God. I long for your assistance while wandering in
this wilderness. I think, if I know my heart, I can say
I do love God and his children. If I do not love him, if
I do not love his image whenever I see it, I know not
what I love. Though Providence sees fit to separate us,
jet let us be active in our endeavours to assist each other
n our journey to the heavenly Canaan, by our letters and
aur prayers.

I have now opened to you my heart. Do write to me; do instruct me in the important doctrines of the Gospel. May your journey in this vale of tears be sweetened by the presence of the blessed Jesus! May you go from strength to strength; and when you are released from this burden of clay, appear in the heavenly Jerusalem before God, and spend an eternity at his right hand, where is fulness of joy? Adieu. I am yours, &c.

Sept. 10. I have this day completed the eighteenth year of my life. Is it possible! Can it be! Have I arrived at such an age, and acquired so little valuable information? What have I been doing for so many years? Why have I not been assiduously engaged in meliorating my heart, and improving my understanding? Alas! how dilatory and negligent have I been? I have been here many years, but are any of my fellow mortals the better? Ah! how painful is retrospection! Is it desirable to live to do as I have done? Oh that I could live every moment to the glory of Him who made me, and gives me very blessing I enjoy. Almighty Father! pardon my

sins, and sanctify my heart. O let me enjoy thy smiles during the remainder of my wearisome journey through this valley of Baca.* Ere the day close, I will write to my dear Harriet.

[The letter mentioned above is not preserved. The following is the answer to it by Miss Atwood.]

Haverhill, Oct. 12, 1809.

The pleasing sensations, dear Miss Woodbury, which your letter excited, can better be conceived than described. You affectionate advice I sincerely thank you for. And Oh! that I might be enabled to follow it. But what shall I write you? Shall I tell you I grow in grace and in conformity to God? Alas! I still have reason to lament my awful stupidity, my distance from God, and in the language of the publican to cry, "God be merciful to me a sinner!" " Laden with guilt, a heavy load;" oppressed with the temptations of a subtile adversary, the world ever ready to call my affections, how can I be supported? But here, my friend, I find there is a way provided, whereby God can be just, and yet justify even me In the redemption a Saviour has purchased there is an infinite fulness, sufficient to supply all our wants. On the precious mount of Calvary hangs all my hope. It his atoning blood, who suffered and died, my sins car be washed away; and however vile and loathsome it myself, in him I can find cleansing. What wonderfu compassion is displayed in the plan of salvation! The the Maker and Preserver of the universe, having a things under his controul, should not spare even his ow Son, but deliver him up to die on the accursed tree, fc mortals who had transgressed his law, and deserve

^{*} The valley of Baca, or of mulberry trees, was a barren place.— Some translate Baca, weeping, or misery. See Scott on Past XXXIV. 6.

eternal misery! This mystery of mysteries the angels desire to look into. That the just should endure the agonies of a painful and ignominious death for the unjust, is what we cannot comprehend. But, my friend, what must be our situation to all eternity, if, after such wonderful compassion, we should fall short of an interest in the death of Jesus? How awful must be the sentence that will be passed upon us who sit under the Gospel's joyful sound, if we slight the offers of salvation? Oh, may this never be our situation! But by unfeigned repentance and cordial submission to the blessed Redeemer. and by lives spent in his service, may we be prepared to join the society of the redeemed above!

Yesterday afternoon I attended a lecture in the Academy at Bradford. The emotions which vibrated in my mind, while sitting in this seminary of learning, I cannot describe. Imagination recalled those scenes which I had witnessed in that place. That season was a precious one to many souls, when the Spirit of God moved among us, and compelled sinners to tremble and earnestly enquire what they should do to inherit eternal life. But those days are past. No more do I hear my companions exclaiming, "Who can dwell with devouring fire? Who can inherit everlasting burnings?" No more do I hear souls. who for years have been under the bondage of sin, exclaim, "Come, and I will tell you what God hath done for me." He has, I hope, "delivered me from the horrible pit and miry clay; has established my goings. and put a new song into my mouth, even praise to his name." But under these general declensions from the truth of the gospel, still "the Lord doeth all things well." He will revive his work in his own time. He will repair the waste places of Zion, and sinners will again flock unto him as clouds, and as doves to their windows. And blessed be his name, he makes his chi dren the honoured instruments in building up his ki

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dom. Let us then, my dear Miss Woodbury, exert all our faculties to promote his cause. Let us warn sinners of their danger, and walk worthy the vocation wherewith we are called. Wishing you the light of God's countenance, I bid you adicu.

Sept. 24. Last Sabbath eve my dear brother was united in marriage to Miss N. B.—Many considerations combined to render the transaction solemn. O that the union may be long and happy. May they set out in the fear of God; in all their ways acknowledge him, shine as lights in the world, be instrumental in building up the kingdom of Jesus, and preparing each other for glory, and at last be received into heaven, where they neither marry, nor are given in marriage.

Oct. 1. How short the time since spring commenced, and all nature seemed alive. The fields clad in verdure. the gardens decorated with curious flowers; the trees in blossom, the melodious songsters in the groves, inviting to rural walks, presented the most beautiful appearances. Many a time when I have rambled over the verdant fields, I have taken a flower, or blade of grass, which the combined exertions of men and angels could never have made, and ruminated on the wisdom and goodness of God, the infinite ease with which he created this huge globe, and the myriads of living creatures which here exist. Nor have I forgotten the three vernal months I attended the school of Mr P. O how pleasantly they pass-Many of his instructions are fresh in my mind. How frequently did he exhort his pupils to attend to the concerns of their souls, to devote themselves to their Creator, and to seek the one thing needful. How solicitous was he to infuse into their minds a love of learning and of religion. O that they would regard his admonitions.

Oct. 29. When I take a retrospect of my past life,

am filled with sorrow, wonder, and amazement. When I rise in the morn, in my poor manner, I mplore of God grace and strength to spend the day in holiness. I think I will endeavour to depend on Jesus, and maintain a strict watch over all my thoughts, words, and actions. But alas! how fickle am I! How soon do I get off my guard, and wander on forbidden groun! Every day furnishes me with additional evidence of the inconstancy of my heart.—I long to hear from my dear Harriet.

[The following letter from Miss Atwood, is an answer to one which appears to have been sent by Miss Woodburn. Its own intrinsic merits, and the light it reflects on some circumstances in the history of these two amiable young women, renders it worthy of being preserved.]

TO MISS F. WOODBURY OF BEVERLY.

Haverhill, Sabbath eve, Nov. 26, 1809.

I HAVE this moment received, dear Miss Woodbury, your inestimable letter; in which you affectionately congratulate me on the happiness of "tasting that the Lord is gracious."

Assailed by temptations, surrounded by the gay and thoughtless, and with but few of the humble followers of the Lamb to guide me in the path of duty, or to instruct me in the great things of the kingdom, what feelings do I experience, when receiving from my beloved friend a letter, filled not only with assurances of continued affection, but with encomiums upon the character of the dear Emanuel, as being "the chief among ten thousands, "and altogether lovely." Often does my heart glow with gratitude to the Parent of mercies, for bestowing on me such a favour, as one friend to whom I can disclose the secret recesses of my heart, and with whom I can converse upon the important doctrines of the gospel, and an eternal state of felicity prepared for those whose "rob

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have been washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb."

Have not you, my friend, often felt, when conversing upon these great truths, a flame of divine love kindle in your heart; and have you not solemnly resolved, that you would live nearer to the blessed Jehovah?

I have this day been permitted to worship God in his earthly courts. How unspeakably great are the privileges with which we are indulged in this land of gospel light! The Sabbath before last, Mr B. exchanged with Mr. D. Oh my beloved Miss Woodbury, could you have heard the important truths he preached, the impressive manner in which he held forth the terrors of God to the impenitent, and the necessity of immediate repentance, surely it must to you have been a blessed season. But it had no visible effect upon the minds of the people here. A dreadful inattention to religion still prevails. The youth are very thoughtless and gay. "Iniquity abounds, and the love of many waxes cold." But there are, as I humbly trust, a pious few, who are daily making intercession at the throne of grace for the prosperity of Zion.

What encouragement have we, my dear friend, to wrestle at the throne of mercy, for renewing and sanctifying grace, for ourselves and the whole Israel of God. Even in times of the greatest declension, Jehovah hath promised, that he will hear the prayers of his children; and that if offered up in sincerity of heart, he will, in his own time, send gracious answers.

Next Friday evening, it being the evening after Thanksgiving, a ball is appointed in this place. I think it probable that E. whom you once saw anxiously enquiring what she should do to inherit eternal life, will attend.

Oh, my beloved friend, you cannot know my feelings!

It is dreadful to see mortals bound to eternity, spending their lives with no apparent concern about their never-ying souls. But it is, if possible, more dreadful to see

those who have "put their hands to the plough look back;" or, being "often reproved, harden their hearts against God."

How unsearchable are the ways of Jehovah! When I look around me, and see so many of my friends and companions, who are by nature endowed with much greater talents than I am, and who would, if partakers of the grace of God, be made the instruments of doing so much more good in the world, left in a state of sin, I am constrained to say,

- " Why was I made to hear thy voice,
 - " And enter while there's room?
- 66 When thousands make a wretched choice.
 - " And rather starve than come."

I could, my dear Miss W. write you all night; but a violent head-ache has attended me this day, and wearied nature requires repose.

I sincerely thank you for the affectionate invitation you have given me to visit you. I wish it were possible for me to comply with your request; perhaps I may this winter; but I shall not place much dependence upon it, as every thing is so uncertain. Do, my friend, visit Haverhill.—I long to see you: But if Providence has determined we shall never meet again in this world, O may we meet in our heavenly Father's kingdom, and never more endure a separation. In haste. I am yours, &c.

Journal, 1810.

Feb. 3. How happy that person, who under every dispensation of providence breathes, "Thy will be done." He possesses that calm peace, that sweet contentment, that "nothing earthly gives or can destroy."

Why these gloomy doubts and fears? Ah! if I could but say with confidence, "My beloved is mine, and I am his!" "Lord, thou knowest that I love thee!" my

soul would be filled with joy. Sure I am that I low Jesus, if I know whom I love; but it may not be sincert I ardently wish for an interest in Jesus; but it may be a selfish wish. But still I must rejoice to hear that six ners are converted unto God, and speak the sweet lar guage of Canaan. The glory of God, and the prospers of Zion, I trust, lie near my heart. I long for holine and conformity to God; and love to contemplate thing belonging to the kingdom of Christ. But may I a have these views and feelings, and yet not be a Christian May not all originate from selfishness, and not from low to God and regard for his glory?

Feb. When I consider how much information and wi dom I might have acquired, had I faithfully improve my advantages, I am confounded. O that it may be n great endeavour to cultivate and improve my mind, as to do good to all! A thousand opportunities of dois good pass away unobserved, and unimproved. Owh a world of good might we all do, had we but hearts du impressed with the worth of time, the love of God, as an eternal hereafter! Lord awaken us all to activity as diligence in thy service. O raise up some other Whit fields and Calvins, to be eminently useful in this prof gate and licentious age. Now when infidel sinners exc all their power and virulence to undermine the ve foundation of our holy religion, now the love of maof thy followers appears to be waxing cold, O now, ari and favour Zion. Animate Christians in their du Stop bold and presumptuous sinners in their career sin and folly.

What glorious news! How delightful to hear that posinners are brought out of nature's darkness into Go marvellous light. There is a great revival of religion Salem, and also in Manchester, under the ministry the Rev. Mr T. the account of which I have sent to re

the heart of my dear Harriet. Thus God is pouring out his Holy Spirit in New-England, and gathering poor sinners into his fold.* Our Jesus goes from conquering to conquer.

• During the summer of 1809, a pleasing, solemn attention to the preaching of the word was observed in the congregation in the town of Manchester. This attention became more encouraging; and the people of God, being quickened, were much engaged in prayer for a revival of religion among them.

On the 3d of December, which was the first Sabbath on which the church and congregation assembled in their new meeting-house, the Rev. James Thurston, their pastor, preached from Ezek. xxvi. 26—28. From the word that day delivered, many dated their first serious impressions. At that time the good work apparently began, and, for many months afterwards, there was reason to believe, that the Gospel came to this people not in word only, but in power, and in the Holy Ghost.

Religious meetings were frequent; but in them all, great regularity and decorum were observed; nor did any thing take place among the people, which bore the appearance of enthusiasm.

It is somewhat peculiar to this revival, that the awakening began among the aged, and many of this class give evidence of true conversion. It next appeared among the youth; then among the middle aged; and afterwards among the children. It was evident to those on the spot, that the work was carried on by the instrumentality of the word preached. On every Sabbath, and at the other meetings, for many months, it was made effectual to a larger or smaller number of persons.

During the winter and spring of the following year, (1810) a copious shower of gracious influence was experienced in Salem. For about six years previous to this time, a most lamentable stupidity and declension prevailed in the churches. Worldliness and Political animosity seem to have cankered the very vitals of true religion. Reigious forms were, indeed, preserved; and numbers, distressed by the tokens of divine displeasure, ceased not to cry, Lord, lift thou up the light of thy countenance upon us. But the general inquiry was, Who will show us any good? What shall we cat, and what shall we drink, and wherewithal shall we be clothed?

Several bodies of Christians associated for prayer, continued their stated meetings, and remembered Zion, with fervent desires for

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He bows the stubborn will of sinners to himself, softens the adamantine heart, and puts a new song into their mouths, even praise to his name. Little children hear the voice of Jesus, and join with older saints in singing hosannas. Even those who were old in sin, who have for years been led captive by Satan, are emancipated from their abject slavery, and brought to enlist under the

her prosperity. Their united intercessions, it is believed, prevailed, in no small degree, to bring down the blessings of grace upon themselves and the people.

In the latter part of the year 1809, those who were thus waiting and watching, observed some indications that the Lord was about to pour out his Spirit. A few instances occurred of serious impressions on the minds of impenitent sinners. Christians, encouraged by these indications, became more importunate at the throne of grace. But nothing like a revival of religion became very general and public, till the latter part of January 1810. At that time it was manifest, that the Lord had come indeed; not with a tempest, earthquake, or fire, but with a still small voice. A surprising change was very suddenly produced in the religious aspect of those societies which shared in the revival. Without any signal warnings in Divine Providence, or the use of any unusual means, or any visible cause, which could produce such extraordinary effects, a deep solemnity, a distressing conviction of sin, and an earnest concern for the soul, became very extensively apparent, in the course of a single week. Many, who had hitherto been stupid, self-righteous, and worldly; some, who had indulged themselves in vicious habits; and others, who had scoffed at experimental religion, were now awakened to see their condemned, lost, and miserable state, and constrained to ask, with tears of anxiety, What shall we do to be saved? Vestries, and other places of religious conference, were immediately filled. The public assemblies on the Lord's day were solemn and much increased. Gospel sermons, which appeared to make no impression on the people, now became mighty, through God, to the conviction of sinners, and the quickening and comfort of believers. It was fully evinced, that the excellency of the power, which produced such effects, was not of man, but of God.

banner of King Jesus Now they can call on all to join with them in singing the praises of their great deliverer, and say with the pious poet,

- 66 But the sweet theme that moves my tongue,
- " Is my Redeemer and his love."

And shall we in this place have no share in this glorious work? Alas! how can we expect that God will so signally favour us, unless we arise from the dust, and exet ourselves in his cause? Lord Jesus, extend thy work, and let it reach even here.

[Miss Woodbury having written to Miss Atwood on the above interesting subject, viz. the revival of religion in Salem and Manchester; the following letter was sent in answer.]

TO MISS F. WOODBURY OF BEVERLY.

Haverhill, March 31, 1810.

Favoured by Divine Providence with an opportunity of expressing my gratitude to my beloved Miss W. for all the testimonies of friendship which she has shewn me, I cordially embrace it. Your last friendly letter was this day received. To assure you how much happiness your letters confer on me, would be but what I have already told you. The one I received when on a bed of sickness was a real treasure. My feeble health alone prevented my answering it before. I have lately been led to dwell much on the doctrine of the divine decrees. I should like to have your ideas on the subject. Although God is under no obligations to save one of the apostate race of Adam, and it would not derogate from his justice, were he to send all to eternal torments; yet to display the riches of his grace, he determines to save a few. Why should we say, What doest thou? The children of God are, or ought to be, lights in the world. But I fear that I shall be a stumbling block to others. I have often thought myself one of those who are " tossed to and fro, and carried about by every wind of doctrine." When I hear arguments on one side, I think I am convinced. When on the other, I think the same. But I leave this subject for the present.

Let me tell you, that I fondly indulge the hope of seeing you before long. Mr H. and myself have thought considerably of a ride to Beverly. Should not our wiskes be frustrated, I shall probably see you in four or five weeks; if not then, I shall relinquish the idea, as I shall commence attending school in May. When I see you, I will relate to you my exercises in my past illness.

Have we not abundant reason to rejoice in the government of God? He is carrying on his work, converting sinners, and making the wrath of man to praise him. O that Haverhill and Beverly * might experience the influ-

From day to day hundreds were pressing to hear the word. Religion was the topic of conversation in almost every circle. And the people in general really appeared to consider the things of eternity as more important than the things of time. There is reson to hope, that in a short time a goodly number were brought to believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, and receive him as their states.

In this, her fond expectations were not disappointed; for in the course of a few months from the time she wrote this, a great revival began in Beverly also. Though there had been hundreds of prayer meetings in the place during the two preceding year, yet no special cause of a revival was visible at the time when it commenced. The work began in a very sudden and astenishing manner. The Spirit seemed to come like a rushing mighty wind, and to enter almost every house in the most populous part of the town. It was the more surprising, as there had been a very considerable religious attention in the place a few years before, which commenced so gradually, that no one could ascertain the time of its beginning. The late work appeared like the sun, suddenly bursting from the east, and in a few moments gaining his meridian glory. The following sentiment seemed to be deeply fixed in every breast:

[&]quot;The work, O Lord, is thine, "And wondrous in our eyes."

ence of the Holy Spirit! God can work here as easily as in Salem and Manchester. Let us be ardent and constant at the throne of mercy, that the blessed Emanuel would revive his work, and pour out his Spirit on the churches and people, with which we are connected. Oh! why, my friend, are we so cold and stupid? Fearnestly request an interest in your prayers. Yours sincerely, &c.

March 4. When I look around, mine eye affecteth mine heart. How few adorn their profession with a holy life and conversation! How many of my youthful friends are immersed in the vanities and pleasures of the world; and how very few are desirous to obtain that better part which shall never be taken from them. O for the outpouring of the Holy Spirit! O that God would arise,

sufficient and only Saviour. In a few weeks the attention visibly shated; but still it continued to a considerable degree for several months. Within a year, about one hundred and thirty have been added to the churches under the care of the Rev. Abiel Abott and the Rev. Joseph Emerson; and a number more are expected thortly to make a profession of religion.

The formation of a society of young ladies for important purposes appears among the fruits of the revival. It consists of about twenty respectable and influential characters. They spend three hours tegether every week. While one of the society is engaged in reading the Bible or other religious books for general improvement, the rest are engaged, like Dorcas, in making garments for the poor. During a third of the time, however, religious conversation takes the place of reading. The meetings are commenced with reading in the Bible. They have a Committee, who visit poor families in order to ascertain where the fruits of their social industry appear to be most needed. Nor is their benevolence confined to supplying the poor with garments that must shortly wax old and decay. Each member of the society takes charge of some poor female child, who frequently attends at her house to be instructed in the principles of religion, in reading, spelling, needlework, neatness, and propriety of behaviour.

and favour our dear Zion, and make her the joy and the praise of the whole earth.

March 5. Friday evening before last I spent in company with S. A. and H. H. Speaking of geography, Miss H. observed, that Asia was the most interesting part of the globe to her, on account of its being the place of Christ's sufferings and death. With such persons I like to associate. A richly cultivated mind adorned with true religion, what a blessing! How criminal the conduct of inconsiderate youth, who take no care to cultivate their minds, and meliorate their hearts. Why, O why, should the sordid vanities of time and sense, the amusements of this insidious world, engross the time and affections of immortal minds, capable of the enjoyment of the great I AM, the Fountain of all excellence, beauty, and glory?

April 5. Before I arose in the morning, I endeavoured to solemnize my mind, think of the duties of the day, and implore grace to spend it aright. In devotional exercises dull and wandering. Ah this vain, careless treacherous heart! these roving, wicked thoughts! How much reason have I to mourn and weep, for my many sins and imperfections, and to lie low in the valley of humiliation!

April. This week I received a letter from my beloved Miss Atwood. She writes that she will make me a visit soon, if nothing special prevent. O when shall I embrace her? When shall I once more personally converse with her? I flatter myself the happy day is not far distant; yet my fond hopes may be disappointed. Death, cruel death, may snatch her from me, and consign that engaging form to the gloomy grave. I may not see her again in this world. I may receive no more testimonies of her love and friendship. Ere long my ears may be saluted with the news of her death, and I be left to mourn

my irreparable loss. Harriet, my dear Harriet! my heart is united to thine in love and amity. If we meet not on earth, God grant we may meet in the New Jerusalem, to sing the song of redeeming love for ever. O that, like Harriet, I could live to the glory of God, and be useful in a sinful world! But ah! I am vile and stupid, cold and inactive.

April 15. Sabbath Eve. Now " the powerful king of day" is sinking beneath the western horizon. He has performed his journey through the skies, in obedience to his Maker's will, and now withdraws from us his enlivening influences, to cheer another part of our guilty globe. I also must soon pass the horizon of death. My sun may go down long before the meridian of life. Even before the bright luminary shall rise again, my eyes may be closed in death, and my immortal soul lodged in the eternal world. On the present moment hangs my everlasting all. I will not be so imprudent as to depend on a long life. How can I wish to dwell long in this world of sin and woe? O could I live the holy and useful life which some live, what happiness would pervade my breast! How sweetly, and almost imperceptibly, would my days pass away! O what is life, if I live not to the glory of God, and the good of my fellow mortals? "That life is long which answers life's great end."

April 29. This sacred day, if God permit, I shall worship him in his courts, and commemorate the death of Jesus Christ. But have I on the wedding garment of Christ's righteousness? How dreadful is my situation if I have no true love to Christ, no interest in his death. O my God! if I am deceived, shew me the deception. If I have never seen the evil nature of sin, and hated it as such; if I have never mourned over my own and others sins; if I have never seen the beauty and excelency of Jesus, and been enabled to embrace him as my

only Saviour; if I have never given myself unconditionally and unreservedly into thine hands, O now, now I beseech, I entreat thee, implant these holy feelings and exercises in my heart! O fit me to perform the duties incumbent on me! Restrain my thoughts from wandering. Be thou the keeper of my heart. Enable me to depend on thee for grace and strength.

May 26. Thanks be to the giver of every good and perfect gift, for extensive revivals of religion in many places. O may our Jesus go on from conquering to conquer; from sea to sea, from shore to shore, till he has the heathen for his inheritance, and the uttermost parts of the earth for his possession! My God, my God, carry on thy glorious work in spite of the combined opposition of earth and hell! Let it extend, and extend, and extend, till this world, which is now full of error, of animosities, of deceit, and infidelity, shall be an emblem of that world of light, love, peace, and joy, where Jesus is all in all With joy I hear of thy mighty work in many places; but particularly in the lower part of this town. And will it not reach this parish? Dear Lord, animate my brethren and sisters in prayer. And O wilt thou incline thine ear to hear; and when thou hearest, answer, for thy dear Son's sake!

I long to hear my dear companions in this place, with hearts enraptured with the love of Jesus, sing his praises, and speak the sweet language of Canaan. Yes, even though I should have no part nor lot with them, yet it is my great desire to see the cause of Christ flourish and prevail in the world. I must, I will rejoice that Jesus reigns, and will do all his pleasure.

May 12. I have been entertained a part of the day with the thought that to-morrow is the Sabbath. O how often in the week do I look forward for the Sabbath, and long for its approach.

- "When six days of labour, each other succeeding,
 - " Have with hurry and toil my spirits oppress'd;
- " How pleasant to think, as the last is receding,
 - "To-morrow will be a sweet Sabbath of rest."

O that I may lie down encircled, as it were, in my Redeemer's arms, and yield myself to sleep with a heart enlarged with gratitude to God, and love to all mankind. Ah me! how many are now enduring unspeakable pain of body, and just ready to launch into eternity! How many mourning and weeping for the loss of some temporal comfort! how many agonizing under a load of sin and guilt, roll and return, till they are weary of life, and long for the grave! O how good is God, that I have a prospect of quiet rest! May sleep fit me to perform the duties of to-morrow with alacrity. O that I may awake with renewed experience of the mercy of God, with a heart entirely devoted to him!

May 27. While perplexed with doubts and fears, I providentially took up Buck's "Christian Review," and read with great comfort the following questions:-" If I "am a hypocrite, what mean these tears, these anxieties, "respecting my state? Why so wretched when I fall in-"to sin? Why so happy when kept from it? Why, if I "am to be cast away, do I maintain the struggle? Why "did I formerly renounce the world; and how was I able "to rise superior to it, if I never was a recipient of grace? "If I be deceived, what mean the happy Sabbaths I have "enjoyed, the delightful feelings I have possessed, when "at the throne of grace? Surely, if my heart has never "been changed, then from what have all my former "views, experience, enjoyments, desires, conflicts, and "feelings, been derived?" Thus was my soul set at liberty; and O let it be filled with the praises of my adorable Redeemer! I have enjoyed a happy freedom in ecret duty this morning, and must now prepare to comhim under all his trials; and make him a burning and shining light in the world. Be with all that minister in holy things. O may a double portion of thy Spirit rest upon them.

Sept. 30.—Another delightful Sabbath is before me; day which, I trust, will be remembered by many with joy through eternity. This day a number are to be admitted to the church in Wenham, and four to this church. O with what solemnity will they stand forth in the view of God, angels, and men, to assent to that covenant, ordered in all things and sure; and some to receive the precious ordinance of baptism. O how delightful to see them renounce the world, and publicly devote themselves to God, and bring their infant offspring to him in faith. To-day they will engage in the most solemn and impertant duty that ever claimed their attention. O may they be sincere and hearty in the surrender of themselves and children to God. With joy and gladness I welcome them to the table of the Lord, to a "feast of fat things, of wine on the lees well refined." O blessed Jesus come down and be in the midst of us. Say unto each of our souls, "Eat, O friends; drink, yea drink abundantly, O beloved." May we be clad in the wedding garment, and not one soul be naked, destitute of faith, love, and repent-Unite us all together in the bond of love, and unite us all to thyself, never to be separated. And 0 grant help to our dear pastor this day! Strengthen his hands, and encourage his heart. Enable him to bring forth out of his treasure things new and old, that shall be a savour of life unto life to many. May his tongue be as the pen of a ready writer, to show wicked men their transgressions, to display the terrors of the law, as well as the charms of the gospel. O that he may speak a word in season to weary heavy laden souls, that shall be like life to the dead, and cold water to a thirsty soul. O do thou

ive the increase. Impress the hearts of all impenitent inners with a sense of the magnitude and number of their sins, and reveal the riches of redeeming love to their culs. O bless me, even me, a worm of the dust; unorthy to supplicate thy favour, or even to take thy sared name in my unhallowed lips. Grant me the assistance of thy Spirit, and the experience of thy love. May I worship thee in the beauty of holiness, and find a day in thy courts better than a thousand spent in sin and ranity. O suffer no secular thought to gain admittance nto my unwary heart. O reveal thyself to my soul.

Oct. 1. I can scarcely believe that I have passed the nummer. My life is passing imperceptibly away. I am miling on the sea of life with vast rapidity, and shall som arrive at the harbour to which I am bound. A few more revolving suns will land me on the shores of eternity. The seeds of death are sown in this mortal body. Shortly he will lay his cold hand upon me, and bring me to the grave. O that I may be like a shock of corn fully ripe. O that I may meet death with that serenity and composure, which the cheering hope of a blissful immortality, and that alone, can inspire. Gracious Father, condescend to look down upon me in that awful moment, with benignity and love, and illume the dreary vale with by presence. O grant me the clear exercise of my nental faculties to the last, and enable me to improve hem to thy honour and glory. May I lean my weary ead on the bosom of my Redeemer, and have an easy ransition from this vale of tears into the mansions of lory where they sing, "Unto him that loved us, and ashed us from our sins in his own blood, be honour and lory for ever."

Ost. 7. While my dear friends are assembled in the puse of God, to hear glorious and animating truths, I m denied the precious privilege, "while I am hungry

for the bread of life" But thus it is: God knows I need affliction, and therefore he has touched me in a tender part. But I feel it most acutely when present in the house of prayer. There I often sit as a mere spectator-not a word for me, while others are fed and nourished. But I would not complain. Though in this me spect my advantages for acquiring religious informatia. are circumscribed, yet O what infinite reason have I to bless God for all my other senses, particularly that of seeing. What a poor miserable object should I probably be, were blindness added to deafness. thanks be to God, what vast pleasure do I take in reading the writings of learned and judicious divines. Here I find a resource in every solitary hour. The book of God, written by the unerring hand of inspiration, merits my prayerful attention and daily consultation.

> "This is the field where hidden lies The pearl of price unknown:"—

" My guide to everlasting life, Through all this gloomy vale."

Surely God is good,

"Good when he gives, supremely good, Nor less when he denies; E'en crosses from his sovereign will Are blessings in disguise."

Nov. 28. Subbath eve. Wo is me, I am unclean! polluted with sin from the crown of my head to the sole of my feet! O the exceeding vileness and hardness of my heart! Sin, that cursed thing, so hateful to the eyes of infinite purity, mingles its bane with every thing I do, and deeply stains the best actions of my life. I never address the Maker and Preserver of my life, but I bring with me that which I know his soul abhors! But I know but little, yea nothing of this heart of mine! O thou Almighty God, who knowest my whole heart, I bessech

thee, shew me what I am, and "to myself myself display."

And shall I be proud? Shall a vile worm of the dust. a

rebel creature, ever be inflated with pride and vanity?

Alas! alas! that I should ever be in any other situation,
than lying low in the valley of humiliation. O Lord,
give me a humble and contrite heart; the offering which
thou wilt not despise.

Dec. 29. This afternoon I have attended the funeral of my uncle Kimball. A large circle of mourning relatives convened to follow his remains to the place of interment. But they mourn with the! They have reason to believe, that their loss is his infinite gain. On a bed of exquisite pain and debility, it is hoped he became acquainted with the blessed religion of Jesus. His death was calm and serene. O may this solemn event have a salutary and abiding influence on the minds of his beteaved consort and children. May they all remember their latter end, and prepare to meet their God. One memento follows another, to warn unwary mortals of their long home, and lead their thoughts to the house appainted for all the living. Alas! how often are we called to wear the garb of mourning for deceased relatives! Thousands every day launch into the abyss of eternity! Since I have been writing this, many have left this world to appear before God! Who then shall be the next victim?

JOURNAL, 1811.

April 11. I desire this day, which is our annual fast, to obtain a deep sense of my own sins, and those of our nation. O that I may be accepted of the Lord, and find it good to humble myself before him. My sins how immense! They are countless as sands on the sea shore; and unless repentance intervene, will sink me into re-

mediless wo, into that bottomless gulf, where the voice of mercy never sounds. Surely my heart should vibrate with ardent and incessant gratitude to the Saviour, who delivers penitent souls from all the corroding anguish and black despair, known in the regions of the damped. But he not only saves them from hell, but raises them to the enjoyment of himself-to unrivalled glory and unfading felicity. They shall live through endless ages in those regions of consummate amity, purity, andiblis. They shall contemplate with hearts overflowing with love, the works, the prious works of their great Crestor, and tune their golden harps to Emanuel's praise. When hundreds of ages have run their rounds, their happiness will be but commencing; and when millions more have elapsed, it will be no nearer ending! O what joy, what rapture will fill their heaven-born souls, when perfectly assimilated to Him they adore, and permitted to behold his glory, and gaze on his ineffable perfections! Every wish shall be gratified, and every heavenly grace shall bloom with unfading lustre, refined, exalted, and immortalized in those blissful regions! Saints of all ages, nations, and climes, shall there meet, and with anguarand archangels sing the song of Moses and the Lamb! But mortal eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, nor heart conceived, what God shall do for them that love him. They shall enjoy an exceeding and eternal weight of glory.

[The following letter appears to have been received about this time from Miss Atwood-]

Haverhill, April 29, 1811.

It has not been for want of inclination, or from forget-fulness, that I have thus long neglected writing to my dear friend Miss W., but every day has brought with it various and new occupations; and though my friends have not been forgotten, yet I confess I have not been

so punctual as I ought. I need not assure you, that your letter produced many pleasing sensations, I hope this will find you enjoying the presence of our covenant Saviour, and engaged in the promotion of his glorious cause. Christians are greatly criminal for not living in the constant enjoyment of God. He is ever ready and wiking to manifest the glories of his character to their souls; and nothing but their native opposition to homess, and their love of evil, ever prevents. Are not believers inconsistent creatures? They can speak of a Saviour's love—the happiness resulting from an acquaintance with God—and point out the road to impenitent sinners, which alone will lead to substantial bliss; and yet often wander in forbidden paths, lose all relish for spiritual enjoyments, and rest contented with the low pleasures of sense.

If I am a child of Jesus, this inconsistency has often been mine. And yet I long for a greater sense of my dependance and more entire conformity to Him who died for me. If any thing here deserves the name of happiness, it does not spring from earth. No; it is of heavenly birth, and comes from the regions of purity. The vast and boundless desires implanted in the human heart, cannot be at is field with any thing short of God. Nothing in heaven or earth is capable of affording real bliss without him.

I have spent three months this last winter with my sister at C. My religious privileges have been more extensive than usual. I have been favoured with frequent opportunities of hearing Dr G. preach, and have likewise attended many serious meetings. But I still wanted a heart to improve under the cultivation of Jehovah's hand. Neither afflictions nor enjoyments will do us good unless sanctified by divine grace.

Since my return to H. I have sometimes enjoyed much consolation in committing myself and all my concerns into the hands of God. Some circumstances, which at

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some future time I may communicate to you, I hope will have a tendency to wean me from this world, and fasten my heart to Heaven. I do, my dear friend, find this "a desert world, replete with sin and sorrow." I often long to leave it, and find a sweet release from every woe.

I hope to have the pleasure of a visit from you this suggest; I wish much to see you and your sister: Hop you see both enjoying the light of the Sun of righteourness. Persevere, my friend, in the Christian life, an pray for your friend Harriet. Our pilgrimage will shortly be ended, and all the trials of life will be over. O mawe meet in heaven; and join with the angelic host around the throne, in adoring the matchless perfection of Emanuel, through the ages of eternity! I am, my dear Mir Woodbury, affectionately yours, &c.

June 24. How pleasant the return of the Sabbat How delightful to worship God in his earthly courts. often feel an inexpressible joy in being permitted to appear in the assembly of his saints, even when I do mear a sentence. This has frequently been a great in ducement for me to go, when I have been denied it privilege which others enjoy. O may I find tothat it is good to be there. May the Holy Spirit animal my devotion, elevate my affections, and enkindle a flam of love in my frozen heart. May the Saviour manife himself to my soul, and pray for me, that my faith finot. O may I rise superior to the vanities of this worl May my hopes, my desires, and my joys concentre the unchangeable God.

Sabbath Eve. Alas! I seem to live in vain. I fe I am a poor useless creature, a cumberer of the groun O that I could do a little good, while I am indulged wi life and health. O that I could improve every opport nity to be useful, knowing that the time is short! T

day I have partaken of the holy eucharist, and solemnly devoted myself to God. O that the vows I have made may never be forgotten, never be violated! May they stimulate me to shake off sloth, and to maintain good works. How can we live at this poor dying rate, when we know not but this night our souls may be required of m? How happy they must feel, who are doing great and lasting good in the world, from pure and refined motives. O that I could emulate their zeal and activity!

LETTER TO MISS HARRIET ATWOOD OF HAVERHILL,

Beverly, July 7, 1811. Sabbath Morn.

MY DEAR MISS ATWOOD,

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I HAVE just laid down Mr Dana's Memoirs of Pious Women, which I am re-perusing, for the sake of answering your truly kind and valuable letter, for which I return you many thanks. Reading the life of the illustrious Countess of Warwick, in the book above mentioned, I recognized with heart-felt delight the blessed effects of genuine religion. How does it purify the heart, refine and elevate the affections, and influence and adorn the deportment? Let the enemies of our religion substitute a better in its room, and we will acknowledge they have done something. But this they never have done, nor ever will do. How amiable the portraiture: "First pure, then peaceable, gentle, easy to be entreated, full of mercy and good fruits; without partiality, and without hypocrisy." Has this religion, my beloved friend, a seat in our hearts; and do we at all times act under its sacred influence? Have we imbibed the spirit of the meek and lowly Jesus? And do we emulate his bright example? Do our affections, our hopes, and our desires concentre in the unchangeable God? Have we risen superior to the puerile and insipid delights of this

lower world, and learnt with humble Mary, to sit at Jesus' feet, and with avidity treasure up his words in our hearts? Do we possess a faith in Christ, which is prolific of good works, and an ardent love to him as the chief among ten thousands, and altogether lovely? If this is not the case, an inspired apostle would say of us, " Let them be Anathema Maranatha." Let us examine ourselves, and see whether we be in the faith. bring our views, our feelings, and our actions to that infallible criterion, the word of God, and endeavour to ascertain whether they comport with what it requires. more than ever impressed with the importance of a frequent, impartial, and critical investigation of our hopes, characters, dispositions, and lives. I think it would be well every evening to take a retrospect of the day, and enquire how we have performed the business of it; what duties neglected what mercies received, and what sins committed. We have a great and arduous work to do; and our time is short. We have evil tempers and propensities to subdue and stubborn wills to conquer. We have an invisible and malicious adversary ever ready to annoy us. We have a battle to fight, a race to run, a crown to wir "The kingdom of heaven suffereth violence; and the violent take it by force." It is obvious our souls can not be saved, and heaven obtained by a few indolen formal wishes and heartless duties. No: sedulous car and unremitting vigilance and circumspection are neces sary. We must place our whole dependence on Jesus He is all-sufficient; and, if we repair to him for grace and strength to do his will, he will r. deny us. It is desirable to feel our own helplessness and nothingness that we may value him the more, and place a more perfect reliance on his merits.

Sabbath eve. I have just returned from the houses God, where I have been indulged with hearing Mr.

O that I could but appreciate my privileges as I ought, and make a wise improvement! How many of our dear fellow creatures are groping in horrid dar ness, destitute of the heavenly light of the gospel, and enveloped in a gloomy labyrinth of Jewish, Mahometan, or Pagan superstition. O that the Sun of righteousness would arise and illumine those benighted corners of the earth with his benignant rays! I rejoice to hear there are a few who are determined to quit their native land to preach the everlasting gospel to illiterate perishing Pagans. I have been apprised of your intention of going; and wish you had communicated some of your feelings, as it respects that subject. I am confident, my dear Miss Atwood, you will sit down, and seriously count the cost before you make any engagements. You have undoubtedly revolved in your mind the trying sacrifices you must make, the hardships and distresses you must probably endure. If you go, I hope you will be enabled to do great and lasting good in those distant climes, and give many a poor native reason to bless God through eternity that you came among them. When we consider that they have souls to be saved or lost, we are filled with amazement, that no greater exertions have been made for the promulgation of the gospel among them. Surely Jesus has done much for us; and now cannot we do something for him? We should consider no sacrifices too great to be made, no trials too great to be endured if thereby we can advance his cause, and promote his glory. "It is the only cause on earth worth an anxious thought," says the excellent Dr G. And what great matter is it in which quarter of the globe we reside, for an " inch or two of time," whether in Asia or America, if we can be doing good? The idea of parting with you is extremely painful; but if you go, I shall still have the rich consolation of thinking of you, and reading your sented with a favourable opportunity? However the discouragements attending a Missionary life Jesus has promised to be with those who enter u with a right disposition, even to the end of the When will the day dawn, and the day-star arise in then lands? Oh! when will the standard of the be erected, and all nations hear of the glad tidings vation? When will the millennial state commence the lands which have long lain in darkness, be irrated by the calm sunshine of the gospel? When we populous regions of Asia and Africa, unite with the Christian country in one general song of praise to Though darkness and error now prevail, faith loof these mountains, and beholds with transport the ing of the Sun of Righteousness—the reign of pealove.

The clock strikes twelve; I must leave you my for tired nature requires repose. Pray often for Write me immediately upon receiving this hasty Affectionately yours, &c.

LETTER TO MISS B. B. OF WENHAM. My Dear Betsy. Beverly, July, 1

Not having had an opportunity to converse w of late, it has just occurred to my thoughts, that I write. In writing I can communicate my idea more unreservedly than in conversation. We, m cousin, are probationers for a never-ending eternimust sooner or later enter upon a state of inconc felicity or hopeless despair, according as our chaare, when we leave the world.

We are near neighbours to the world of Spiri are bordering upon heaven or hell. Life is she uncertain. Death stands ready to execute his of lay our bodies in the grave, and to send our so

tribunal of a holy God, where a just and irreversible sentence shall be pronounced, according to our conduct in this state of trial. How infinitely important then, that we make sure of an interest in the Saviour, and secure a part in his redemption, which will be an everlasting source of joy and glory when time shall be no more!

You, my cousin, peculiarly need the consolations of religion. You have experienced of late much weakness and pain, and are still feeble. How much do you need patience to support you under your trials. How much do you need a heart crucified to the world, and entirely devoted to God. How much do you need an almighty Friend, to guide and cheer you in your weak and languid condition, and to be the Physician of your diseased soul. May these divine blessings be yours; and then you will be contented and happy, though you should be destined to endure months and years of pining and distressing sickness.

We know we must die. Thousands have been ingulfed in the boundless ocean of eternity since I began this letter. All the concerns of time, all opportunities of doing and getting good, are over with them. Our earthly career also will soon be terminated. This night our souls may be required of us; and O the awful idea of dying in sin, of appearing at the judgment seat of Christ, destitute of a Saviour's righteousness. Now let us both resolve, in the strength of God, to seek the Lord, and spend our few remaining days in his service. Then he will be our friend and refuge when strength and heart fail, and our portion for ever.

[•] It is computed, that probably about 4000 of the human race die every hour.

Beverly, Ju

LETTER TO MISS S. K. OF WENHAM THEN SON ACADEMY.

My Dear Sally,

I FELT a little anxiety on your account, stood you were in a state of debility; but health is now re-established. I enjoy remark at present—a blessing which in some degree to estimate, having been so much deprived our hearts be grateful to the gizer of ever perfect gift for this and all his favours, of t which we are infinitely unworthy. But when a thought on the transcendently glorious work tion, are we not lost in wonder and admirati-Jesus should condescend to veil his divinity in come down into this lower region of sin a endure numberless hardships and trials, and a mit to the ignominious and agonizing death of for rebel worms, is truly astonishing. that man might smile; heaven bled that it never die." Amazing! Stupendous though make a deep and salutary impression on our marble hearts. The salvation of one soul is portant; but when millions are emancipated fro ing yoke of sin and Satan, and not only save the corroding anguish of black despair, but ra mortal glory and consummate felicity, to make knowledge and in grace, and to sing the song of the Lamb through a never ending eternity,-he how transcendent! how infinitely glorious the sa Redemption! It is a theme studied by depar with increasing delight, and rapturous trium; what ineffable joy do they gaze on the Redeer they sing in sublime and melodious strains, " T loved us, and washed us from our sins in his

be honour, and glory, and power for ever!" But ah! how inadequate and low are my conceptions of that exceeding and eternal weight of glory, reserved for those whose robes have been washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb! How little do I know of the amiable character of Emanuel, who is the brightness of his Father's glory, and the express image of his person. May we, my dear cousin, learn to sit with Mary at Jesus's feet, and with the beloved disciple recline our weary heads on his dear bosom. It is an inestimable privilege, which he has graciously offered to the weary and heavy laden, the humble and contrite soul, and which we should endeavour duly to appreciate.

We are poor ignorant creatures; and we should daily strive to acquire useful literature; but especially to grow in grace, and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. A knowledge of the sciences is very desirable, but how much more important is the knowledge of our own depraved hearts, and Jesus Christ the glorious Saviour of Sinners, whom to know aright is life eternal. For the acquisition of the former, I imagine you are in a very eligible situation; and I hope in no unfavourable one for the cultivation of the latter. A mind stored with useful literature, enlarged and adorned with genuine religion, an amiable deportment, suavity of disposition and manners, are in my view of infinitely more value than the transient charms of personal beauty, and all the affluence the Indies can afford. I pity the deluded votaries of vanity and folly, and earnestly wish they had a disposition for study, and a propensity to piety and devotion, that they might find profitable employment in every changing scene and vacant hour. Whatever others do, my dear cousin, let us determine to improve our minds and hearts, by every proper mean in our power. Learning will not be inimicable to our felicity or usefulness, but on the contrary will augment both, if obtained from pure and noble motives, and judiciously improved. I hope you will strive to excel in every thing you undertake to learn, and make laudable proficiency in your various studies.

My dear friend, let us endeavour to realize the brevity and uncertainty of life, the worth of the soul, and the importance of being prepared for death. How awful the thought of dying in sin! How inevitable and tremendous the consequences! Despair and anguish shall be the partion of impenitent sinners through the revolutions of eternal ages. Eternity! Let us study the import of that amazing word: Millions of ages hence, our souls will exist in unutterable felicity or misery; and when millions more have run their rounds, we shall be no nearer the termination of our existence. O that we may be prepared to spend this eternity in immortal glory and bliss in the presence of Jehovah! Remember me to your brother and sister, and do not delay writing. Yours affectionately,

JOURNAL, 1811.

Aug. Having supplicated the throne of the Almighty, I now desire to investigate my heart and life, and see whether I have evidence of being renewed, and am in a proper frame to approach the table of the Lord. On a review, I find much to deplore. I have lived an unholy and an unprofitable life. I have too often omitted private meditation and prayer, and contented myself with a few ejaculations, which, though good in their place, ought not to supersede constant devotion morning and evening in accret. By this neglect I have not only lost many happy hours, which I might have enjoyed in the exercise itself, but have brought darkness and leanness into my

seed. I have used too much freedom in speaking of the failings of others, but not palliated where I might, and where I could not vindicate, have not always been silent; not duly considering this injunction of our Lord, "Whatseever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them." I have been, and am still, too much addicted to impatience and momentary fretfulness on account of trivial disappointments and petty accidents. This I am convinced is unbecoming and sinful. But alsa! though I repent I sin again! These are the signs of my being destitute of saving faith. Many more I might enumerate. Their name is legion, for they are many.

I shall now advert to a few evidences of grace, which I humbly hope I possess. I do hope I hate and detest, not only what I have mentioned above, but all my sins, my most latent failings; and desire to implore pardoning mercy of him who said, " Him that cometh unto me I will in no wise cast out." I think I do try to deny myself, and mortify my sins and lusts, though I ought to be more strict and resolute. I think I love God, and am disposed to acknowledge him just and righteous in all his ways, and his character infinitely perfect and glorious, though I too often am discontented, especially under one poignant and peculiar trial. Yet generally I acquiesce in his allotments: and O that I might find reason to say through eternity, "it is good for me that I havebeen afflicted." The Saviour appears amiable. I think if I know any thing of my own heart, I love him, and esteem him the chief among ten thousand, and altogether lovely. I long to be assimilated to his likeness, and transformed into his image; and I do wish to serve and glorify him, and to be useful to the church and the world. O that I may not be deceived in a matter of infinite importance!

Sept. 12. I have been to see Mrs Francis to-day, who is very weak, troubled with an incessant cough, and acute pain. But it is more than counterbalanced by the serenity and composure of her mind. She wishes to be entirely resigned to the will of God, whether it be life or death, and hopes she is not deceived. "O what a com-" fort," said she, " to have a God to go to, and pour out " our souls to him! O the forlorn state of him who has " no such refuge in trouble! This world is less than no-"thing and vanity! My own righteousness is filthy rags. "I hope I depend entirely upon Christ." She longs to have all see the reality and beauty of religion, and come to the knowledge of the truth. She observed, she had been delighted with some chapters in Isaiah, and with a number of the lyric poems, particularly that entituled, " A sight of Heaven in sickness." O could the sceptical David Hume have experienced what she does, it might deserve the name of happiness.

LETTER TO MISS S. W. OF WINCHENDON.

Beverly, Sept. 20, 1811.

My DEAR SALLY,

The sudden death of Mr Emery has frustrated our sanguine expectation of visiting your rural retreat, your hospitable mansion. I suppose Lydia informed you of our plan. But to me the disappointment is not severe, as I have long endeavoured to place but little dependence on terrestrial things, knowing that every thing below the sun is stamped with mutability. When one in the bloom of youth, and vigour of health, is arrested by the cold hand of death, and suddenly precipitated into the ocean of eternity, we are forcibly struck with the vanity of the world, the brevity and uncertainty of life, and with the importance of being habitually ready to meet our God.

With the most profound awe, we witness the ravages death has made; we behold, with the most acute sensibility, his recent victory, and for a while keenly feel that we also must submit to this universal conqueror. Solemn consideration! To quit this mortal scene, to bid adieu to every earthly friend, to consign our bodies to the gave, to enter an immeasurable, a retributive eternity, me awful thoughts, which extort the exclamation, "O death, thou king of terrors!" But religion, my cousin, the blessed religion of the Bible, is an effectual antidote to the sting of death, which is sin, that baneful poison, that procuring cause of all our wo. This holy religioncan support us under the pressure of intense afflictions, can impart heavenly peace and comfort on a dying pillow, can dispel the gloomy terrors of death, can illumine the dreary grave, and procure our admission into the celestial world. This is a consummation devoutly to be wished. O that this religion, my dear friend, may beours! May it renovate and sanctify our hearts, elevateour affections "beyond this little scene of things," regulate our conversation, and influence and adorn our deportment. May its heavenly spirit be abundantly infused into our bosoms, calm and felicitate our minds, and give a zest to every other enjoyment. O could these wishes be realised, what different persons should we be ! that extensive good might we do! what calm serenity. that refined happiness might we enjoy, while passing hrough this vale of tears. O what a misery it is to hink of living useless, when there is so much to be done r the glory of God, and the benefit of our fellow-creares, and so much that we might do!

We have a near neighbour,* whose palid countenance, in demaciated frame indicate, to the grief of many, that

Mrs Francis.

her existence on earth must soon be terminate disorder is a consumption, which long ago effect dermined her health, and which she has be Christian fortitude and resignation. She is a very extensive reading, intimately acquainted best authors, and communicates her ideas wit and accuracy. But the most excellent trait in acter is exemplary piety. I had an interview a few days ago, and found her conversation, cheerful and improving. She said she was er signed to the will of God, felt no terror at the t dying, and hoped she was not deceived. She she had lived so long, while others were cumight have been much more useful in the w done more good than she had. With an eleve and smiling aspect, "O what a comfort," said s. the Lord God omnipotent reigneth, and will a pleasure!"

Some time ago I read "the happy death" of tical David Hume. His biographer, Dr Sr eulogized his character, and related with trit happy death. But in my opinion, it falls fa that dignified appellation. It was affected inse a stupid apathy, which he obviously strove to and manifest. Any person of discernment m the anxiety and aim of his panegyrist, which is his character to advantage, and make it appear necessary is religion, because Mr Hume died cally without it. But, alas! Where, O where boasted philosophy of these modern infidels, w taire agonized on his dying pillow, when he y his breath? The cold comfort of non-existence and he felt he must live for ever a monument o dictive wrath of Omnipotence, whose gloriov had wished to eradicate from the earth. He

with horror and despair depicted on his countenance, he observed to his attending Physician, " I will give you " half my fortune, if you will save my life for six months; " if not, I must go to the devil." His was a death of remorse and poignant anguish, the bare description of which is enough " to harrow up the soul." May it prove an insuperable obstacle to the spread of his deleterious principles and baneful example. It is said of him, that he solemnly promised, that he never would rest till he had exterminated the very name of the Redeemer from the face of the earth. But Jesus sits upon the holy hill of Zion; and declares, that the gates of hell shall not prevail against his cause; but that it shall extend, and extend, till he have the heathen for his inheritance, and the uttermost parts of the earth for his possession. He will not suffer his name to be blasphemed, nor his religion despised with impunity; but will one day consign his incorrigible opposers to corroding despair and remediless wo; while he welcomes his humble followers to that peaceful shore, " where tempests never beat, nor billows roar."

I have recently read "Practical Piety" by Miss More, and think it is excellent. Watts on "The Improvement of the Mind" is a good book, and contains a great deal of instruction. I wish it were more generally read.

Present my love to all my cousins and relatives. I shall now conclude this long epistle with ardent wishes for your temporal and eternal welfare. Your affectionate cousin, &c.

LETTER TO MISS H. H. OF BEVERLY.

My Dear Hannah, Beverly, Oct. 1811.

I THANK you for your answer to my question, which appears to be according to Scripture. "Faith without works is dead." If we have religion, we shall evince it by a holy life and conversation. We shall live devote

to God, having our fellowship with the Father and his Son Jesus Christ. We shall exercise philanthropy to the whole human species; for "love is the fulfilling of the law;" and "he that loveth, dwelleth in God, and God in him." We shall especially love Christians, the household of faith; for the Apostle says, "We know that we have passed from death unto life, because we love the brethren." In short, we shall assiduously endeavour to imbibe the spirit of Christ, to emulate his example, to deny all ungodliness and every worldly lust, and to live soberly, righteously, and godly, in this present evil world.

But is this the portraiture of a genuine Christian? Then may I justly fear I deserve not that honourable appellation. My heart is the seat of pollution and vice, deceitful and desperately wicked. My life, from my infantile years to the present moment, exhibits a wretched picture of uselessness, deformity and sin.

I fear I have lived to no good purpose, literally in vain. And yet, paradoxical as it may appear, I hope I do hate sin as hostile to God, and inimical to the best interests of men. I hope I do deplore, and abhor all my sins which for number and magnitude are beyond conception, and known only to Him with whom I have to do. most ardently wish in my humble way to promote the interests of pure religion, and the advancement of Christ's kingdom on earth. But "Faint, yet pursuing," must be my motto. From the Bible we learn, that sanctification is not stationary, but progressive. Christians continually go from strength to strength, growing in grace and the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. But I do not seem to make any progress,-to gain any strength. I have often thought that I might adopt with propriety almost every successive evening, the exclama-

Judges viii. 4.

of the illustrious Roman Emperor, when he exclaimat the close of a day on which he had not conferred a cur on any one, "My friends, I have lost a day?" O had lost but one day, and all my others had been it in uniform, and ardent, and entire devotedness to I, methinks it would shed a ray of lustre on my last rs, and illumine my departing moments, while Christ his righteousness should be all my dependence.

Dec. 1. Sabbath morn. Imagination tells me you are outly worshipping the most High in his earthly May you be favoured with his presence and rts. sing, and find proper food for your immortal soul; t you may say as I have often said, "it is good to be re," By a peculiar trial I am now deprived of this stimable privilege. Yet, cheering consideration! though d loveth the gates of Zion, he does not forsake the ellings of Jacob. To the humble and contrite soul he eady to communicate his grace, and manifest his glo-"God in himself is bliss enough, take what he will In him are hid all the treasures of wisdom knowledge, and he is the fountain of all excellence I glory. The Christian's conversation is in heaven. holds "communion, sweet communion, large and ligh," with the glorious Jehovah, the maker of heaven learth. And by his amiable and useful deportment, ers take knowledge of him that he has been with us, and learned of Him.

Redemption! how great, hew glorious the theme. us, the beloved Son of the Most High, who thought it robbery to be equal with God, became incarnate, suffer-reproaches and indignities, and eventually died the agoing and ignominious death of the cross for rebel sinners, worthless worms of the dust. The combined exertions angels and men could not have effected the recovery of lost soul. Sin was committed against an infinitely

holy God, and required an infinite expistion. Prince E manuel was our substitute, and he only was adequate t the arduous, the amazing undertaking. He is exalte to the throne of his Father, and makes continual inter cession for his humble followers. He invites us in the most alluring manner, in the most soothing accents, participate in the blessings he has bought with his or most precious blood. "Come unto me, all'ye that l bour, and are heavy laden; and I will give you re Him that cometh unto me, I will in no wise cast ou O may our hearts overflow with gratitude to this gra Physician and Recoverer of lapsed souls! Let us end your to transcribe in our hearts and lives the lineamer of his immaculate character: for he has left us an exaple that we should follow his steps: And the nearer approximate to him, we enjoy a more refined and sol happiness, and are capable of doing more good.

I have recently read Buchanan's "Researches in Asia a very instructive work. Speaking of the ancient Syri Christians, who had only manuscript Bibles, he asked priest if he should like to have some printed copie "They will be worth more than their weight in silve replied the venerable priest; and then inquired if it wor be practicable to obtain one for each church. Do way friend, realize the immense value of our Bibles?

Since I saw you, I have also read Scott's Force Truth, a very interesting and judicious work; calculate I think, to be extensively useful. It is said of Hem Kirke White, a considerable poet, that when imbibilatitudinarian principles, a pious minister sent him the book, which had the desired effect. He immediate renounced his infidel scheme, and ever after was an advente for the fundamental doctrines of the gospel.

Your candour will excuse trivial faults; but should y perceive material errors, act like a friend, and make the

nown to me. As soon as you find a vacant hour, dente it to your ever affectionate friend, &c.

JOURNAL, 1812.

March 20. This world is replete with changes, misforunes, separations, sins, and troubles. Some are dying, ping the way of all the earth; others are introduced into this mutable state, to fill up the vacancies. Some are pining on beds of sickness; others surfeited with exube-Some are soaring to honours and emolutunt health. ments; others verging to the deepest obscurity; some possessed of princely power, and affluent fortunes; others enslaved to cruel tyrants, groaning under poverty and ignominious chains. Some are glorying in the most consummate wickedness, without one relenting sigh, or one foreboding fear; others there are, groaning under the burden of their guilt and bondage, ready to despair of mercy; and others exulting in the superlative love of Jesus, and as it were transported to the third heavens.

Alas! some have parted with friends, near and dear as life itself! Yes, in this world I must never more behold one whom I delight to call my friend,—my sister. Harriet is now probably sailing the boisterous Atlantic, in quest of the benighted shores of India, there to instruct poor Indians, and shew to them Jesus, whose blood cleanseth from all sin; which the waters of the Ganges cannot wash away. O my friend, dear art thou to my fond beart, which almost bleeds at parting. May Jesus fit us to meet in his kingdom above, where the falling tear shall be wiped away, and our souls shall praise his name for evermore.

April 25. Last Thursday I heard Mr B. E. preach sur preparatory lecture from these words, "Whosoever shall eat this bread, and drink this cup unworthing,

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shall be guilty of the body and blood of the Lord." It was a most searching sermon, and I think made as deep impression on my mind as any I ever heard. I do hope it will not be as water spilt on the ground, but like the seed that fell on good soil, may it spring up, and bear abundant fruit, to the glory of sovereign grace. O that I, and every professor, who heard that solemn discours. may faithfully and diligently examine ourselves by it, and see if we are not weighed in the bulance, and found wanting. O merciful Father, be with us all on the ensuing Sabbath, meet with us in our closets, display thy radiant glory to our view, and enable us to wrestle with thee like Jacob, and like Israel to prevail. Welcome us to thy table, feed our hungry souls with good things, and fill them with humble repentance, and admiring in and gratitude. May our lamps be replenished with oil, our graces enlivened and confirmed, and our whole souls ravished with the beauties of our Redeemer. Bliss our minister with renewed unction of divine grace.

April 28. Yesterday I passed the afternoon very agreeably with N. W. I was very free in conversation, and communicated some things which, I believe, had better been kept secret. I have full and encreasing evidence that my tongue is an unruly evil, replete with deadly poison; hard, very hard to govern. O that I may be enabled to set a double guard, to watch the door of my lips. O the rich compassion of Jesus! He still bears with my continued provocation, and gives me now and then a glimpse of his resplendent beauties. Sure be is lovely, altogether lovely, deserving a world of praise. What are the riches of both the Indies; what are all the honours, emoluments and pleasures of the whole globe, compared to an interest in his favour, and the enjoyment of his smiles? O may his superlative excellence be known, and admired by the ignorant Hottentot, the ifatuated Mahometan, the superstitious Hindoo, the poor egraded African, the enlightened European, the highly twoured American, and by all classes of people in all limes. Blessed Jesus! erect thy throne in every heart; hed abroad thy love in every breast; and cause thy same to be praised from the rising of the sun to his going lown. Bless our dear missionaries on the dangerous ocean; bring them safely and speedily to the benighted shores of Hindostan, with hearts overflowing with gratitude, glowing with philanthropy, and burning with heavenly zeal.

LETTER TO MISS A. C. H. OF BRADFORD.

Beverly, June 6, 1812.

PERHAPS I ought to apologize, my dear Miss H. for again troubling you with a letter, especially as I rather think you have not answered my last. But as we humbly hope we are partakers of the same special grace. travelling to the same eternal home let us do all in our power to help each other, to bear each others burden, and provoke unto love and good works. How is it with you? I trust you enjoy the presence of your covenant God, and are engaged in promoting his glorious cause. Alas! what shall I say of myself? I am cold and stupid in the service of the greatest and best of beings! "Oh that my head were waters, and mine eyes a fountain of tears, that I might weep day and night" over my wretched unbelief, obduracy, pride, ingratitude, and every evil of my heart. Blessed be God for Jesus Christ. One drop of that precious blood which he voluntarily shed on Calvary, " can wash the dismal stain away!" Though our sins be of scarlet colour and a crimson hue, in number and magnitude rising to the very heavens, and calling aloud for vengeance, yet Jesus Christ came into the world to save sinners. "Amazing pity! grace unknown! and love beyond degree!" O the height; the depth, and the of the love of Christ! Let us ponder much on th ous, stupendous theme, though our ideas must inadequate, till we are landed in the Canaan above faith and hope are forever superseded by the fu and fruition of our Saviour and our God. (shall I be thus favoured?) consummately holy and shall sing the song of redeeming love, with a wonder and rapturous joy, "Worthy is the Lamb ! slain, to receive power, and riches, and wisdo strength, and honour, and glory, and blessing !" wa hope for such great things, let us observe th tle's injunction, "Be ye therefore stedfast, imm always abounding in the work of the Lord." should shine as lights in the world. They should the constant exercise of religion, displaying en the fruits of the Spirit in their lives and conve that others may take knowledge of them that th been with Jesus, and are one with them. My dea: I am weary of this lassitude. I am sick of this st I do long to be engaged in religion, to glow with zeal for the cause of Zion, and with alacrity do al power for its advancement. But alas! "when I do good, evil is present with me." I will not you any more with my complaints at present; will rejoice with me, that we have a compassionat Priest, who can be touched with the feeling of o mities, having been tempted like as we are in all sin excepted. In all our difficulties and sorrow: repair to him, and implore grace to help in time

Sabbath morn, June 7. My dear friend, relithis place is at very low ebb. Iniquity abounds, love of many appears to be waxing cold. It is feared, that the religion of many is only nomine they call Christ, Lord, Lord, but are not caref

things which he commands. Sinners notice their ersation, and exulting ask, "What do ye more than But in these times of general declension, it is onsoling hope, that there are a few who, by their sle and amiable deportment and pious conversation, e to all around them that they feel the power of ness, and constraining love of Jesus in their souls. t I have said in the grief of my heart, I trust will ge your prayers for us, that we may be stimulated to and vigorous exertions for a general revival, that dark times may be the prelude to a bright and nous morn. " The Lord reigneth, let the carth re-His church is the object of his peculiar care; he has promised, that the gates of hell shall not preagainst it. Satan and his subtile emissaries may to undermine his cause, and exterminate his dear e from the earth; but they are all under his conl, and do in reality subserve his interests, and for-I his designs, though " they mean not so, neither dor hearts think so." He that sits on the holy hill ien, can make the wrath of man to praise him, and. remainder of wrath he will restrain. He has the ts of all in his hand, and can turn them as the rivers aters are turned. He can make his most inveterate nies to become his most zealous and cordial friends: raise up children to Abraham of the very stones. time, the glorious time is hastening, when Christ I have the heathen for his inheritance, and the uttert parts of the earth for his possession. His gospel l soon visit every habitable corner of the world, makthe wilderness and solitary place to bloom like Eden, resound with hosannas to the Son of David. They are now groping in worse than Egyptian darkness, sived in Pagan, Mahometan, and Jewish superstition, shall be illumined with the refulgent rays of the righteousness, and rejoice in his pardoning love.

I leave you to worship God in his earthly courts you, may I, may all who encircle the throne of graday, be watered with the dews of divine grace, ensmiles of our blessed Jesus, and be prepared to enj in the New Jerusalem, where all is love, amity and and where none "shall say, I am sick."

Sabbath eve. Yes, my sister, our Jesus shall "King of nations, as he is King of saints." things are spoken of Zion, the city of our God," in due time shall be accomplished. The knowle the Lord shall fill the earth, as the waters cover th and all nations shall flock to the standard of the Unquestionably many of the poor heathen, who time since were led captive by Satan at his will been liberated from their abject bondage, and n enjoy that liberty wherewith Christ makes his cl free. Many more, it is to be hoped, have done w and sorrow, have reached the haven of eternal reare singing hallelujahs to the Prince of peace. sublime, how glorious is their felicity! With whe ture do they look back on the hour, when a pious sionary first landed on their native shores. With ineffable extacy do they recur to the moment whe were snatched as brands from the burning, and e to all their present glory, and celestial prospects. friend, the salvation of one poor Pagan is worth than millions and millions of worlds. May our missionaries be instrumental in bringing many darkness into God's marvellous light, who shall be joy and crown of rejoicing in the day of the Lord I think much of our dear sisters, Nancy and H With an aching heart, and weeping eyes, I rece shall see them no more on earth. But I commer

God, and to the word of his grace, beseeching him to ess them and make them blessings; and at last give us a happy meeting in heaven, never more to be separat. My beloved Miss H. I have written much, and t not the half that I wish. If my letter meets with a scome reception, I shall doubtless have an answer soon. we candour will excuse imperfections. Yours inviolably.

JOURNAL, 1812.

June 14. Is it possible that heaven can be my home,. nile it has so few of my thoughts? How can I love my viour God, while his superlative love and excellence so bly affect my heart. If Jesus is mine, and I am his, ly am I not constantly enraptured with his beauties, d glowing with zeal for his cause? Why am I not on e wing to do good and communicate, doing all in my wer to meliorate the condition of those around me, and ring ample evidence of the beauty and worth of that arity, which seeketh not her own? Alas, sin dwelleth me. "What I would, that do I not; but what I would t, that do I." Thanks be to God for his unspeakable t of Jesus Christ. I have nothing; I am nothing; I a do nothing, to merit the divine blessing. But, if I not deceived, my dependence is on Christ. May he made unto me wisdom, righteousness, and redemption. June 18. After much deliberation, and some difficulty, ttle meeting is appointed here among the females, for purpose of reading and conversing on religious subs. What encouragement it will receive I know not: am inclined to hope it will prove propitious to the inst of the Redeemer's kingdom, and edifying to the ible soul. O, if there may be even but three met. her in Christ's name, he will be in the midst guidirecting, instructing, and comforting them. I hope, ж 3

I ardently pray for the enlivening smiles of God, that we may be united in love; that we may rehearse with freedom the wonders of redeeming grace, and speak of things pertaining to the kingdom of God; and may the meeting be a Bethel to each of our souls. The Lord grant, we all may have reason to rejoice for these little conference. Surely something must be done, to counteract the spirit of dissipation, impiety, and awful stupidity, which increases to an alarming degree. If we cannot do what we nould, we must do what we can. God, the Maker of heaven and earth, does not despise the day of small things. He condescendingly notices the weakest exertions to promote his glory, and advance his cause; and 0 that he may likewise honour this poor attempt with abundant success!

Lord I want humility. With surprise and grief I have of late observed the workings of that predominant sin, pride. O cleanse thou me from secret faults.

June 27. We have appointed two meetings; but alas! they meet with no encouragement. Any thing, even a convival visit, is become of more importance than spending two hours in religious conversation and reading. All seek their own, not the things that are Jesus Christ's. Religion, with many of its professors, is but a secondary concern, not worthy of being the subject of conversation in their social visits. Ought these things so to be? we so learned Christ? O that mine head were waters, and mine eves a fountain of tears, that I might weep day and night over the sin and iniquity that prevail, and call down the judgments of Heaven upon us. Wars and rumours of wars are convulsing the earth. Perhaps New England has seen its happiest days. O that Christians would awake from their slumbers, stand in the gap, and plead mightily for our nation. O that our President, and all invested with authority, may be guided and directed by that wisdom which comes from above, and adopt measures salutary and prudent. O that we may all individually repent of our provoking sins, and walk softly and humbly before God all the days of our lives. Arise, O Lord; favour Zion. Bless our missionaries; bless our dear country; bless all the nations of the earth with peace and religion.

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER TO MISS N. K. OF . NEWBURYPORT.

Beverly, July 6, 1812.

MY DEAR COUSIN, 4

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Last evening I attended worship at Mr E.'s Chapel, where a most excellent sermon was delivered by Mr E, of Salem, from these words, "He that is not for me is against me; and he that gathereth not with me scattereth abroad." There is no medium in this case, my cousin. We are serving God or mammon. We are preparing for immortal glory, or posting on to destruction. Let infidels and atheists contemptuously sneer at the humble Christian, and audaciously say, "No God, no future punishment;" but they shall know, perhaps too late. that heaven and hell are not mere chimeras, but awful realities. They shall know that the Christian has not "followed cunningly devised fables;" but that he has chosen the good part, the pearl of great price, of infinitely more worth than millions of perishing worlds. O my cousin, my cousin, the time is short! We stand on the borders of the unseen world, on the verge of heaven or hell. After we have witnessed a few more rising and setting suns, we shall go the way whence we shall not return. Wealth, honour, pleasure, will ye cheer us in our departing moments, smooth our dying pillows, irradiate the gloomy vale, and ascertain our titles to crowns of glory? Thy smiles, dear Jesus, can dispel the horrors of the grave, and fill our souls with glory unutterable. The religion of the most renowned heathen philosophers could never effect this. No; to them all was uncertainty and darkness beyond the grave. By the gospel, life and immortality are brought to light. Let us not neglect these blessings, lest the heathen rise up in judgment, and condemn us. Let not our immortality, that grand prerogative of our nature, prove our everlasting curse. O no! let us deposit our souls by faith and love in the hands of Jesus, and then they shall be safe under the wreck of worlds, and dissolution of nature. "Our faith shall sit secure, and bid defiance to the gates of hell."

The sun has left our hemisphere, and darkness bids me close. Respects to your honoured parents. I am your affectionately, &c.

LETTER TO MISS N. J. OF BEVERLY.

Beverly, July 6, 1812.

EXPECTED company will prevent my visiting you this afternoon, and attending the meeting; but if you will excuse my intrusion, I will converse a few moments with you by epistle.

May this be the commencement of a correspondence and friendship, founded on the rock Christ Jesus. Then it shall live and flourish, when time shall be no more, refined, enlarged, and exalted in the Paradise of God. There we shall meet with the prophets, apostles, and martyrs; there we shall meet, not only with those Christians with whom we are personally acquainted here, but millions whom we never saw, redeemed out of every tongue, and nation, and clime, an exceeding great multitude, which no man can number, all cemented together the most indissoluble union—all one in Christ Jesus.

There we shall join with seraphic spirits in singing the song of Moses and the Lamb. But this is not all. We shall see Jesus, the Mediator of the new covenant, the Saviour of sinners, the Captain of our salvation, the Prince of peace. Lost in admiration, love and extacy, we gaze on his resplendent beauties, and superlative glory; we adore his stupendous electing love, and chaunt his praises in melodious strains. This is he who was born in a manger, who constantly went about doing good, who had not where to lay his head, who suffered patiently the scorn and derision of rebellious worms, a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief. Behold him in Gethsemane! He is sore amazed and very heavy, exceeding sorrowful even unto death; in such an agony that he sweat as it were blood from every pore, Attend him to Calvary. There, extended on the cross, forsaken by his disciples, partially forsaken by his Father, his body in the most exquisite anguish, his soul overwhelmed with the ponderous load of all our sins, he meekly bows his head and dies. "Heaven wept that man might smile; heaven bled that man might never die: Bound every heart, and every bosom burn." I can say no more on this mysteria ous, glorious theme. My inexperienced pen is inadequate to the task. Surely disembodied redeemed spirits must Take all heaven resound with loud acclamations to their great Deliverer. Well might the angels sing, "Glory God in the highest, and on earth peace, good will toward men," at the birth of the "Babe of Bethlehem." Well might the apostle count all things but loss for the excellency of the knowledge of Christ Jesus his Lord. To know Jesus and him crucified: to feel a spark of his love in our hearts, is a rich enjoyment, a prelibation of heaven, to which a confluence of terrestrial delights bears no comparison. "God is love; and he that dwelleth in we dwelleth in God, and God in him." Love and humility are, I apprehend, the quintessence of religion. Could I but descry these two graces habitually in my heart, I should need no surer criterion of my union to Jesus, and part in his redemption. If I know any thing of my deceitful heart, I think I do long to possess them in the highest degree, and ever to act under their influence. But alas! pride, that predominant sin in all, discovers itself in a variety of forms, and works within my great grief and detriment. "O for perfect likeness to my Lord!" O for a humble and contrite spirit, which the Majesty of heaven will not despise!

I trust you enjoy the presence of your covenant Gol, and are engaged in his service. He is a good Master, and worthy of our entire confidence and obedience. You will ever have reason to rejoice that you enlisted under his banners, and put your trust under the shadow of his wings. If he has called us from darkness unto light, we are engaged in a warfare which death only will terminate If Satan cannot prevent our salvation, he will at least do all in his power to annoy our peace and comfort. But we need not fear. He and all our enemies are subject to our Prince, and can do nothing but by his permission-More and greater are they that are for us, than they that are against us. The conflict will soon be over. If we are what we profess, we shall soon be beyond the reach of an ensnaring world, a wicked heart, and a malicious adversary. Yes, my sister, life is but a transient passage from the cradle to the tomb. The important period is hastening on, when our work will be finished, our race run, our probation ended. O for wisdom to redeem the time, to improve the precious moments, as they take their flight, to the glory of God, and the good of our fellow mortals. Let the love of Jesus constrain us to use every talent and every faculty in promoting his kingdom, and recommending his religion. Freely we have received

It us freely give. Much has been done for us, shall we ot burn with an ardent desire to do something to evince ur love to the blessed Jesus? Never, never let us be shamed of the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ. No; we rill glory in it: We will manifest to the world, that we ive as strangers and pilgrims here, that we have meat to at that they know not of—joys to which they are strangers, and that we are the disciples of the meek and lowly Jesus. May he give us grace thus to act; for our sufficiency is of God.

My dear Nancy, these are emphatically perilous times. "Iniquity abounds, and the love of many waxes cold." "The ways of Zion do mourn, because few come unto her solemn feasts." Could I see professing Christians sighing and crying for the abominations that prevail, I should consider it a token for good. But I hope yet to see better times. The Lion of the tribe of Judah shall prevail. His cause shall revive and flourish, his kingdom shall extend till all nations are brought into it. Those who sit in darkness and the shadow of death, shall exult in the cheering rays of the Sun of righteousness, and triumph in his pardoning love. Thousands, now led captive by Satan at his will, shall ere long be emuncipated from their galling bondage, shall emerge from obscurity, ignorance, and vice, to the possession of pardon, peace, and felicity.

"O blessed hour! O glorious day!
What a large victory shall ensue?
And converts, who thy grace obey,
Exceed the drops of morning dew."

Accept the effusions of my heart, and overlook imperfections I need not say that an answer would be highly gratifying. I am yours affectionately, &c.

JOURNAL, 1812.

July 12. I groan, being burdened. stupid to an amazing degree. But I have to mou my carnal mind, my rebellious will, my unprofita my unguarded conversation, and my distance fi covenant God and Saviour. Blessed be God, I under the law, but under grace. There is balm lead, there is a Physician there. The bruised: will not break, the smoking flax he will not quen that I could ever be looking unto Jesus. O that sires, my hopes, my thoughts, my whole heart centre in him, for he is worthy. May his name sic to my ears, and celestial joy to my heart. his matchless excellencies may be manifested, and admired in heathen climes. May the wilderr solitary place be glad, and resound with loud hose his name. May our dear missionaries be favour his smiles, and diffuse the odour of his name through sart lands.

July 23. This being a day appointed by the nor of Massachusetts for fasting, humiliation, an er, O that all the children of God may have a sprayer poured out upon them! May they all mee throne of grace, and plead earnestly for our deal try, and the whole world; and may their wrestling with a prayer-hearing God. May all our chure Bochims,* and all our ministers prudent, humb fervent. May I be graciously guided, animat assisted in the complicated duties of the day, that have an Ebenezer to erect to my Lord and my G

Places of weeping. See Judges ii. 1-6.

LETTER TO MISS N. J. OF BEVERLY.

Beverly, July 29, 1812.

MY DEAR NANCY,

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Your ideas on the atonement and character of Christ, fully coincide with mine. That Christ is equal to the Father is, I think, obviously held to view in the oracles of God. He himself asserts, "I and my Father are one;" and John, speaking of the Son, says, "This is the true God, and eternal life." He is the brightness of the Father's glory, and the express image of his person; he thought it not robbery to be equal with God, and declared it to be the divine will, "that all men should honour the Son, even as they honour the Father." As far as I can ascertain, this precious doctrine is generally advocated among professors in this parish. But I have been in company with persons who discard from their systems the doctrine of divine decrees and of election, and who have manifested such disgust and pain at the very introduction of these subjects, that no arguments, no scripture proofs could be attended to, or even heard with composure. But why do they thus mutilate the unerring word of God? If the bible is a revelation of his will, a perfect rule of faith and practice, let us take it as we find it, and cordially receive what is there revealed, though to us incomprehensible. Whatever is necessary to our salvation appears in the most explicit terms, adapted to the meanest capacity. There are mysteries in nature; and were there none in the volume of inspiration. coming from the infinite Jehovah, the great I AM, whose Ways and thoughts are as high above ours as the hea-Vens are higher than the earth, might we not suspect it to be of human invention? Now we see through a glass darkly. Many are the difficulties we cannot solve. The ways of God are inscrutable, and many of his dispensations appear mysterious and unaccountable. But a called to walk by faith, and not by sight, to trust citly in God, and rest assured, that though cloud darkness are round about him, yet judgment ar tice are the habitation of his throne. Those wh numbly trust and serve Him, shall one day see a factory solution of these ambiguous dispensation wise reasons for all his procedure, when they shall him face to face, see as they are seen, and know they known. Ignorance and error shall then vanis they shall see that the Lord "has done all things a

My dear friend, we live in a dark and gloom when errors and divisions prevail even among prof to the great detriment of religion, and grieving Holy Spirit. I often fear I am a stumbling-block way of others, and that I strengthen the hands doers. How affecting his interrogation, "Will: go away?" May we not exclaim, "Lord, to whor we go? thou hast the words of eternal life." O, r be the Shepherd and Physician of our souls. I l appropriate the following verses to myself. "I wi thee, O Lord, my strength. The Lord is my roc my fortress, and my deliverer; my God, my streng whom I will trust; my buckler, and the horn of n vation, and my high tower."

"When I can say, 'My God is mine,' When I can feel thy glories shine, I tread the world beneath my feet, And all that earth calls good or great."

This could soften the rugged path of life; che under the most acute and complicated trials; and a the bed of death. Were I banished to the cold clin Nova Zembla, without an earthly friend or comforwould warm and exhibitante my heart, and make little heaven below. It would constrain me to a

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praises of God in the joyless dungeon at midnight, as did Paul and Silas; and it would enable me to embrace the martyr's stake with joy unutterable. Do you not feel, my dear friend, that "God in himself is bliss enough, take what he will away?" That without his smiles and presence you would be miserable, even though you were possessor of the earth, and called all its honours and pleasures your own? And yet how prone are we to leave the Fountain of living waters, for broken cisterns that can hold no water,-to leave the God of all comfort for perishing, withering gourds,* which are less than nothing and vanity. How strange it is, that those who have been called from darkness to light, and have tasted that the Lord is gracious, should ever become immersed in the cares and pleasures of this vain world, and be stupid and inactive in his delightful service. May you, my beloved sister, ever be a distinguished ornament to the religion you profess. When you enjoy nearness to God, think of your vile, worthless, stupid friend. O for the quickening, enlivening influences of the Holy Spirit, to put life into every duty; without which all is formality. If I am a child of God, how can I "live at this poor dying mte !" If I know any thing of my heart, I do long to be conformed to the holy law of God, to die unto sin and hve unto righteousness, to be active in the promotion of Christ's cause and kingdom. But if these desires are sincere, why do they not produce correspondent exertions? If I love God, it must be tested by cheerful obedience to his commandments. The service of Christ is perfect freedom; his yoke is easy, his burden light, and his commandments are not grievous, but just and reasonable. True, the christian has crosses to take up, conflicts to Sustain, trials to endure, and battles to fight; but he has an almighty Captain, who supplies, guides, and guards

[•] Jonah iv. 6, 7.

him through every encounter, and will bring him off more than conqueror over all his enemies. He finds, in the humble performance of his duty, that peace of mind which passes understanding,—joys to which the ungodly are strangers. He has many an Ebenezer to erect, and many a place on which might well be inscribed Bethel. His trials all come with a need-be, and shall all work together for his good; and he shall soon be brought to the place his Redeemer has prepared for him; where he shall hear the voice of war no more forever; and where all tears shall be wiped away.

De we, my beloved friend, hope for that rest which remaineth for the people of God? Let us then purify ourselves even as he is pure; be steadfast, immoveable, always abounding in the work of the Lord. O, that this were indeed the case with me!

Our friends, Nancy and Harriet, have manifested great self-denial, disinterested benevolence, and heroic fortitude. Shall I see them no more?

" Of joys departed, no'er to be recall'd, How painful the remembrance!"

Your very affectionate friend, &c.

JOURNAL, 1812.

Aug. 7. The sun is about to set. To my beloved consin, Mary Kimball, it has set already, and set to rise no more. All that was mortal of that once animated and beauteous girl rests beneath the sod. Little did she think a few days ago, that her delicate and graceful form must be consigned so soon to the narrow grave. Yet this was the decree of Heaven; and no human being could reverse it. Mary, my dear Mary, I shall see you no more beneath the skies! Death has in a moment placed you

eyond my ken; while my tears shall bedew your memo-, and if permitted, shall descend in copious streams on our new made grave. My dear cousin, how did you el, as you left all mortal things, and ranged the fields f ether?

This catastrophe has involved a once happy family inears and gloom. One of its fairest flowers is withered. dethinks I see them clad in mourning, suffused in tears, and inconsolable. O my dear Nancy! often may you repair to her grave, and see the instability of all earthly things; and remember you must follow, and perhaps soon sleep by her side in a bed of dust. O Nancy. weep not for her, but weep for those sins which nailed the Saviour to the cross, and extorted blood from every pore. O that you may lean on the Almighty arm of the Redeemer, while you pass this vale of tears. Now you are deprived of your only sister, your bosom-friend, with whom you have shared many a joy, and spent many a olling year: O that your bleeding heart may be healed nd cheered by the God of all comfort, and made a fit. centacle for his Holy Spirit. May your remaining Lys be devoted to his glory; and, after a life of usefuless, may he smooth your dying pillow, and welcome Fur departing spirit to that happy land, where all tears tall be wiped away. O Lord, thou seest the dear family Imersed in the deepest gloom. Make this exquisite ial to work for their immortal good. Give them theoil of joy for mourning, and the garment of praise for e spirit of heaviness." Dry up their falling tears. Imess this monitory call on the heart of each individual: ach them the vanity of all beneath the sun, the brevity d uncertainty of life, the importance of time and of ing prepared for death; and eventually receive them allhy kingdom of glory, where neither sin nor sorrow. I ever enter.

Aug. 9. With all my credulity, I can scarcely be that Mary Kimball is no more. Is she dead? She w animating beauty and vivacity lighted animation in r a heart—she who was the idol of her fond parents, bro and sister, the delight of her friends: She who has appeared conspicuously on the theatre of life, whose beat high with prospects of future bliss:-Is she la the tomb? Her corporeal part rests in the dust. youthful beauty, no skill of the physician, no h power could ward off the fatal blow. While she moved from these earthly scenes, and early consigne her kindred dust, she will live in the affections of friends, and her grave shall be bedewed with the ter affection. Her probation is ended, her race is run her eternal state commenced. What amazing scene disclosed to her view! what vast realities open to he tonished sight! Oh Mary, how is it?

"But ah! no notices she gives,
Nor tells us where, nor how she lives."

Oh sin, what hast thou done? But for thee, sorro death had never been. But ah! blessed be God fo Bible, which brings life and immortality to light; v discloses a heaven beyond the grave, where storms troubles never come. O, when I pass the gloomy may Jesus be near to support and guide my fa spirit, and receive it to the embraces of his everl love.

LETTER TO HER SISTERS.

Newburyport, Aug. 14, 18

DEAR SISTERS,

AGREEABLY to your request, I shall now attempt you a concise account of the exit of our dear

Near a fortnight before that heart-rending event took place, my uncle and aunt had information that she was worse; and accordingly they immediately repaired to the place of her residence. They found her very sick, her head in the most exquisite distress, which had deprived ber of the exercise of her mental powers, which she never after enjoyed, except at intervals. In one of these intervals she told Nancy, who made her a short visit, that she must die, and was willing to die. Two days after the commencement of her last distressing illness, (for she died not literally of her original complaint, but of the dropsy in the head,) her physician told her he could do no more for her, and asked if she could not put her trust in God: to which she replied, she thought she could. Dr M. of Salem was sent for; and on his arrival said he could do nothing for her. Her parents were with her till she breathed her last, and every effort was used for saving her life; but death had received his commission, and youth, beauty, and virtue, fell a victim to his darts. Nancy Young, of whom you have heard Mary speak, rests with her beneath the sod. She was a very amiable character, an only daughter, and like Mary, very much beloved. But "death loves a shining mark, a signal blow."

I am very much at home here. My friends treat me with as much attention as I can possibly desire, and a vastly more than I deserve.

If you receive any letters for me from my friends, I vish you would gratify me so much as to send them to be directed to my uncle; and one of you write how you use, and whether any thing special has taken place since by departure. Yours, &c.

My friends here are as much composed as can be ex-

LETTER TO MISS E. S. OF BEVERLY, THEN AT BRADFORD ACADEMY.

MY DEAR FRIEND, Beverly, Sept. 6, 1812.

I CONSIDER your present situation important and critical. You not only possess advantages for acquiring polite and scientific knowledge, but you are indulged with many religious privileges. You have a rare opportunity for studying the philosophy of Jesus, and becoming an heir of his kingdom, which if you neglect, may be to your everlasting ruin. By nature we are children of wrath, alienated from God, and at enmity with him. Hence the necessity of a new heart, of being born again, of being created anew in Christ Jesus. And nothing short of sovereign grace can effect this radical changecan bow our stubborn wills, soften our adamantine hearts. and make us meet for glory. Realize, my friend, the desperate wickedness of your heart. Retrospect your past life, and say whether you have not lived in vain, and worse than in vain. How many precious years have you spent in pursuit of "trifles light as air," of vanities and embellishments which truly have not profited. Did you ever perform one action with a view to the glory of God? If not, then have you never done any thing intrinsically good, or acceptable to the Searcher of hearts and Trier of reins; for he commands us to do all to his glory. Have you ever felt the innate opposition of your heart to God? If you have not, it is evident you have had no just views of its depravity, nor of the character of God, nor of his holy law, which reaches to the thoughts and intents of the heart, and which denounces an awful curse on the least violation. This law you have counteracted; consequently you have incurred its heavy penalty, and stand obnoxious to the incensed wrath of the Majesty of heaven. Now may you tremblingly enquire, 'What shall I do to be saved?" "Believe in the Lord lesus Christ." " He has magnified the law, and made t honourable;"-made a complete atonement for sin, and wer liveth to make intercession for his people. Do you puestion his willingness to save you? Repair to Gethsemane, and from thence to Calvary. Witness his bloody weat, behold his dying agonies, all endured for rebel Is not this sufficient? Listen then with admiring gratitude to his gracious invitations, comforting to the wounded spirit, and soothing to the sin-sick soul. "Come unto me, all ye that labour and are heavy-laden, and I will give you rest;" and " him that cometh unto me I will in no wise cast out." Fly then, my friend, to his expanded arms. Imbibe his spirit, emulate his example, and obey his commands. This will make you happy and useful in life, console you in affliction, smooth your dying pillow, cheer your expiring moments, and give you a part in that " rest which remaineth for the people of God." The soul is precious. It is capable of enjoying the most 'efined and exalted felicity, or of enduring the most comicated and consummate misery. Millions of ages hence t shall flourish in unfading spring and immortal glory, r be sinking in the abyss of corroding anguish and black espair, "where their worm dieth not, and the fire is ot quenched." The joys of heaven, the torments of ell, the brevity and uncertainty of life, the certainty of eath and judgment, the unutterable worth of the soul, e superlative love of Jesus, the mercies of God, and in ort every thing, urges upon you the infinite impornce of an immediate renunciation of sin and reconciliaon to God. And will you procrastinate? Will you conme to reject the lovely Saviour, voluntarily serve the emy of souls, and post on with celerity to destruction? en God may in anger say, " My Spirit shall no longer strive," and leave you to judicial blindness of mind and hardness of heart, to treasure up wrath against the day of wrath. Then you may soon unavailingly lament your dreadful infatuation, and, in the doleful accents of despair, cry out, "The harvest is past, the summer is ended, and I am not saved." You know that your life is a vapour, a short passage from the cradle to the grave Though now in youth and health, there may be but "1 step between you and death." When you witness the rays of the setting sun, reflect, that before the east is illumined with his splendour, you may have done with al below the skies, and entered on an unchangeable, eterns state. Eternity-eternity, with all its infinite joys or sor rows, hangs suspended on "an inch of time," on the frai attenuated thread of life. A few more days, perhap hours, will decide our destiny irreversibly and eternally How then can we "give sleep to our eyes, or slumber t our eyelids," till our peace is made with the Keeper Israel, who never slumbers nor sleeps, and whose favou is of more worth than millions of worlds? that person whose God is Jehovah. May you have a eye of faith to behold the beauty, the perfection, the glory of Immanuel; and may you triumph in his pardo ing love, and heaven-beaming smiles. Should this your happy case, how sincerely should I congratulate yo How pleasantly should we go to the house of God company, how often would we converse freely on thin pertaining to the kingdom of God, on Zion and Zion King; and should Jesus condescend to join us, how won our hearts burn within us, as did the disciples of o Such scenes, only in imagination, almost invigorate a warm my cold and stupid heart. What then would t reality do?

May this summer be a memorable, auspicious one you on these accounts; and innumerable ages hence,

look back to it with enraptured joy and transporting cy. Bradford is dear to the hearts of many who were le there to tremble under the thunder of Mount Sinai, at length took refuge in the ark of safety, and comiced their journey Zion-ward with alacrity and zeal. the like reasons, may it be peculiarly dear to you not my hopes be frustrated. Now is the accepted e; now is the day of salvation. Consecrate your thful days to God. The meridian of life may not be rs. I beseech, I intreat, I conjure you, to choose that it part "which death shall double, and judgment wn."

"Crown'd higher, and still higher at each stage,
Through blest eternity's long day; yet still
Not more remote from sorrow, than from Him
Whose lavish hand, whose love stupendous, pours
So much of Deity on guilty dust.
There, O my Betsy, may I meet thee there.

Write soon, and much longer than your last; and let of the freedom with which I have written offend you. resent my respects to Mr A. and wife, and love to all ho may inquire after me. Yours affectionately, &c.

JOURNAL, 1812.

Oct. Since I wrote last, I have made a visit to Newuryport and Bradford. My visit at Bradford was pecuarly pleasing. Christians are engaged; young converts lebrating the praises of their Redeemer; and convicted uners inquiring what they shall do to be saved. About renty are hopefully the subjects of renewing grace, and this number is my dear Miss S. I hope and trust he has set her face Zion-ward, and will run the heavenly we with zeal and alacrity. May the day on which she

returns be an auspicious one to Beverly. May she come in the fulness of the blessing of the gospel of Christ-Come to do great and eminent good here. O for a shower of divine grace on this barren place, that Zion may be enlarged and beautified, and God glorified! O for a day of Pentecost there, when all shall be of one heart and soul; and great grace shall be upon all. O Lord, make bare thine omnipotent arm, and delight to build up thy cause, and appear in thy glory. Save this sinking church from extinction; purify it and increase its graces and is numbers. Arouse Christians from their guilty slumber; enable them to trim their lamps, and replenish them with oil, and appear decidedly on the Lord's side. Let care less sinners tremble under the thunders of Sinai, and be to the ark of safety.

LETTER TO MRS H. P. OF BRADFORD.

MY DEAR MRS P.

I TENDER you my sincere thanks for your very obliging letter handed me a few hours ago. Be assured, I should duly appreciate the correspondence commenced, and will do all in my power for its continuance; but I feel, keenly feel, my own inability to write any thing I know not what can induce you worthy your perusal. to wish for any epistolary communications from me, or intercourse with me; for I am indeed no adept in letter-writing, and utterly unworthy your affection I can adopt the language of Job, "Beand regard. From the crown of my head to hold. I am vile." the sole of my feet, I am full of wounds and bruises, and putrifying sores, covered with the leprosy of sin; so that I often exclaim, "O wretched one that I am! who shall deliver me from the body of this death?" Truly I have continual need to cry, " Create in mea

lean heart, O God, and renew a right spirit within me." But if we appear thus deformed and sinful to our own partial selves, how shall we appear to the Majesty of neaven, who cannot look upon sin but with abhorrence; n whose sight the heavens are not clean, and before whom angels and archangels veil their faces, as not worthy or able to behold so much glory. Well might the apostle enjoin us to " be clothed with humility;" and well might trembling and despair take hold of us, but that he is God of infinite compassion and transcendent mercy. How astonishing! that he will hold communion with vile worms of the dust, and now and then give them " a drop of heaven," by the benign manifestation of his grace and glory. Blessed be God for Jesus Christ, through whom every blessing flows. O may our souls be lost in wonder, love, and praise, when we contemplate the glorious plan of redemption. O the height, the depth, and the length of the love of Christ! May it warm and invigorate our hearts, stimulate to every duty, sweeten every cross, alleviate every sorrow, smooth our dying pillows. and be the theme of our adoring praises and extatic halklujahs through the rounds of eternal ages.

Friday eve. I had heard of the glorious out-pourings of the Holy Spirit in Bristol, R. I. previous to the recipt of your letter. I have since had information of a very general revival in Francistown, N. H. As cold waters to a thirsty soul, so is such good news from a far country. Blessed be God that any are called to the marriage supper of the Lamb, made trophies of his victorious grace and redeeming love, and induced to commence their journey from spiritual Egypt to the heavenly Canaan. Wonderful are the effects of divine grace. It can sweeten the roughest temper, soften the hardest heart, subdue the most stubborn will, and humble the proudest rebel. It can change the lion into the lamb,

and bring the most aspiring and supercilious monarch to sit with the simplicity of a child at the Saviour's feet.

We go on here as stupidly as usual; perhaps more so Though there are many dry bones here, yet they callive. Who knows but God is about to breathe life into them, to pour out his spirit here, and appear in his glory. Though there are no appearances of it, yet possibly this may be the case; and, O should I live to witness it—but it is too much to expect. O that the Lord would make bare his omnipotent arm, cause sinners to tremble under the thunders of Sinai, and to flee for refuge to the ark of safety! Do pray that this may be the case, and that your stupid friend may be enlivened and quickened by the Holy Spirit.

Give my love to Mrs B. and all dear friends. Come and see us when convenient; but do write every opportunity. Yours affectionately.

LETTER TO MISS C. G. OF BRADFORD.

Beverly, Oct. 20, 1812.

How is my dear, dear Charlotte? I hope rejoicing in God, and running the way of his commandments, with a heart enlarged with gratitude, and glowing with zeal. May you so run, that you may obtain the prize, even \$ crown of glory that fadeth not away. When a Christian enjoys the smiles of his heavenly Father, and the presence of the holy Comforter, when he feels the sweetly constraining love of Jesus in his soul, how much does be enjoy, and how active is he in the discharge of duty-How forcibly, and how amiably does he exhibit the fruits of the Spirit in his life and conversation. Difficulties, insuperable to a luke-warm Christian, do not impede his progress. Inflamed with heavenly ardour, he surmounts all obstructions, rises superior to every discouragement, assumes the cross with alacrity, and embraces every of portunity to meliorate the condition of his fellow mortals, and advance the interests of his Redeemer's kingdom. With him the glory of God is a fundamental object, for which he longs, and assiduously labours, regardless of the contumely and invectives of a wicked world. He may be stigmatised with the appellation of devotee or enthusiant; but having learnt to glory in the cross of Christ, he cheerfully bears persecution, nor counts his life dear unto him, that he may glorify God, and finish his course with jpy.

Alas! what I have written is what I would be, but at svery great remove from what I am. I trust however it is the happy case with you, and the dear young converts in your vicinity. I think much of you all, but particuarly of those who have recently been liberated from the bondage of sin and Satan, and adopted children of Godl. Most sincerely do I congratulate them on the happy change: and ardently wish they may ever prove bright omaments to the religion of Jesus, and zealous advocates for the doctrines of the cross. But my heart almost bleeds when I think of the trials and temptations to which they will inevitably be more or loss exposed, from a malicious adversary, an ensnaring world, and a wicked heart. Having but just put on the harness, they are little acquainted with fighting, and will probably meet with considerable detriment, and many sore bruises and wounds. O that they may be careful not to go to battle in their ownstrength, but in dependence on their Captain; and they shall infallibly come off victorious in the end, for he is the good shepherd who has given his life for the sheep, and none shall pluck them out of his hand. Tell them, my dear friend, to walk humbly and watchfully, to pray. fervently and constantly, to beware of sin, to press forward, to appear decidedly on the Lord's side, and live. entirely devoted to God. May they be good soldiers of

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Jesus Christ, and rich blessings to the church and the world

I lament that a preacher of universal salvation has been permitted to exhibit his flattering, though deleterious principles in Bradford; but I hope their influence and tendency has been effectually counteracted. no doubt will avail himself of all his power, to introduce errors, opposition, and confusion; but he and all his emissaries are under the controll of Zion's King, and carnot go beyond his permission. The present is a critical and gloomy time. Cruel animosities, vice, and damnable heresies abound: wars and rumours of wars are desolating nations, and strange convulsions are shaking the earth to its very centre. The judgments of God are abroad in the world and in our land. The sword is unsheathed, and the din of war resounds in our once peaceful climes, exhibiting garments rolled in blood, and spreading devastation and destruction far and wide: When the conflict will terminate, Omniscience only knows. But it is to be feared, that other direful calamities impend, if speedy national repentance do not prevent Under these distressing apprehensions, and in these perilous times, what can console us, but the consideration that "the Lord reigns?" Amidst all these eventful appearances and dire commotions, the Church is safe. Founded on a Rock, and under the peculiar protection of the King of kings, she shall stand every blast, and weather every storm, and ere long become the perfection of beauty, the joy and praise of the whole earth. Though now enveloped in nocturnal darkness, a bright and glorious morning is about to dawn, when the refulgent rays of the Sun of righteousness shall dispel divisions and errors and make her appear fair as the moon, clear as the sun, and terrible as an army with banners. This is the purchase of Emanuel's blood, and he is a Sun and a hield to defend and protect her from all the assaults of arth and hell. Happy the soul whose interests and opes concentre in the kingdom of the Messiah. When sall this kingdom prevail over every opposing power, and be established in every corner of the habitable world? Then shall the set time to favour Zion come, and the nowledge of the Lord fill the earth, as the waters cover be sea? O when shall wars and dissensions cease, and be contending nations coalesce in harmonious anthems of praise to the Prince of peace! This happy, glorious was will ere long be ushered in. O that Christians may arise from their slumbers to ardent prayers and exertions for its introduction. May they be all engagedness in the service of Ged.

I might enlarge upon the importance of Christian zeal, . but conscious guilt prevents; for you might justly retort, "Physician, heal thyself." I feel a heavy load of coldness and stupidity, so that I often breathe, "O Lord, I am oppressed; undertake for me." O my frozen indurated heart, when shall it be warmed with the love of Jesus, and the enlivening influences of the Holy Spirit? And yet. I do not feel that sorrow and contrition for sinwhich I ought, and long for. I want to see my own. tothingness and vileness, and the worthiness and all suficiency of our great High Priest. Much, very much do need a humble and contrite spirit, broken for sin, and 'hungry for the bread of life." There is a promise, my lear sister, that those who wait on the Lord shall "renew beir strength, they shull run and not be weary, walk and ot faint." O that we may thus wait on him, stay ourelves on him, and be hidden in his pavilion, till these alamities be overpast. Wearied with trials, and burdened ith sin, to whom shall we go but to the Lamb of God, ho taketh away the sins of the world? May our souls . rectly repose under his shadow, and experience that. rest wherewith he causeth the weary to rest,—that peace of mind which passeth understanding, which is far more eligible than the fame of Alexander and Cæsar, the riches of Crœsus, or the erudition of a Newton and a Locke.

I anticipate the return of Miss S. with a great deal of pleasure; hope she will put life into my dead soul. My best love to all my dear friends. May you all be of one heart and one soul, and be favoured with renewed unotions of divine grace.

Do come and see us soon, and write me a long letter immediately. Do not forget to remember at the throne of grace, your very stupid and unworthy friend.

JOURNAL, 1812.

Dec. A sad and mournful catastrophe has of late pierced many a heart, and extorted tears from almost every eye. Daniel S. and Joseph S repaired to Wenham pond for the diversion of skating. While gliding along the ice in security and hilarity, it instantly broke beneath their feet, and they were threatened with immediate death. Daniel, after being immersed a number of times, had the presence of mind to cleave to some ice, till succour was afforded. But the unfortunate Joseph was plunged in a watery grave, and his soul precipitated into the ocean of eternity. After about an hour, his body was found, and every exertion made to resuscitate it; but alas! life had gone beyond recal. O may this awakening event deeply impress the hearts of thoughtless youth, and induce them to enquire, what they shall do to be saved! O that the surviving comrade of the deceased may be penetrated with gratitude to Heaven for his almost miraculous deliverance! O that he may be enabled to devote his spared life to the service of God, and the promotion of the Pedeemer's kingdom. May he now renounce sin and Satan, flee from eternal death, and drink of the pure river of the water of life. But Oh! should he go on in the broad road, adding sin to sin, better had it been for him to have met with an untimely end; nay, better had it been for him had he never been born. Lord soften his heart, subdue his will, captivate his affections, and make him a trophy of thy almighty grace. O snatch him as a brand from that fire which never can be quenched, and put a new song into his mouth, even praise to the living God.

O that this monitory call may stimulate every one to be up and doing, and ready for the coming of the Bridegrom. May those, who now are slaves to sin and Satan, be made to enjoy the liberty of the sons of God, and open their eyes on substantial joys and immortal bliss. O Lord, breathe life into these dry bones, that they may glorify thee, and promote thy cause here on earth; awaken careless sinners, arouse Christians, and pour out thy Spirit in copious effusions, to make glad the city of our God.

JOURNAL, 1813.

Jan. 1. The earth has completed another revolution round the sun; and the great clock of time announces the commencement of a new year. What strange occurrences, what dire calamities, what heart-rending events,—or what bright and auspicious scenes, I may witness and experience this year, are "written in the book of fate, and no human eye can read it." O that I may be prepared to say in all circumstances and conditions, "The will of the Lord be done." O that I may be enabled to be more active in the cause of God, and more entirely devoted to his service. May I have the unspeakable pleasure to wipe the tears of the widow and the orphan, to smooth the bed of sickness, to ease the heart loaded with

pain and anguish, to mitigate the distress of cheerless poverty, and happify all within my reach, as I have opportunity. And may the Lord make me ready to every good word and work, conquer my imperious lusts, subdue my evil propensities, renovate my whole heart, clothe ms with the beauties of holiness, and fruits of the Spirit, and make me meet for the inheritance of the saints in light O Lord, suffer me not to be useless—a cumberer of the ground. I deprecate uselessness as worse than death If I cannot do good, if I cannot be a blessing to any one, nor live to thy glory, O fit me for thy kingdom, and take me to it.

I desire not to relax in labouring to gain an ascendancy over my passions, however unsuccessful I may be. I purpose this year, besides miscellaneous reading, to read the Scriptures through in course, with Scott's Commentary, prayerfully and attentively; and may Jesus be my teacher. And may the Lord succeed my studies, improve my heart, enlighten my mind, and rectify my will. May he guide me through this waste howling wilderness, sweeten the bitter waters of Marah with his smiles and promises, console me in the "swellings of: Jordon," and at length give me a seat in the New Jerusalem, where sin, and storms and troubles can never come.

LETTER TO MRS H. P. OF BRADFORD.

Beverly, Jan. 12, 1813."

Yes, my dear Mrs P. death has again entered our neighbourhood, and his steps have been attended with peculiar solemnity and grief. One moment the deceased youth was all activity and hilarity; the next he was immersed in a watery grave, and his soul hurried into the world of spirits. The moment I had information of this

stressing event, I repaired to the house of Mrs S. a use of deep and exquisite mourning it truly was. Surise and gloom were depicted in almost every counter nce, and tears flowed copiously from almost every eye. rs S. exhibited marks of the most acute agony; and for while utterly refused all consolation. When I mentionthe necessity of trials, the duty and comfort of resigition, and the justness and goodness of God, she would rasp my hand, and say with emphases, " I know it, I www it; but you don't know what I feel by experience." he would frequently exclaim with reiterated sighs, " O' is precious, precious soul!" She is, however, now much were composed. She has been long in the school of afiction, has met with repeated bereavements, and, I hope, ill come out of the furnace refined and purified, adopting he language of the psalmist, " It is good for me that I ave been afflicted."

This is a loud and monitory call to us, and ought to be ndelibly impressed on our minds. It speaks forcibly to wery heart, "Be ye also ready; for in such an hour as think not the Son of man cometh."

When I was first apprised of the heart-rending event, shows the first idea that struck my mind was, that peraps this may be introductory to a reformation. But latter not yourself, my dear Mrs P. that this will be the ase; but pray that it may be. There were indeed some ppearances that I considered favourable; but they were vanescent, as "the morning cloud and early dew." I remble when I think of that striking passage of holy rit, "The iniquity of the Amorites is not yet full." O hat we may be spared, not to provoke heaven with our aring crimes, but to repent of our aggravated sins, to sturn unto the Lord, and walk softly and humbly before im. At present it is with us a gloomy time. O that is dark and dreary night may be the precursor of

resplendent and soul-reviving morning! But the should be given up to hardness of heart in this pluglerious things are spoken of the city of our God. shall have "the heathen for his inheritance, suttermost parts of the earth for his possession." shall the kingdoms of this world become the kings our Lord and his Christ; all shall know him frieast to the greatest; be of one heart and one sou great grace shall be upon all.

O my friend, if these things be so transportin who discern them only with an eye of faith, wl they be to those who witness and participate the their splendour, in all their glory. And if the militant be thus enlarged and beautified, while passed with sin, what will be the church trius composed of patriarchs, prophets, apostles, and ma all the immense multitude of the redeemed, from to the latest generation, of all climes and nations fined from sin and pollution, made consummately h happy; and in concert with angels and archangels with wonder on the perfection of Deity, and a unceasing praise to the slain Lamb? Their fe commensurate with the desires of their immorta and durable as the eternal mind. Their subliglorious employment knows no relaxation, no a jarring note; but all are one in Christ Jesus, and itself is not too long to utter all their praise. B imagination can conceive, what tongue or pen d the glory of that state, where Jesus is all in : where his children shall behold him face to fa " mingle with the blaze of day?" Verily it is an ing and eternal weight of glory-" an inherite corruptible, undefiled, and that fadeth not away. then, my inexperienced pen, nor darken counsel t without knowledge.

May we, my dear sister, be circumspect, redeem the ne, ever abounding in the work of the Lord, flying th love and seal to do his will, and at last have a welme entrance into the joy of our Lord. Sweet, happy 19, that sets the prisoner free, and introduces him to 19th, life, liberty, and glory, such as needs a seraph's meil to delineate, and the language of eternity to excess. Your much obliged friend, &c.

LETTER TO MISS M. G. OF BOSTON.

Beverly, Feb. 1, 1813.

A FEW leisure moments occur, which I cheerfully deote to my dear Miss G. I hope this will find you assimously engaged in religion, and enjoying the smiles of our covenant Redeemer. You know, my friend, that ibstantial happiness is not to be found in this barren Alas! shall we not pity its deluded votaries. ho anticipate, but seldom or never realize? It constanteludes their grasp, and mocks their fond expectations. ot all the honours, riches, and pleasures of the world, in confer real felicity on an immortal being. But there a world, my sister, beyond this mortal state, where coming bliss and ever-during glory reign, such as "eye th not seen, nor car heard, nor the heart of mortal an conceived." From those blissful regions, God looks wn with a benignant eye on his humble followers, and mmunicates a drop of heaven to worms below. acere, the humble, the uniform Christian is happy. He novs the favour and protection of the Majesty of heaven, id he has a title to those celestial regions, when he has ussed this state of minority. He has a Shepherd full of ndness, full of power, who careth for him, and will guide him rough this waste howling wilderness, and protect him as e apple of his eye, and who will be his ever satisfying

and unfading portion. When time shall be no longer, when this huge globe shall be one vast conflagration, the Christian shall be secure and happy in the ark of safety. in the paradise of God. He beholds with admiration the glorious assembly and church of the first born in heaven, and gazes on the glories of Diety with ineffable delight, while he triumphantly sings, "Blessing, and hopour, and glory, and power, be unto him that sitteth on the throne, and unto the Lamb for ever." As long # God exists, he shall flourish in unfading spring, and improve in felicity and knowledge through the revolutions of eternal ages. But poor and very inadequate at bet are our conceptions of the immeasurable and exalted havpiness of departed saints; for it is an "exceeding great, and eternal weight of glory." Would we gain those peaceful shores, holiness is indispensible. Our hearts being naturally contaminated and full of evil, must be renewed and sanctified by divine grace, or we can never enter the New Jerusalem, the residence of infinite purity. Unerring truth hath said, "Except ye be born again, ye cannot enter the kingdom of God." This is the essential change, which every descendent of Adam and Eve must experience, in order to be admitted into heaven How important is it that we should impartially and critically search and examine our hearts and lives, and endeaver to ascertain whether we are renewed in the spirit of our minds, and display the fruits of the Spirit in our lives and conversation! However painful the investigation, it is absolutely necessary. We must dive into the corrupt fountain, from whence proceeds every sinful act, and discover its latent pollutions. We must scrutinize our external deportment, and compare all with that infallible criterion, the word of God, and see whether we have the characteristic lineaments of a true Christian, or are deceiving ourselves with vain hopes. But ah! we are

insufficient of ourselves to do any thing. Our sufficiency is of God. May we realize our entire dependence on Him, implore his assistance, and the influences of his blessed Spirit.

My best love to dear Miss W. May you both be blessed with much of Enoch's spirit, and enjoy the peculiar love of your covenant Redeemer. Pray for me, that I may live devoted to God. If this letter deserves an answer, do write immediately. Your affectionate friend. &c.

LETTER TO MISS N. J. OF BEVERLY.

Beverly, Feb. 2, 1813.

MY DEAR FRIEND,

I AM pleased with the freedom with which you write, and with equal pleasure shall repay your confidence. I can make no adequate return for your favours; but only express my willingness, and look to Him, without whose cognizance not a sparrow falls to the ground. From the treasures of his wisdom, knowledge, and grace, may he bounteously communicate to you, and make you an instrument of great and extensive good to a world lying in wickedness. May yours be the ineffable consolation of wiping the tears of the widow and the orphan. comforting the too much neglected abodes of penury and wretchedness, and improving the condition of all around you in body and soul. Alas! a benevolent heart can hardly fail to bleed at a view of the sins and miseries that abound. The world seems like a great hospital, in which almost every one is groaning under the pressure of weakness, sickness, and affliction; and some are oppressed with a heavy complication of distresses. Sin has changed this once blooming Eden, flowing with perennial sweets, into a thorny desart, " a waste howling wilderness," where sorrows and woes spontaneous grow. But blessed be God.

for the precious balm of the gospel, and Gilead's almighty Physician. He only is adequate to the recovery of our diseased souls, and the healing of our wounded spirits. He gives his prescriptions and assistance, "without money, and without price;" and no case, however desperate and inveterate, he ever undertook, but he effected a radical cure. His patients indeed are but partially restored in this unfavourable clime; but he has prepared a place to which he receives them after proper discipline and preparation. There they find the air salubrious, the employments delightsome, the music melodious and enchanting, the inhabitants excellent and glorious,—all a unison, shouting loud acclamations of praise to their glorious Recoverer. There all are cemented in one vast bond of perfect love, having left their divisions, envies, and imperfections in this sinful world. Paul and Barnsbas are now amicably reconciled in the sweet endearments of mutual amity. There all tears shall be wiped away; and " the inhabitants shall no more say, I am sick," for holiness, felicity, and glory are his, as exalted and immeasurable as the cravings of his never dving soul, and lasting as the ages of eternity. He has a more than Eden, gained an eternal weight of glory, which no sin shall forfeit, and no length of time corrode or impair. How rich the blood that purchased it! how stupendous the grace that bestows it! Jesus! precious, delightful name! a restorative for every pain, a cordial for every trouble, a sweet emollient balm for every woe. Let it tranquillize and invigorate our hearts, and be the theme of our admiring gratitude and adoring love. We hope the time is not far distant, when the eastern world, now enveloped in darkness, superstition, ignorance, and error, shall be ir-

[·] Acts xv. 39.

radiated with the clear light of the gospel, the resplendent rays of the Sun of righteousness.

The present time is indeed gloomy. Wars, desolations, earthquakes, and dire calamities are abroad in the earth, perhaps the precursors of still more tremendous judgments. But "the scriptures must be fulfilled," and not one jot or tittle shall fail. How consoling to think, that these portentous commotions shall be ultimately introductory to the millennial era of light and love. How delightful to look through these nocturnal shades, to the dawn of that auspicious, glorious morn.

As it respects the Deity of Christ, my dear friend, I think no one who reads the scriptures impartially need to doubt. That he is possessed of all the attributes and perfections of Deity; and that he should be honoured even as the Father is honoured, we have indubitable evidence from the Bible. I have often wondered how any, who profess to be his disciples, can degrade him almost to the level of a mere man. Does it not imply mean thoughts of him—not to say hatred and enmity?

Will you send me a few thoughts on this question, "What is the immediate duty of impenitent sinners?" Does not the scripture say, "Repent!" But some allege, that we cannot repent of ourselves, and that God must give us repentance. Others say we must pray for repentance, and if we pray aright, God will answer our prayers; and seem to think they can somehow merit it. I should like to write much more; for I have not yet satisfied the demands of your letter, I have amplified so much on other subjects. I should be much gratified with a visit-from you; but if that is impracticable at present, substitute frequent epistles to your obliged, &c.

NOTE TO MISS E. S. OF BEVERLY.

Beverly, Feb. 4, 181

MY MUCH LOVED FRIEND,

I IMAGINE you have had information of Mr E. sudden and untimely death by suicide. Does not heart ache, and your tears flow, when you think of forlorn widow, and the fatherless children? O may souls, tortured with poignant anguish, rest in God. they find him a refuge in time of trouble, a shelter all the storms and tempests of this desart world.

I think of writing a word of consolation to my Betsy and Rebecca; and should be happy to hear opportunity to send.

Afflictions are more or less the common lot of the dren of men. But thanks be to God, the bitter wate Marah may be sweetened with many a pleasant ing ent. The precious promises of the gospel, and the sr of approving Heaven are adequate to the most acute complicated trials and sorrows. O my sister, bless Lord for a religion that can tranquillize the distre soul, calm the heart-rending sigh, repress the rising and diffuse a placid serenity over the bleeding box O my beloved, value this religion more than all things of time and sense, more than millions of we like this, and let it be your heavenly guest, the har ger of immortal glory. Never, never let us be asha of the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ. No, we wil ther glory in it. Though nominal Christians and da infidels censure us as enthusiastic, superstitious, and pochondriac, yet will we advocate religion, we will delig converse upon it at all proper times, and conduct ourse ·as pilgrims and strangers here, looking for an inherit beyond "the swellings of Jordan," in that land w the "wicked cease from troubling, and the weary

rest," to which may we be received through infinite grace, when our wanderings in the wilderness are terminated.. Yours, with growing affection, &c.

LETTER TO MISSES B. K. AND R. E. OF BRADFORD. Beverly, Feb. 1813.

Mourning Friends,

In the late distressing catastrophe, which has involved your once cheerful family in the deepest gloom, the tear of condoling friendship has wet my cheek, and the tenderest feelings of my heart have sympathized with you. Though I cannot know the poignancy of your grief by bitter experience, yet the affectionate love I bear you constrains me to send you a line of consolation, depending on your candour to excuse the inaccuracies and desciencies of my well meant endeavour.

You mourn the death of a beloved father, attended with circumstances peculiarly trying; which must agitate your souls with the most agonizing reflections. But God has done it. This trial, with all its complicated aggravations. was sent by his holy hand, and directed by his infinite wisdom. I trust you recognize his justice and goodness, and acquiesce in his will. He is an almighty Friend, an ever present Helper, a Refuge in times of trouble. May his presence and smiles sweetly tranquillize each heaving sigh, wipe your falling tears, and diffuse an inexpressible serenity in your bleeding hearts. " Cast your burden on the Lord, and he will sustain you," and communicate strength adequate to your day, causing you to sing of mercy as well as of your judgment. No drooping soul, but he can invigorate:—no night of adversity but he can illumine. He has promised that he will never forsake his humble followers, and that all things shall work together for their good. Be assured, he knows your infirmities, your groans, and your tears; and all his dia-

pensations are just and right, conducing to your good and his glory. This affliction may be sent for your benefit; and though no chastening seems joyous but grievous, yet hereafter it may yield the peaceable fruits of righteousness, and redound to the glory of God. Then may you adopt the language of the Psalmist, " It is good for me that I have been afflicted." Sanctified " afflictions are blessings in disguise," the value of which we rarely appreciate as we ought. The most eminently holy and useful servants of God have commonly been most inured to trouble, and trained up in this important school for the most arduous and honourable stations. You will not fail to loo! through all secondary causes to the grand procuring cause of all your woe. Sin has changed this once Paradisaical garden into " a waste howling wilderness." All the evils which abound may be traced up to this hydra monster as the great original. Blessed be God for Jesus Christ, whose immaculate obedience and meritorious death have purchased the salvation of our souls, every comfort and every privilege which smooth the rugged path of life, and " an inheritance incorruptible, undefiled, and that fadeth not away." Come, my dear sisters, direct your weeping eyes to yonder peaceful world of light and love. There all sin is for ever excluded, and consequently all trouble. There, on a refulgent majestic throne, sits the King of kings, infinite in perfection and glory, and communicating emanations of the same to his surrounding blissful worshippers. There angels and archangels, and all the bright company of the redeemed, harmoniously coalesce in one universal and melodious concert of praise to Emanuel. There those who were poor and afflicted in this world, who were despised, hated, and ridiculed by men, friendless, helpless, and forlorn, but rich in faith, are exalted to an equality with angels, their heads encircled with crowns of glory, their hands graced with unwithering palms, and their souls satisfied with durable riches, unalienable and substantial, as Omnipotence can make them. There, my dear sisters, when your wanderings in this wilderness are terminated, there may you shine as stars of the first magnitude, find a sweet release from every woe, and tune your golden harps to Emanuel's praise. "Therefore, comfort one another with these words."

You will recollect that striking passage of Young, "For they languish, and for us they die." Such monitory calls speak emphatically to our inmost souls, "Be ye also ready; for in such an hour as ye think not, the Son of man cometh."

I commend you to God, the Father of the fatherless, the fountain of living waters. May he comfort and support you under all your trials, calm the bursting sigh, check the swelling tear, and be your immutable ever present refuge in time and eternity.

Present my respects to your remaining parent, accompanied with my best wishes for divine strength and enjoyment in her heart rending trial.

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Do, my dear friends, each of you write me a long letter, and be assured I should esteem your friendship, your prayers, and your correspondence, a valuable acquisition. Yours, with sympathizing affection, &c.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER TO MISS N. J. OF BEVERLY.

March 5, 1814.

You ask how we may know that we love Christians aright? and, if we love them in subordination to God, whether we can love them too much?—Though I do not feel myself qualified to decide, yet I offer a few thoughts. I apprehend we love Christians aright, when we love them

in a peculiar manner, with a love of complacency, different from that love of benevolence, which we ought to bear to all mankind; --- when we love them because they are disciples of Christ, bear his image, and belong to his holy kingdom. And when we feel most attached to those who are most heavenly, and display most the fruits of the Spirit, have we not encreasing evidence, that we love them from evangelical motives? If we give God the first place in our hearts, love him supremely, perhaps our love to Christian friends may not be inordinate. But alas! as Mr Newton says, we are prone to undervalue or overvalue all our mercies and enjoyments. I do think, the among professing Christians this love does not prevail as it ought. Is it possible that Christians can censure, injure, and hate one another; and, instead of opposing the common enemy, turn their arms against each other? O. these things ought not so to be. When shall it be said, " See how they love one another!" I long to see a universal revival of primitive Christianity, when all shall be of one heart and one soul, and grace, mercy, and peace be multiplied every where.

My ideas respecting the duty of impenitent sinners correspond with yours. It is important that our sentiments be scriptural, and that we should meekly counteract the multiplied errors which abound in the present day. Wishing you a seat at the feet of Jesus, I am yours, with sisterly affection, &c.

LETTER TO MISSES B. K. AND R. E. OF DEADFORD.

MY DEAR BETSY,

WHEN we meet with afflictions, we feel most sensibly the insipidity, vanity, and instability of sublunary things, and the insufficiency of all created good to ensure felicity or tranquillize our distressed souls. But religion ahines ith peculiar refulgence in the darkest night of adversity. is sublime and heavenly consolations penetrate the deepit gloom, disperse the thickest clouds, and bind up the leeding heart, while the aspiration to heaven ascends, Not my will, but thine be done." Possessed of this avaluable treasure, we might smile even under the presure of the most complicated disappointments, sorrows, and calamities. Though deprived of friends and health, and banished to Siberia's frozen clime, or groaning under the galling yoke of an Algerine despot; yet, in the enjoysent of God, our hearts would vibrate with rapture and tratitude, and dictate songs to Emanuel's name. How nany of the eminent servants of God, of whom the world was not worthy, have wandered about in dens and caves of the earth, and been conversant with scenes of the most heart-rending anguish; yet have experienced an overbalancing joy and peace! How many immured in dungeons, have found their prison walls could be no barrier to communion with God, and the illuminating rays of the Sun of Righteousness! How many, who have embraced the martyr's stake, have had a vision, as it were, of the third heavens, and of the stupendous glories of the slain Lamb, causing them to triumph over agonies, flames, and leath, and filling their souls with glory unutterable! Surely if we compare our trials with the trials of these ilustrious champions of Christianity, they so dwindle into nsignificancy, that they scarcely deserve the name. The postle Paul stiles all his acute hardships, dangers, and ufferings, light and momentary. And shall we sink and lespond under our more trivial griefs? If we are hristians, though subject to painful vicissitudes and liversified afflictions, yet with our expiring breath we hall bid them all an everlasting farewell. When we and on Canaan's peaceful shore, and unite with the blessd around the throne, our bliss and glory will be equal to the capacities of our immortal souls, and durable as the perfections we celebrate. O with what admiring gratitude and rapturous wonder shall we perceive the developement of all these mysterious dipensations of him, whose way is in the deep; causing us joyfully to exclaim, "He hath done all things well!" O, with what delightful and amazing extacy, shall we expatiate on the emanating sun-beams of Deity, and gaze on the superlative beauties and unparalleled excellencies of the purchaser of our salvation! And how shall we incessantly advance wisdom, grace, and felicity, and make increasing assimilations to the fountain of light, stretching from glory a glory, and that (O transporting thought!) through eternity itself!

Sabbath eve. Do you not think, my dear Rebecca, it is a great thing to be a Christian? To be called out of nature's darkness into marvellous light; to be united to Christ, and an heir of glory? How many refuges of lies are there, by which immortal souls are ensnared, and ultimately destroyed, even while their delusive hopes of heaven are firm and bright? Alas! how many, who were never transformed by the renewing of their minds, attempt a coalition between God and mammon, Christ and Belial, light and darkness. But if our treasure is inheaven, we shall rise above the smiles and the frowns, the blandishments and the temptations of a wicked world; live as strangers and pilgrims here, and evince by our holy lives and conversations, that we are candidates for an "inheritance incorruptible, undefiled, and that fadeth not away." What though we meet with the burlesque, obloquy, and hatred of our fellow mortals, and many great trials, fears, and perplexities; yet we must perseveringly press through them all; remembering, that it is through much tribulation we must enter heaven. "The kingdom of heaven suffereth violence, and the violent te it by force." No indolent wishes, mere forms, and hodox opinions, will ever secure the salvation of our ils, but only that living faith in Christ which expands heart with love, purifies the soul, and is prolific of od works. When I think what Christians ought to be all holy conversation and godliness, ready to every od word and work, and then think what I am, I am led with confusion, doubts, and fears, and am ready to undude myself a presumptuous hypocrite.

I am delighted with the plan you contemplate in Bradrd, of employing intelligent and pious females to instruct
sor children, and am very solicitous to hear what is deermined. Why was it not thought of before? O why
loes self, this wicked self, so predominate? How much
pood might we do, if we had but hearts, and did but
diligently improve the opportunities that occur? And how
ought we to seek out ways of doing good, and exert ourselves with holy ardour to stem the torrent of abounding
iniquity, and advance the interests of our Lord and Saviour.

May you, my dear friend, be watered with the dews of divine grace, and flourish like a cedar in Lebanon, and be an instrument of extensive good to a world lying in wickedness. Pray for your stupid friend, &c.

Journal, 1813.

April 4. The memorable, mournful day is about to lose, in which our dear pastor has for the last time adlressed the church and society in this place. The conlicting passions, painful anxieties, and tender feelings, which have agitated my breast this day, are known only o God and myself. With what indescribable sorrow did ny mind recur to past years, when, like a little band of prothers and sisters, we encircled the table of our dying

Saviour! when love, peace, and unanimity bound our soal together in the most tender ties. But ah! those swee and endearing scenes live only in remembrance.

I have probably seen his face for the last time in on sacred desk; and from thence shall hear his voice m more. O that rich grace may prepare us both to mee in the heavenly world of love and peace, where friends knows no alloy, and where "adieus and farewells an sounds unknown." May the Lord make him extensive useful in some other part of his vineyard, and give his many souls as the seals of his ministry, and crown of his rejoicing. May this dear church be established on Rock of ages, and enriched with large additions to graces and its numbers. May it be watered with the dews of divine grace, be preserved from hirelings and wolves, and united in the most cordial love. O that the dear members may be of one heart and one soul, and cleave to and support each other, in this time of danger, and earnestly plead for each other, and the enjoyments of gospel preaching and privileges! May they all be ornsments to their Christian profession, and by their holy and useful lives evince their attachment to their divine Master! O that they may be preserved in this critical time from every snare and temptation, be daily conversant with their hearts and their God, and grow in love and grace, and felicity, till they reach the summit of Zion's hill, and sit down in the kingdom of God.

May the Lord regard the afflicted state of this society. O that one and all may arouse from their slumbers, and use every exertion to procure an evangelical, faithful, and rousing preacher, who will love this little flock, and feed them with knowledge and understanding! O that there may be a shaking among these dry bones, and a flocking of souls to Jesus Christ! O that this lowering cloud may be dispersed by the genial rays of the Sun of righteess.

ness, and this dark and gloomy night be succeeded by the auspicious resplendence and smiles of the bright and morning Star.

April 8. Fast. I desire this day to mourn over my stupidity, my deadness, and my iniquities; to lament the low state of religion in this church; to sigh and cry for the abominations and ungodliness which occasion all the calemities of our land, and which are so provoking to the Majesty of heaven, and so subversive of every thing good; and may the Holy Spirit influence me to fast and pray eright; and to God shall be all the glory.

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O that the Lord may arouse my stupid powers, and awake to energy all the faculties of my soul. Holy Spinit! come and sanctify my wicked heart, subdue all my evil propensities, and breathe on my soul the fragrant air of heaven. O enable me henceforth to live more to God, and watch for opportunities to diffuse the honour of his name, and the glory of his kingdom. Make me bold in the dear cause of God, ready to speak for him at all proper times; and may my words and my precepts be enforced by a holy consistent example. Expand my heart ř. with love to Jesus and active philanthropy, and influence we to use my two mites of property for the benefit of others, not letting my left hand know what my right hand doeth. O that I may be a Dorcas to the needy, as I have the means; and while I care for their bodies, O may I care for their immortal souls, and be the instrument of rescuing them from ignorance and mortal death.

O Lord, remember in mercy this beloved, afflicted May she be made glorious within and without, compacted together as one heart and one soul, and soon have occasion to take her harp from the willows, and tune it to praise and thanksgiving for the ministration of the word and ordinances. O that all her members may examine themselves, and see whether they are settling on their lees, destitute of oil in their lamps. O that it may shake themselves from the dust, and cry might God, that he would bless this church. May this society be united in brotherly love and harmon strenuously exert themselves for re-settling a sou evangelical preacher. May this nation, now dis with internal divisions, wars, and fightings, and i sequent calamities, be blessed with peace and frier and a more general spread of religion. May th govern be just, ruling in the fear of God, and be a to evil doers, and the support of those that do wel may our president, placed in so conspicuous and tant a station, be influenced by divine wisdom to measures in this critical time, just to all, and cor to the best interests of our dear country.

O Lord, is not Zion graven on the palms of the O then arise for her help, and make her the j praise of the whole earth. Fulfil all the benign tions concerning her latter day glory, and make stand on the walls of Jerusalem, to lift up their like trumpets, and display the tremendous thus Sinai, and the affecting scenes of Calvary; an they all be burning and shining lights, zealous gaged in the cause of Christ, in season and out of Have mercy, Lord, on a world lying in wickedne that the contentions, animosities, and envies, th draw down judgments upon us, may soon be extern by the efficacy of thy grace, and the warring natio moniously concur in provoking unto love and good Hasten the time, when Asia and Africa shall emerg their present degradation, ignorance, superstition, rors, to the beauties of holiness, and the worship hovah. Succeed all the proper exertions of our n aries to plant religion in heathen lands, and mak all wise to win souls to Christ. Bless my dearly

Farriet. Though now far distant, and majestic waters oll between our mortal frames, O may we daily meet at he mercy-seat, and there hold sweet communion. May H her trials, privations, and hardships, be counterbalaned by peace of conscience, and joy in the Holy Ghost; and may many poor souls rise up and call her blessed, and Pay all her endeavours in thy cause be abundantly pros-May her body and soul prosper and be in health; and may she at length die in the Lord, and meet all her pions friends in the Canaan above. Bless all Christian and humane societies, for the alleviation of misery, the suppression of vice and immorality, and the diffusion of knowledge and piety. May they all meet with thy approbation, and be honoured with thy propitious smiles. Especially let that recently formed in Bradford for the instruction of poor children meet thy peculiar protection. May it embrace a large sphere of usefulness, and be made a mean of meliorating the condition of many in body and soul. Open the hearts of all to give according to their ability, and may this delightful plan interest the prayers of all Christians to whom it is known. May those who are selected for the instructresses, be eminently qualified for their arduous undertaking. Impart unto them adequate wisdom, patience, meekness, self-denial, deadness to the world, active zeal, and Christian humility. O Lord, the hearts of all are in thy hands: O turn them to thee, and let grace, mercy, and peace abound every where, and assimilate this world to the heavens above, where storms never rise, nor tempests blow, but where tranquillity and love for ever reign. Amen.

LETTER TO MISS N. K. OF NEWBURY PORT.

Beverly, April, 1814.

LAST Sabbath, my dear Nancy, Mr D. preached his valedictory discourse from Acts xx. 25, 26, 27. It was very solemn and affecting. "Farewell," said he at the close, "Farewell, these hallowed courts; farewell, this sacred desk; farewell for ever!" I do not know that I ever spent a more mournful Sabbath. A thousand tender reflections and feelings, with their accumulated weight, rent my heart with anguish, and almost overwhelmed ma My conflicting emotions were past the power of description, known only to God and myself. It is, my des cousin, a very solemn consideration, that every sermor we hear, every pious letter we receive from our friends, every prayer that is offered, and every good observation dropped within our hearing, extend their influences through the countless ages of eternity. O then, can we fail to apply them in all their energy to our souls, and faithfully consider and improve them as talents put into our, hands? O, should they rise up in judgment against us, and enhance our future condemnation, how dreadfully aggravated would be our misery. How much better would it have been for us to have been ignorant Hottentots, wandering in the desert wilds of Africa, without a Bible, without a pious minister or friend; nay, how much better had it been for us had we never been born. O my cousin, eternal things imperiously demand our solema attention, and profound consideration. The tribunal of God will ere long be erected, to which we are amenable for every thought, word, and action, and from which there can be no appeal. O that then our unworthy names may appear written in the Lamb's book of life. strange and amazing things will that day bring to light! How much wickedness perpetrated in secret, how many their covering, and how many unblazoned deeds of arity, and labours of love will then be revealed. There widow with her two mites receives a gracious commutation, and infinite remuneration; and all who have ulated her example from evangelical motives, with all to have in the most humble and retired manner evinced ir love to Emanuel, by advancing his cause in any gree and way, shall then be elevated to seats of imtal glory and stupendous bliss.

O my dear cousin, shall we not be Christians? Shall not love the Lord Jesus, who became poor that we ght be made rich; who left heaven that he might pree the way of our going thither; who left the homage angels and archangels, that we might be raised to the ition of their holy society; who died on the cross of lvary, that we might be rescued from the second death, I blessed with endless life? O that our stony hearts re transformed into flesh, that they might be susceptaof ardent love to the immaculate Saviour, and a relish spiritual things. Much of our time is gone to waste. my precious years we have spent in sin; and except repent, we may soon sigh for a moment of probation, which worlds want wealth to buy," We stand on the ders of the eternal world. Let us deposit our treaes and our heart in the court of heaven, and we shall e an unfailing source of comfort, the foundations of ch, the united assaults of earth and hell can never unnine. And when the heavens shall be dissolved, the sents melt with fervent heat, the world be in flames, ist appearing in the clouds with a glorious retinue of als, the last trumpet giving the awful signal, and the ons springing from their dusty and watery graves, , then we may lift up our heads with joy, knowing our redemption draweth nigh. I am your affection-. usin, &c.

LETTER TO MISS B. K. OF BRADFORD.

Beverly, April 12, 1813.

I THANK you, my dear Betsy, for your very obliging letter; and if mine could be any compensation for it, I should address you with much more alacrity than I do at present. How do you enjoy your mind? Does your soul prosper? Alas! If you were to ask me the same question, I should give you a most mournful answer. I should expatiate with reiterated sighs on my own vileness, worthlessness, darkness, and despondency. But why these complaints? Why am I stupid and dejected? Yonder is the fountain of living waters, and that river, elear as crystal, proceeding out of the throne of God and the Lamb. There stands Gilead's Physician, with his healing balm, tendering life, light, salvation, and glory to perishing worms, till his head is filled with the dew. and his locks with the drops of the night. O where is my faith? " Lord I believe; help thou my unbelief." How desirable it is to have some sweet perceptions of the amiableness, the grace, and glory of the Lamb of God, and to feel these stubborn hearts melting into compunction, gratitude, and love. JESUS! let our inmost souls vibrate with rapturous wonder and adoring love at the mention of his name! Jesus! transportingly glorious, and amazing word, which no mortal dialect can adequately explain, no inhabitant of earth fully understand. Be it music to our ears, and celestial joy to our hearts the frequent theme of our delightful meditation and grateful praises. Well might the martyr Lambert's motto be, "None but Christ,-none but Christ," And surely if love to his Master brought him to the stake, the earthly flame did but purify, enlarge, and immortslize it, by introducing him to that land, where he dis-.plays his consummate excellencies and captiveting charm without a veil. Well might the ancient church of God break out in melodious songs of praise as she looked through the shades of night, and discerned his star in the east. Well might the hearts of the disciples, going to Emmaus, burn within them, as Jesus joined them, and poured his heavenly instructions and consolations into their listening minds. Well might the apostle Paul delight to rehearse his name again and again, and load it with encomiums; and, after all, could not honour, exalt, and magnify him as he deserves. And well may angels and archangels fall obsequious at his feet, and render him the homage of their most cheerful obedience, and acclamations of praise. "O how great is his goodness, and how great is his beauty!" How stupendous his love! how glorious his person and character! Good night, my dear Betsv.

Monday, April 12. Your recent society has succeeded beyond my most sanguine expectations, and embraces a much larger sphere than I dared to anticipate. I do not think you will want for pecuniary aid, because it so deeply interests so many generous hearts. It is most astonishing, that a taste for worthless superfluities and external decorations should so greatly prevail in the generality of females. How much more ornamental is a meek and quiet spirit and modest apparel in conjunction with good works! Methinks we should gradge every cent expended in trifles, when there are so many ways of using property, by which we may do honour to our Christian profession, and glorify our Heavenly Father. How much more satisfaction is there in visiting the afflicted cot of poverty, than in hours spent in the wearisome, criminal labours of the toilette, or nights of glittering ostentation, and infatuated hilarity in the ballroom. O for hearts dilated with love to God, and benevolence to the whole human race! O for a just appro-

ciation of the inestimable worth of moments, and a noble indifference to all the allurements and vanities of this lower world! O that our sex may arise to true dignity and substantial honour, and be illustrious for snavity of dispositions, feminine deportment, and deeds of piety and charity! Who does not pity Egypt's beautiful and dissolute Cleopatra, swallowing the costly pearl? Who does not benignantly wish she had possessed the beauties of the mind, and the sweet and amiable virtues and piety of the Lady Jane Gray? Then would her name have appeared in the archives of history, not with the merited infamy now attached to it, but with a pure, and honourable, and dignified splendour. Who does not pity the numerous females of the present day, who, lost to the pleasures of literature, and the spiritual joys of religion, are grovelling in the eager pursuit of vanity and "trifles, lighter than air." O may a Rowe and a More ere long illumine this western world; and especially, may thousands and tens of thousands forsake their worthless employments and pleasures, and, with humble love and zeal, go " about doing good."

When you get near to God in prayer, O do not forget your unworthy correspondent, nor the dear destitute church in this place.

I am, my beloved Betsy, your most obliged and affectionate friend, &c.

LETTER TO MRS M. ATWOOD OF HAVERHILL.

Beverly, April 9, 1813.

I FEAR it will be presumption in me, my dear Mrs A. to address you; but the painful anxiety and tender feelings of my heart must be my apology. My particular object in writing, is to request you to let me know soon, whether you have received letters from your much be-

loved and far distant daughter; and, if you have not, whether you can assign any reason for it. Whatever letters you may have at present, or in future, from her, and will be kind enough to transmit to me to peruse, shall be speedily returned; and I shall feel myself under very great obligations to you. I hardly dare to hope she will write to worthless me, though I should value a few lines, written by her own dear hand, more than silver or gold. It is unnecessary to say, she was one of my first and best beloved friends. Attachments formed in 2 youth, and when minds are religiously disposed, are not ńΈ easily broken. The affection that now animates my breast, shall never be eradicated but with death; nay, if ever I land on Canaan's peaceful shore, it shall glow with a purified, exalted, and immortal flame, where kindred spirits meet to part no more, and Jesus is all in all. Then the Parting hand, the last embrace, the heaving sigh, the falling tear, are known no more for ever. May I meet thee there, my Harriet, and mingle beatific sympathies and praises, where our souls shall be cemented together in the most ineffable, indissoluble bonds, and our humble Voices unite with the musicians before the throne, in ascribing all glory and honour to the slain Lamb. Let this thought console our desponding hearts, my much loved Harriet, and stimulate us, not only to make our calling and election sure, but add new and continually increasing lustre to that crown of glory that fadeth not away. Yours is the privilege of moving in a very important and extensive sphere of usefulness, though it is connected with complicated and manifold hardships, privations, and troubles. Your path may be strewed with briers and thorns, which will not fail to lacerate the flesh, and wound your tender heart. But be of good cheer, you

will also find here and there a clustre of the grapes of Eshcol, and now and then you will enjoy a Bethel sesson.

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and be rapt with a view of the glories of Table. May your life glide peacefully and usefully away, under the peculiar auspices of an ever present Friend; and may your setting sun be unobscured by a single cloud. Though towering mountains, impervious forests, and mighty oceans, may part our mortal frames, yet our mutual friendship shall still retain its vigour, and our souls shall have sweet interviews at the mercy-seat. And may the Holy Spirit there breathe on us the salubrious air of heaven, give us delightful antepasts of immortal glory, and at length bring us to those happier climes, where amity. and love are consummated, and eternized; where faith shall be superseded by vision, and hope by fruition; where the beauties and glories of Emanual shall enamour every heart, and praises to his name harmoniously reverberate on every lip. Till then, adieu, my sister, friend of my soul.

Excuse, my dear Mrs Atwood, this rambling digression. I did not intend it, and had quite forgotten I was writing to her amiable mother. I have written her one letter, and fain would hope she has it. The emotions which agitated my heart, and suffused my eyes in tears while writing it, are not to be described. Imagination recalled to mind those scenes "and joys departed, never to return," together with the painful event of our separation and the idea that I must see her face no more, till eternity opened its amazing prospects to our views; these, with many other considerations, all combined and melted my obdurate heart into the most exquisite tenderness. I shall omit no opportunity of writing, and wish there were more frequent conveyances of letters to her place of residence.

I fear, my dear Mrs A. I have awakened many painful feelings in your bosom, as well as in my own, by what

Supposed to be the Mount of Transfiguration, See Matt. 27%

I have written. If I have, do forgive my inadvertence, and resume peace and tranquillity.

Another subject that lies much on my heart, is the reformation. Has it reached your parish? I hope you will have the joy to witness the wonders of conquering grace and almighty love. May the Lord make bare his arm, snatch stupid sinners from impending destruction, liberate them from their bondage to the grand enemy of souls, and put a new song into their mouths, even praise to his name. How animating to see poor dead sinners nised to immortal life and salvation, and extolling and admiring the free grace of their glorious Deliverer. How delightful to behold the dear youth renouncing sin and vanity, travelling with vigour and alacrity the road to Zion, and with ravished hearts singing hosannas to the Prince of Peace. O for a shower of divine grace on all parts of our land. O for another day of Pentecost, when thousands shall become the voluntary servants of Christ, and rehearse his wonders far and wide, and make these regions ring with hallelujahs to his name. O for the millennial day of love, peace, joy, and grace, when the contending nations of the earth shall drop their divisions, animosities, and envies, and harmoniously unite in one general chorus of praise to the Lamb. Then shall Ethiopia stretch out her hands unto God, "the wilderness rejoice and blossom as the rose," and all flesh see the salvation of God. The hut of the Hottentot shall then contain a Bible, be irradiated with the smiles of the Sun of righteousness, and offer to Heaven continual incense of prayer and adoration. Then shall this world, now shaken to its centre with strange revolutions and portentous convulsions. the fruits of sin, and the resemblance of hell—then shall it be an Eden, flowing with luxuriant flowers, spontaneous delights, and the leauties of holiness. Delightful, heaveny day, when wilt thou dawn?

My original intention was to have written a billet; bast it has grown into a long letter. Please to excuse it, and my manifold imperfections. Present my respects to Mr. D. hope his health will be re-established, and that he will have the joy to see his labours of love made effectual to the salvation of many immortal souls. Be so kind as to remember me to Mrs G. wish she would make us a visit, and you likewise. Love to your daughters; may you have the joy to see them walking in the truth.

Requesting a remembrance in your prayers, and a few lines from you soon, and wishing you the enjoyment of your covenant God, I conclude.

Your most obedient and affectionate friend, &c.

LETTER TO MISS C. G. OF BRADFORD.

Beverly, April 15, 1813.

Well, my dear Charlotte, how do you do? Does that peace of mind, which passeth understanding, cement Heaven and your soul together in indissoluble bonds; and are you abounding in the work of the Lord? I trust this is your happy case; but let me tell you, it is not the case with your unworthy Fanny. Oh no! I am immersed in stupidity and coldness, and conversant with doubts and fears. Pray, my dear Charlotte, that I may not be deceived in some fatal snare, some refuge of lies, by which Satan beguiles and destroys unwary souls. O that I may be enabled to avoid his nets, to repel his shafts, and to escape his subtile machinations. Blessed Jesus, thou who knowest what temptations mean, O gird me with the gospel armour; and from thy unfailing treasures communicate all needful strength and grace to the most worthless of thy creatures: enable me to fight manfully upder thy protecting banner against every asserting foe; every des-

ling lust, and prove myself a good soldier in the spiritual warfare, and come off more than conqueror through thy assisting love. Is it not, my dear friend, of vast importance, that we should be, not only in theory, but in experience and practice, acquainted with the sublime truths of religion; that we should not only come near to the kingdom of heaven, but that we should be real members of it? Alas! how many are there in the visible church, whose superficial medley religion attempts to unite God and mammon. How many pay tithe of mint and annis, and strenuously contend for the circumstantials of religion, while they omit the weightier matters of the law, and thus evince, that there is "no light in them." How many, who will renounce some sins, and do " many things" * in religion, who yet must retain their Herodias, their favourite lusts. But they must all come short of heaven; and their delusive hopes will perish as the spider's web, when the Almighty takes away their souls. Fallacious are all our expectations of future bliss, unless in concomitance with that evangelical faith which works by love, purifies the heart, and is prolific of good works. The religion of the blessed Jesus leaves not its sincere votary under the dominion of unrepented sin. When once it is seated in the heart, every Dagon † is dethroned. every thing that comes in competition with it is renounced, the love of all sin eradicated, and the favourite easily besetting sin resolutely resisted, and discarded, though it be painful as the amputation of the right hand, or plucking out the right eye. Then the soul is rivetted, and in some humble degree assimilated to the blessed Jesus; supreme love to God has the ascendency in the heart, producing a love of affectionate complacency to all who bear his image, and a benevolent love to the whole hu-

Mark vi. 20.

man race. And when holy feelings and dispositions are implanted in the heart, they will invariably be attended with a humble, meek, contented, heavenly, useful, and pious deportment, and a well regulated conversation. O who would not be a Christian? Much more to be desired is the cheerful pious cot of poverty, reverberating with prayers and praise to Heaven, than the glittering palaces of monarchs, from which Jesus and his salvation are excluded.

" Happy, ye poor, who know your Bible true, A truth Voltaire, though learned, never knew; And in that charter read with sparkling eyes, Your title to a treasure in the skies."

O let me have my lot with the despised followers of the Lamb of God.

" May but his grace my soul renew, Let sinners gaze, and hate me too; The word that saves me does engage A sure defence from all their rage."

I am much gratified to hear of the organization of the recent Society in Bradford, and ardently hope it will prosper under the smiles of Heaven, and be the means of imparting knowledge and instruction to many illiterate children, and making them wise to salvation. I think those who are well qualified, and designated instructresses, will have peculiar opportunities of doing good, and advancing the interests of that kingdom, which is "righteousness, peace, and joy in the Holy Ghost." Their employment, though arduous, and involving great responsibility, is nevertheless honourable, delightful, and useful. I hope they will be females of singular religious attainments, eminent especially for patience, self-denial, and humility; and may all their exertons, and those of the society, be blessed to the everlasting benefit of many immortal souls, and thus redound to the glory of God.

I regret, myself only considered, that Miss S. is one selected for the intended undertaking, as I can scarcely endure the idea of a separation, so much do I love her. However, as there is no alternative, I rejoice there is a prospect of her usefulness; and time and distance cannot eradicate our reciprocal friendship, which will continue its vigour, and vent itself in prayers and letters, when personal interviews are impracticable.

Surely it is time for all who sustain the name of Christians to be vigorously engaged for the demolition of Satan's kingdom, and the enlargement and universal establishment of that "kingdom which is not of this world." O, if we have tasted that the Lord is gracious, and felt the ineffable worth of salvation, and the melting love of Jesus in our souls, shall we not glow with zeal to gloify our heavenly Deliverer, and promote his glorious sause.

Need I request my much loved friend to remember and write to her Fanny? Not that I could wish you to eglect more important duties; but when you have a few isure moments, if you will improve them in faithfully structing and reproving your stupid friend, you will infer on her a favour which she knows how to appreate, and for which heaven, she trusts, will abundantly ward you. Your most obliged friend and sister, &c.

ETTER TO MR A. F. AND MRS H. P. OF BRADFORD.

EAR SIR, Beverly, April 16, 1813.

I SHALL readily avail myself of the liberty you have ven me of writing to you, though I sensibly feel my tworthiness and incapacity, and fear my communication ill not merit a perusal. A conviction of your superior isdom and knowledge would preclude the humble efforts my inexperienced pen, did not your well known can-

dour give me encouragement. Much do I thank you for your few short lines; and more satisfaction would they have afforded me, had they come without the attendant information, that sickness had again debilitated your frame, again confined you to the bed of languishment. I hope, however, that your soul is in health and prospers; and that as your outward man decays, your inner man gains strength and vigour. I trust you enjoy spiritual communion with your covenant God; and that as the streams run low, you drink more copiously of the Fountain: and now and then from Pisgah's summit obtain a sweet perspective of the heavenly Canaan, flowing with delectable blessings and ever blooming glories; where the favoured "inhabitants shall no more say I am sick." You have long been conversant with pain and imbecility of body, and have learned in the school of adversity many a profitable lesson, for which you have reason to respire with God, "It is good for me that I have been afflicted." These frequent indispositions are mememtos of that sententious truth, which Philip, a Macedonian Monarch, erdered to be pronounced in his hearing every morning, " Remember thou art mortal."

Yes, it is a truth, a solemn truth, enforced by the word of God, and the death of thousands every hour. Let it sink deep into my heart, abate the love of life and this innate attachment to sublunary things, and stimulate to preparation for death; that when my Lord shall come, I may be ready to sit down at the marriage supper. How joyful ought we to be, that the Lord God Omnipotent reigneth, and will do all his pleasure in the armies of heaven above, and among the inhabitants of the earth. He superintends and governs all created beings, from the highest archangel to the smallest ephemera that floats in the air; and all circumstances and events are at his controul, and made subservient to the promotion of his grand

designs. He orders the rise and fall of empires, the revolutions and convulsions of kingdoms, and all the tremendous commotions which agitate this nether world. He raises monarchs to their thrones, and deposes them to a level with their meanest vassals. He bringeth down to the grave, and bringeth up, maketh rich, and maketh poor, as he sees best. From his exalted throne in the heavens, encircled with radiant majesty and glory, he stoops to beheld the things done on this low soil. passes by the envied courts of princes, and glittering palaces of kings, and condescendingly graces with his. presence the little hut of poverty, and feasts its pious inhabitants with " fat things, wine on the lees well refined," imperishable and satisfactory, "which nothing earthly gives or can destroy." Happy, superlatively happy mortals! Though you were neglected and despised by all men, treated as the off-scouring of all things, destitute of the comforts and necessaries of life, and combating with diversified insults, hardships, and calamities, yet would I congratulate you; for God and heaven are yours; peace and serenity tranquillize your hearts, and sit smiling on . your brow; and you are candidates for a crown of glory that fadeth not away, and heirs of a kingdom immortal in the skies. Ere long you shall drop sin, pollution, and a sorrow, and rise to shining seats of celestial bliss; where you shall be kings and priests unto God, when earthly crowns and scepters shall be demolished, and when terrestrial honours, pleasures, and emoluments, shall be lost. n one general mass of indiscriminate ruin.

Recollecting to whom I am writing, I restrain the sallies of imagination, drop my pen, and respectfully bid you adieu.

How do you do, my dear Mrs P.? You appeared when we wrote to have been rather disconsolate and depressed.

I hope you have ere this time resumed your wonted vivacity, and been favoured with the cheering presence of the holy Comforter. I hope you have frequent and delightful intercourse with heaven, and soul refreshing views of Jesus and his salvation. O to rise above these puerile vanities and insipid pleasures, to leave the world behind, and stretch after God and immortality, how pleasant and desirable! This is not our home. O no; it is polluted with sin, and embittered with sorrow. We are on a short journey through it, and therefore bare accommodations are all we need-all we must expect. We are all . pilgrims and strangers here, having no continuing city, but secking one to come, whose builder and maker is God. There eternal youth and unwithering spring flourish beyond the reach of the correding hand of time and death. There millions of delights and glories, far surpassing our conceptions, bless the sainted spirit, and excite continual songs of praise. O may we be ambitious to bear a humble part in the employments and enjoyments of that blessed world. Why should we be so attached to these low regions of sin and vanity? O why should we grovel among the worms of the dust, when we might hourly feast on soul satisfying delights and the banquet of angels? The glories of heaven attractingly display their ravishing charms, and yet we are sad from day to day, and cry, "My leanness! my leanness!" O for a sweet view of the immortal beautics and perfections of Emanuel. O for a heart smitten with his love, and enraptured with his excellencies, and entirely enamoured and captivated with his charms. O my dear friend, shall we not love, adore, and extol the Saviour of sinners; and shall we not strive to recommend him to our fellow mortals and spread the sweet savour of his name? And O1 when this mortal life expires, may we see him as he is, in the full blaze of his glory, and dwell beneath his beatific smiles in cloudless day.

Does the reformation decline? I hope not. I am very solicitous to hear of the confirmation of your health, which you said was not good, and likewise of the restoration of Mr P.'s. May the blessing of Heaven rest on your dwelling, and make it indeed a happy Bethel. Will not a little excursion be beneficial to your health, if Mr P. and you should be able? We should be glad to see you here, and hope we shall have that gratification before long. However, write every opportunity, and do not forget me at the throne of grace. With wishing you a happy Sabbath, and a seat at the feet of Jesus, I subscribe myself your most obliged and grateful friend, &c.

LETTER TO MISS C. G. OF BRADFORD.

Beverly, April 20, 1812.

Your very interesting communication *, my dearly beved Charlotte, has been perused and re-perused with
such solicitude and tender feeling; and for it I return
ou my most cordial thanks. These dear precious chilren,—O what an account have you given! what a picture
we you drawn! My heart, though adamantine, softens
and sinks within me as it takes an excursion to Haver-

This communication was concerning the children under the tronage of the PHILENDIAN SOCIETY. The object of this Society to afford instruction, especially religious instruction, to such lidren as are very poor, and have been favoured with very little, any instruction, either in the family, in the school-house, or in e sanctuary. Such children, alas! there are in many places in recountry. The Philendian Society, formed May 1813, has an signally blessed. Its members, who belong principally to verbill and Bradford, have set a noble example, which, it is ad, will be extensive and successfully instance.

hill and Byfield. Dear children! I commisserate fain would I meliorate your deplorable condition. you must, you will be snatched from ignorance, vice wretchedness, and roused to respectability, usefulness Methinks, I already see you decently your eyes sparkling with joy and gratitude, and swi ing the words of instruction with docility and av Shall I not hope, that some of you will learn the language of Canaan, and commence your journey New Jerusalem, with glowing ardour, and immorta ture-with the songs of Zion bursting from your O that you may be enabled to consecrate your you years to God, live the lives of heaven-born souls, in the temper of the meek and lowly Jesus, triumph i propitious smiles and transcendent glories; and you pass the vale of death, may the portals of Pai open to your view, and admit your enraptured son boundless beauties and immortal delights.

O my Charlotte, why are not Christians engaged for that heaven-inspired zeal, which constantly app in our great Exampler, and which animated the bre-Paul, when he flew, with almost seraphic speed house to house, and place to place, on the errands of lasting love. O when shall we be all life, all ac in the cause of our dear Redeemer-all philanthropy, and humility? O when shall we feel the unutterable of souls, and compassionately exert ourselves for good? When shall we be crucified to the world, an world to us, forget our wicked selves, and employ power and talent we possess for the promotion of 2 interests, the advancement of Emanuel's kingdom i when !--But let me not implicate you. I spea myself. O when shall this awfully selfish, vile ! drink deeply into the love of Jesus, and embrace a of immortal souls, and glow with gratitude, love, a in that precious glorious cause, for which Jesus bled on Calvary, and which is the only object worth living for? OI think I do long to do good. I could fly to the dear little cots in Newbury, display to them the awfully tremendous threatenings of the law, and the soul-ravishing charms of the gospel, and the worth of their never-dying souls, and direct them to that Saviour, whom to know aright is eternal life.

I send you one mite; and my heart heaves with a sigh that I cannot do more. Were I possessed of Indies of gold, I should not be at a loss how to spend it. But had I more, perhaps it would only pamper my lusts. However, I wish I might never spend another cent in superfluities. O how much good might I do! Do pray that I may not be a cumberer of the ground, &c.

LETTER TO MISS S. K. OF WENHAM.

April, or May, 1813.

How does your soul do this morning, my dear Sally? Did not your waking eyes salute the first dawn? and did ot the aspirations of your heart ascend to Him that eeth in secret, and is Lord of the Sabbath day? ou not taken an excursion with me to Gethsemane and lalvary? and did not your heart dissolve in compunction. ove, and gratitude, at the melting scenes there exhibited? lave you been on the summit of Tabor, and been faoured with a soul-ravishing view of the beauties and lories of the incarnate God? And have you enjoyed the weets of communion with God, and had intimate access the throne of grace? Except we know something of nese views and feelings, we are not genuine Christians. f we would be saved at last, we must know religion, not ply in theory, but in experience and practice. In vain we call Christ, Lord, Lord, if we are not careful to de

the things which he commands, and adoin our profession with the fruits of the Spirit. In vain do we retain the form of godliness, if we do not feel its renovating and invigorating power in our souls, stimulating us to live soberly, righteously, and godly, in this evil world; not conformed to its wicked customs and fashions, but transformed by the renewing of our minds, after our great Exemplar. Eternal truth hath said, " If any man love the world, the love of the Father is not in him," and, " the friendship of the world is enmity with God." God and mammon are at eternal variance; and fruitless are all endeavours to form a coalition. One or the other must have the supremacy in our hearts, and receive our service. God will admit no competitor. He will either have the primary place in our affections, or none at all. Those who make religion only a secondary object, performing those duties to which they are naturally most inclined, but avoiding those which are self-denying and ardnous, and retaining their favourite lusts and darling sins, however orthodox their sentiments and strict their forms, and however bright their hopes of heaven may be, they are under a most awful delusion, and will be undeceived in eternity, if not in time. It is to be feared there are many almost-Christians, who are not far from the kingdom of God, but who never enter it. But when once the kingdom of Jesus is established in the soul, down falls the Dagon before it, the beloved Herodias is renounced, the vanities and delights of the world are trampled upon, the affections allured to Jesus, grace reigns in the heart, and "the beauties of holiness" regulate and decorate the life. Do we, my dear Sally, know any thing of this internal change of heart, without which none can enter into the kingdom of heaven? Have we seen ourselves poor, and miserable, and blind, and naked? -felt the innate opposition of our hearts to God and hi

holy law, and trembled under Sinai's fiery thunders, in awful expectation of everlasting destruction? Have we been brought to throw down the weapons of our rebellion, to bow cordially to the sceptre of Jesus, and take refuge in the ark of safety? Have our hearts been smitten with the love of Jesus? and, having felt the inefficacy of our own righteousness, do we cordially rely on his merits for justification before God? Forgetting the things that are behind, do we reach after them that are before, and press after greater conformity to God, and increasing holiness in heart and life? Do we love to pour out our hearts to God in secret prayer? and does each passing day attest our humility, patience, heavenly-mindedness, and devotion to God? Do we love the society of lively Christians, and the word of God? and do we love to converse most on the things pertaining to the kingdom of God?

0 my cousin, can we answer these questions with truth in the affirmative? If so, we will dismiss our desponding doubts and fears, and travel with alacrity and zeal the road to Zion. But if not, we have great reason to conclude we are yet impenitent and unconverted, and stand obnoxious to the wrath of an incensed God. Do let us examine our hopes, and see whether they will stand the test. All terrestrial things are evanescent, as the morning cloud and early dew; and eternal realities imperiously demand our solemn attention. Ere long we nust close our eyes on all below, and enter on an untried und unchangeable state of retribution. O, how shall we eel, when we leave all mortal things, and the light of eernity shall burst on our astonished souls! What monentous realities; what amazing wonders will open to nur view, and interest, unspeakably interest, our disempodied spirits!-Eternity! what a word is eternity! When this terraqueous globe shall be one general mass.

of fire, when time shall be no more, our souls shall liv in eternity. Millions and millions of ages hence, the shall flourish immortal in the New Jerusalem, or be sink ing deeper and deeper in the fire that never shall ! quenched. We are now preparing for one of these state We are forming characters, which shall decide our fi ture destiny, and we are enjoying privileges, which w extend their influence to eternal ages. Through an en less duration we may take a retrospective view of t moments we are now spending, and that with ineffab joy or sorrow. O that I could find language, that wou adequately convey to you the feelings of my hear Could I use the dialect of eternity, how would I pourtn these everlasting truths and realities, in awful solemni and emphasis, suited to their magnitude and importance May the Spirit of the Lord write them upon our heart and cause us habitually to live and act under their in pression! O, my cousin! let our conduct be in referent to that tremendous day, which shall assemble the sleet ing nations in one vast concourse, produce the archive of eternity, reveal the secrets of every heart, and decid the final condition of every individual. Now let us a wake from our guilty slumbers, and improve every n maining moment in the service of our Maker. Let 1 evince our attachment to Emanuel, by our readiness t every good word and work. Let us live as strange and pilgrims here, crucified to the world, and the worldt Let us deposit our hopes, our hearts, and our tree sures in heaven, and live the lives of heaven-born soul What though we incur the charge of enthusiasm or su perstition; if we suffer for righteousness sake, happy ar we: and if we cannot endure the obloquy and ridicule a wicked world, surely we are not worthy of the name o Christians. O let us be ambitious of that honour which cometh from God, and dare to be singularly good in the

lakewarm time, always abounding in the work of the Lord, and living the life of heaven upon earth, that others may take knowledge of us, that we have been with Jesus, and learnt of him.

That you may be an honour to your Christian profession, a blessing to your friends, society, and the world, and at length be introduced to a state of rich and transporting glories, where Jesus is all in all, is the wish of your friend, &c.

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER TO MISS B. P. OF DANVERS.

Beverly, May 5, 1813.

My DEAR FRIEND.

CHRISTIAN friendship, endeared by coincidence of sentiment and long habits of intimate familiarity, is one of the most delightful and inestimable privileges indulged us in these adverse climes. Though it subjects us to many painful and delicate sensibilities, yet its concomitant weets and delights vastly preponderate. It sheds benignant lustre on our pilgrim state, and strews the thorny path of life with delectable flowers. The mines of Potosi, the wealth of Indies, "a world, in purchase for a friend is gain." Of how much greater importance then, is the friendship of Him who is infinite in love and goodness. and who gives eternal life to all his friends. If it be desirable to form an attachment with the wise and good of our fellow mortals, O how immensely desirable is an ndissoluble union with the wonderful Counsellor, the Father of light, and God of all comfort, wisdom, power, and perfection. What an indubitable proof has be given of his love to us, in that he died for us, while we were ene-Greater love bath no man than this, that a man ay down his life for his friend. But he who claims an quality with the Father, possessed of all divine attributes and excellencies, condescended to veil his deity in humanity, inhabit our wretched earth, and die on Calvary's rugged summit, for those who had rebelled against his righteous government, trampled on his laws, and abused his grace. He left the bosom of his heavenly Father, that we might sweetly recline on it; he for a while relinquished the adoration of the heavenly hosts, that we might be elevated to their beatific society; he resigned the joys and glories of heaven, that we might be raised to their fruition; he became poor, that we might be made rich; he bled, and groaned, and died, that he might extract the sting of death, and open the portals of paradise.

O shall not our souls glow with love and ardour in his dear cause, and strive to magnify and extol the riches of his grace? His cause is dear, unspeakably dear to his heart, and shall prevail. Though now it seems almost expiring, yet, like the fabled Phoenix, it shall emerge from its obscurity, and shine with renovated lustre and increasing beauty. Blessed are all they who love and promote this blessed cause, and whose interests are blended with the interests of Zion. Blessed are those who are emancipated from spiritual Egypt, and steering their course to Canaan, with songs of rejoicing and shouts of praise. Ere long shall their tiresome wanderings terminate, and, in "the swellings of Jordan," the land of promise shall open to their view, with all its exuberant beauties and unwithering joys.

Respecting the general conversation of convivial parties, I perfectly agree with you, that it is desultory, unprofitable, and unsatisfactory. O when shall we all learn to converse on things pertaining to the kingdom of God, wherewith one may edify another?

I conclude you are in a school; and much do I wish you grace to enable you to discharge its complicated and arduous duties to the acceptance of your God. You very affectionate and obliged friend, &c.

NOTE TO MISS E. S. OF BEVERLY.

June 6, 1813.

How do you do, my dear friend, after your tedious. walk? I feel quite miserably in body; but not more so than I foreboded. However, I do love the place where prayer is wont to be made; and, considering only myself. I could cheerfully make many sacrifices, and bear many crosses, to enjoy the precious privilege. O how sweet to encircle the throne of grace, and unitedly supplicate the favour of the great supreme. How incomparably preferable to the ceremonious, promiscuous visits, so much in vogue; whose only object seems to be, to throw time away. in vain insipid conversation. Does it not grieve your heart to meet with those who profess religion, whose tongues run freely on worldly themes, but are still when things pertaining to the kingdom of God are advanced? Perhaps too they may suggest, that they have not the gift that some have, and cannot talk upon their feelings, &c. We know there is a variety of different talents; but is it probable, or even possible, that one who has felt the power of religion, and can talk volubly upon commonplace subjects, should seldom or never expatiate on the beauties of the divine Saviour, the character of God, the worth of the soul, the cause of Zion, and the exercises of ais own heart.

Do write very soon upon this subject; for it has executingly interested, and grieved my heart, &c.

LETTER TO MISS B. P. OF DANVERS.

Beverly, June 9, 1813.

THE Christian life, my dear Betsy, is a warfare, a coninual conflict. If we have renounced allegiance to sin ad Satan, and enlisted under the banners of the Prince.

of Pcace, we have engaged in a war against three enemies, the world, the flesh, and the devil. We l fight, not only against flesh and blood, but against cipalities and powers, against the rulers of darkn spiritual wickedness in high places-foes, malicio merous, invisible, and indefatigable. spare a legion of his subtle emissaries to infest o man, he must have a vast number under his conti ready to execute his orders. From Scripture we that he possesses very great power, virulence, ar pitude; and surely he knows how to avail himself to the greatest advantage. He will not fail to temptations to all our various circumstances; an acquainted with our most vulnerable part, he w tinually exert himself to effectuate our ruin. If v been emancipated from his iron bondage, though not indeed pluck us out of our Redeemer's hands, he endeavour to ensnare, worry, and harass our and impede our progress. If he cannot prevent tering heaven at last, yet he will strew the re leads thither with prickly briars and goading thor he cannot make us leave the narrow path, yet he his utmost to make us travel slowly, heavily, and de ingly, and make us continual work for sorrow and ance. If one stratagem fails, he will try a second if that, a third; and so unwearied are his attem machinations, that he is called "a roaring lior about seeking whom he may devour;" and if his were not circumscribed by One stronger than he. long since been in utter despair and distraction. blessed be God, he is a vanquished enemy, and go a hair's breadth beyond the permission of the : Friend. Ah! ye tempted followers of the Lam do you go on so mournfully the road to Zion? ' now and then your adversary gains a temporary

and insultingly menaces your total ruin, yet listen not to his wiles, regard not his threats, nor tamely give up all for lost. But rather collect and renew your forces, array. yourselves in the panoply of the gospel, and set your: faces as a flint against every opposing power. Fear not. The Lion of the tribe of Judah will infallibly prevail. He will clothe you with armour; he will lead you forth to battle; he will protect you in every conflict, and enable you to perform exploits; and eventually bring you off more than conquerors. His name is JESUS; for he: shall save his people from their sins. Precious name! sublimely replete with the most glorious and mysterious excellencies. Eternal life, salvation, and blessedness, are wonderfully comprised in it; greater than the mind of man can conceive, or human language describe. sweet emollient for the lacerated conscience, a healing balm for the wounded heart. It opens a gleam of hope to the returning prodigal, discovers exuberant beauties and transporting glories to his enraptured eyes, and directs his march to Canaan's rest. It alleviates the pangs of sickness, and pours benignant radiance on the valley: of death. Transcendantly delightful name! beyond the explanation of the inhabitants of time. Its rich and amazing import is more adequately known in the regions of cloudless day-of everlasting light. EMANUEL! Jisus! Ye hoary heads, silvered with years, and furrowed with sorrows, and just ready to repose in the slumbers of the grave, O let this name reverberate on your closing line, and animate your souls with more than mortal joys, as they take their happy flight to congenial climes. And you young immortals and prattling children, let your stammering tongues learn to reiterate it with hearts touched with sacred fire, and be nobly ambitious to enrage in that angelic employment, which commences in me, and runs parallel with the ages of eternity. Christians, lose not your temper and your time about empty forms and notions, but let this name be the animating theme of your social converse and retired contemplations; and as oft as it vibrates on your tongues, and pervades your minds, let your hearts burn within you with extatic fire, and your affections soar to worlds of light. Ah! ye poor deluded sinners, ye know not the felicity ye lose, while ye are strangers to praise, and ignorant of the harmony and rapture of this soul-reviving word. Awake! awake! and let your dormant powers vie with angels in adoringly celebrating this name, which all the host of heaven strive to extol and magnify in strains too sublimely grand for mortals to hear.

Write soon. Do not forget to love and pray for your affectionate and obliged, &c.

LETTER TO MISS S. P. B. OF LYNNFIELD.

Beverly, June 18, 1813.

I NEED your friendship, your correspondence, and your prayers; and I trust you will confer on me the precious boon. Surely we ought to exert ourselves to benefit each other in our wearisome journey through this thorny desert and waste howling wilderness. The portentous moment in which our first parents ate of the forbidden fruit, "brought death into the world and all our woe." It changed a garden of Eden into an Aceldama, "a land of deserts and pits, a land of drought and the shadow of death." It introduced war, carnage, and destruction, and all the variegated and complicated hardships and distresses under which nations bleed, and every individual, more or less despondingly groans. It ushered in those envious and rebellious passions which exasperated Cain to embrue his hands in a brother's blood; and which have been the source of all the calamities and dire convulsions, and

amazing revolutions which have taken place in the world. To these malignant passions, the consequences of that eventful moment, must be ascribed those intestine divisions and awful judgments which distract our beloved country, and those bloody wars, conflicting commotions, and heart appaling catastrophes, which cause nations to bleed at every pore, and agitate our globe to its very centre. Ah! when we think of that deluge of iniquity, which seems to inundate our guilty land, and threatens to swallow in its vortex all that is amiable and good, do not our spirits droop within us, and our souls tremble for the ark of God? But the Lord God omnipotent reigneth; let the earth rejoice, and all its isles be glad. Our Jesus sits on the holy hill of Zion, swaying the sceptre of the universe, ordering and regulating all its affairs, " from seeming evil still educing good," and making the wrath of man to Praise him, and all creatures and things subservient to the good of his church, and promotion of his kingdom. He will overturn, overturn, and overturn, till he shall reign king of nations as he is king of saints,-till the standard of the cross is erected in heathen climes, and his kingdom swallows up every other kingdom, and embraces all the nations of the earth. Precious thought! Do we not delight, with an eye of faith, to look over the lofty mountains of superstition, vice, infidelity, error, and immorality, to that glorious era of light and love, of joy and riumph, of peace and tranquillity? O for another day of Pentecost, when all shall be of one heart and one soul. when great grace shall be upon all believers, and whenmultitudes shall throng the gates of Zion, and with joy and gratitude smiling in their eyes, encircle the table of he dear Redeemer.

Have you, my friend, yet embraced the precious privilege with which Jesus has condescendingly indulged a humble followers, that of professing his dear name,

and enjoying his covenant love? I regret that you had not, when last I heard. I should rejoice to hear that you had united yourself to a Christian church, and publicly avouched your attachment to Emanuel's cause, by "surnaming yourself by the name of Israel." Let me tell you, it is not only an important duty, but an inestimable privilege, tending to corroborate grace, to enliven faith and love, and awaken to penitence, humility, zeal, and obedience. O can we refuse this token of our affection to Him, who bled, and groaned, and died, that our poor souls might live for ever!. Ought we not at such a time to appear explicitly on the Lord's side, to come out and be separate from the world, and all its ensnaring amusements and wicked customs! My beloved friend, do let us be decided and consistent Christians. Most soothingly and irresistibly does our Jesus speak, "Do this in remembrance of me." Where is the heart timetured with grace, that is proof against this melting, dying command? Perhaps you might object, that you fear you are not a Christian. Examine then, and strive to ascertain your state. If you are unprepared for this duty, you are unprepared for death. And if you were now on a dying bed, would not the omission of this duty grieve. and distress you? And let me just suggest, that this may be one cause of the doubts and fears that now trouble you; for God will honour them that honour him. I trust, my dear Miss B. that you are engaged in the cause of religion, and striving unremittingly to advance the interests of your dear Redeemer. O strive to extol and magnify his grace, and embrace every opportunity of recommending him to others.

The religion of many professors will not stand the test of scripture, nor of the final judgment. That religion which aims to unite God and mammon, would give half to God, and half to the world, and tries to retain the

friendship of both; however well it may suit the carnal heart, and prevalent as it is, yet it is not the religion of the cross; it will never save our souls. The religion of Christ admits no mediocrity, no neutrality. It requires the whole heart, and all the energies of soul and body. It is incompatible with the friendship of the world; calls its votaries to be strangers and pilgrims here; to take up the cross and follow their Master, through evil report as well as through good report; to deny all ungodliness and worldly lusts, and live soberly, righteously, and godly, looking for that rest which remains for the people of God.

O my friend, let us dare to be singularly good, convincing all around us that we have been with Jesus, and learned of him. If others are lukewarm, and say, "Spare thyself; there is no need of so much circumspection, self-denial, and zeal:" O let us beware of their base insinuations, and bear in mind, that "the kingdom of heaven suffereth violence, and the violent take it by force;" and not every one that says, "Lord, Lord," shall enter the kingdom of heaven, but he that does the will of God; and it is his will that we should be always abounding in his work, redeeming the time, walking circumspectly, and serving him with fervency of spirit. Your very unworthy, though loving friend, &c.

LETTER TO MISS N. J. OF BEVERLY.

Beverly, June, 1813.

THERE is, my dear Nancy, laid in Zion a precious corner Stone, a sure Foundation, upon which the church of God, and every individual believer is immoveably established. It is a Foundation, which affliction, persecution, and death, in all their most formidable terrors cannot shake, which the malice of earth and hell cannot undermine. Since its stablishment, through a long course of wintry years, it.

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has weathered the blasts and storms of its foes, and still it continues firmer than the pillars of the universe, and durable as eternity itself. This is the Rock; and its precious stability shall appear to admiring friends, and ruined enemies, when earthly sceptres, and crowns, and thrones, and kingdoms,-when this beautifully variegated globe, and all the sparkling luminaries of heaven shall be hurled into promiscuous ruin. When the angel's trump shall sublimely sound, and, as if seven thunders uttered their voices, penetrate the receptacles of the dead, and call the sleeping nations to the dread tribunal; when those who have builded on this Rock shall meet in triumph at the right hand of their Judge, and those who have neglected and rejected it, on the left; then shall appear the superlative excellency and preciousness of this glorious Foundation. Is it not valuable? " No mention shalf be made of coral or of pearls." The brilliant " topaz of Ethiopia shall not equal it;" nay, its price is immensely above all the luxuriant delights and glittering baubles that carth can afford. Happy the soul fixed on this basis. Ruin, inevitable ruin, awaits all beside; and when the rain and storms descend, and beat upon the house built upon the sand, it shall tremendously fall, and its infatuated builder with it, into the abyss of woe.

How important then, my dear friend, that we know on what ground we stand. How important that we build upon that Rock, upon which millions have built who now sing in triumphant strains its worth and glory.

I do long to feel the attractions of that cross, "where God my Saviour loved and died;" and have my whole soul assimilated to him who went about doing good. O how much might we do to benefit those around us in soul and body. And what sweet felicity vibrates in the philanthropic breast. Who, that has entered the unheeded but of poverty, and poured the illuminating rays of divina

truths on its illiterate inhabitants, witnessed their anxious tears, and heard their plaintive inquiring moans, as they tenderly listened to something wonderously new; -- who, that has supplied the wants of penury, and cheered the heart throbbing with misery; --- who, that has smoothed the sufferer's aching pillow, and taught him to seek durable riches and righteousness, and aspire after a crown unfading and eternal, in that world where sickness, sorrow, and death shall be known no more; --- who, that has tasted of the divine luxury, accompanying a sincere and unostentatious discharge of these duties, would relinquish it for seats of royalty and crowns of gold? Does it not grieve your heart, my dear Nancy, to hear some say in answer to inquiry, "I cannot go to Church for want of decent clothes, I have nothing to wear?" Ah, what shall be done? Must they bid adieu to the house of prayer, where God often meets with sinners, and makes them in earnest for the onething needful? But if they took delight in the worship of the most High, would they not be willing to appear in his earthly courts, though in mean and homely apparel? I have sometimes thought, O that my ability were commensurate with my wishes! but then I check myself by reflecting, that if I had wealth at my disposal, I might spend it on my lusts. O for a spirit of weanedness from the world and devotion to God!. Why do I sit still in slothful apathy, and spend my precious time in vaina useless cumberer of the ground? Were I not awfully sunk in stupidity, my tears would bedew this paper, and mix with this ink. O that my head were waters, and mine eves a fountain of tears, that I might weep over this contagious lukewarmness and sottishness, that not only has overspread me, but is manifest in many around me, who have little more of religion than the name, whose tongues fluently converse on worldly topics, but let the character of Jehovah, the charms of Jesus, the sublime realities of

eternity, the ineffable value of the soul, the delightful interests of Zion, the exercises and experiences of true Christians, and the vast importance of retaining not only the form, but the power of godliness-let these be but introduced and they are tacit, and perhaps surprise and chagreen are depicted in their aspects. When I have spent whole afternoons in the company of professors, and have thus seen their volubility on secular subjects, and on any subjects, but the best and the sweetest; and if any one had courage to advance this in the most inoffensive and conciliating manner, no one would kindly second it, but all scemed eager the first favourable moment to give it a widely different turn. O I have painfully reiterated mentally, " Are these Christians? have they tasted that the Lord is gracious? Have they learned the sweet language of Canaan, and are they travelling the road to Zion?" Do tell me, my dearly beloved friend, what you think of such characters. Can religion dwell in our hearts, and yet never be heard from our lips? True, all have not equal freedom in disclosing their feelings, and conversing on things pertaining to the kingdom of God; yet if we have one spark of grace, shall we not drop a few words, and talk as much on this as on other themes? I remain your affectionate, &c.

journal, 1813.

July, O in what language shall I record the death of my Harriet! Alas! my pen trembles, my heart bleeds, my eyes are drowned in tears, my spirit is wounded by an arrow from the Almighty! How shall I write that name, which has long been bound up in the tenderest fibres of my heart, while the dearly beloved object that bore it is no more on earth! Earth was too low, too mean a habitation for thy residence; and thy celestial spirit, tired of all below the sun, has winged its serial

flight to congenial climes. No more dost thou wander from thy native land to the sultry climes of India, nor from that ungrateful soil, to the distant Isle of France, conversant with toils, and care, and sorrow, and tears, ill suited to thy tender health, and still more tender spirit; for thou hast found thy everlasting home, where the wicked cease from troubling, and where the weary are at rest. No more it remains a question where thou shalt labour, and whether thou shalt go. For thy labours, thy wanderings, thy anxieties, and thy perils, received a final termination in the swellings of Jordon, and thy immortal part has found that rest, which shall never be alloyed with a rising sigh or falling tear, a rest in the bosom of thy loved Redeemer. Thou hast bidden farewell to this adverse clime, to thy sorrowing partner, thy widowed mother, and mourning friends, to meet thy Father and thy God, and kindred spirits in realms of bliss. Far from this western world, the land that gave thee birth, far from thy maternal abode, and the tender bosom of a beloved mother, a stranger in a strange land, thou languishedst on the bed of death, and closedst thine eyes on things below. On yonder distant Isle, thy spirit took its early flight, and mingled with the inhabitants of heaven. Strangers hovered over thy dying bed, caught the last beams of thy closing eyes, and heard the soft concluding accents that quivered on thy faultering lips, and their tears bedewed thy lamented grave. Ah! as if the land of thy birth could not afford thee a grave, thou hast found one in a heathen land, over which the tears of thy mother and thy Fanny cannot flow. Thy amiable disposition and endearing virtues shall however live in my affectionate remembrance, and thy early departure be embalmed with the tears of friendship, and the sighs of grief. Long shall my memory retain thy lovely image, the benignant traces of that countenance which now moulders in the ruins of death, and consecrates the fields of superstition, vice, and error.

Ah! I have lost a friend. The universal conqueror has snatched from my little circle of friends, one of my best beloved and most deserving. The cold hand of death has levelled my Harriet with the dust, and laid her body beneath the clods of the valley.

Ye poor pagans! let floods of sorrow roll down your sable faces for one who loved you. For you she bade her friends adieu; for you she was tossed on the wide Atlantic; for you she became inured to hardship and wo; and for you she paid the debt of nature in a far distant and unfavourable clime.

Ye Christians! followers of her to a kingdom of glory, drop one tear over her early exit, and emulate with zeal her example of humble piety, christian fortitude, and cheerful self-denial; and rejoice in the prospect of hailing her happy spirit in the New Jerusalem.

Ye dead sinners! weep not for her, but for yourselves; for she deplored your wretchedness; she prayed and toiled for your everlasting good, and fain would her benevolent soul have snatched you from the precipice on which you totter, and established your feet on a Rock, firmer than the pillars of the universe, and durable as eternity itself.

Ye tender relatives and affectionate friends! let the thought of her consummate bliss and immortal glory console your anguished spirits, and impart serenity and peace to your bleeding bosoms. From yonder hill of Zion, she speaks in accents of mild affection and soothing tenderness, "Dry up your falling tears, compose your restless passions with holy assiduity, follow me as far as I have followed my blest Redeemer, and prepare to meet me, where my Saviour and my God forever dwell."

With pensive pleasure I review the days of other years. My officious memory retraces those scenes, and joys departed never to return; but which are engraven in indelible characters on my heart, and shall often be the theme of my meditations. In the literary seminary in the beloved Bradford, I found my Harriet of congenial sentiments and feelings, and capable of all the sensibilities and refinements of amity; and with her I commenced that intercourse of heart with heart, and interchange of mutual endearments, which many years and many vicissitudes served but to cement, corroborate, and improve. Auspicious summer! grateful is the recollection of thee to my burdened heart. How often, in reciprocal embraces, did we traverse the verdant groves, conversing on the interests of Zion, and things pertaining to the kingdom of God-on the celestial beauties of our Emanuel, and the ineffable worth of our immortal souls. Ah! how little did we then think that mighty waters, and trackless forests, and towering mountains, were to separate our mortal frames, and debar a pleasurable interview. How little did I think that thou wast to tread a path, untrodden by the fair daughters of Columbia, a path strewed with peculiar and heart-appalling trials, and through so many foes and tiresome toils, force thy way to the haven of rest. How little did we think, that in the far distant Isle of France, thou wast to close thy eyes on things below, and open them in eternal day. But though thy first and earliest friends witnessed not the last scene of thy mortal sufferings, nor smoothed thy dying pillow with their lenient sympathies and efforts, yet we trust the bosom of Jesus was thy rest, his heavenly smiles thy solace, and benignant angels thy guard; and thus attended and supported, thou didst greet the peaceful port of heavenly rest.

Happy spirit, I congratulate thy safe accession to immortal joys. O may I meet thee on that blissful shore, where the parting sound and tear are known no more, where all the favoured inhabitants are cemented in the most endearing and everlasting bonds, in the presence of that Jesus who is all in all. O may the friendship, formed in these frigid regions, be transplanted to heavenly climes, and there glow with immortal ardour, and burn with a purified and exalted flame beneath the beams of the Sun of Righteousness, and surrounded by all the transcendently glorious beauties of the celestial Paradise. O may I join my humbler voice with thine in everlasting strains of melodious praise, and vie with seraphim and cherubim in one harmonious concert of sublime adoration, and grateful homage to him that sits on the throne, and the Lamb forever and ever.

Well, my dear Harrict, I leave you there; and when all the transient joys and sorrows of this mortal life shall cease to interest me, when my spirit is just ready to loose from earth, and commence its flight through the vast regions of boundless space. O may you hail its introduction to that bright world, where you have arrived, to spend endless ages in rehearsing the wonders of redeeming love.

Ah! how many fervent prayers have been lodged in the court of heaven for my dear Harriet, while she was beyond their reach, employed in cheerful praise. Well, they shall not be lost, if offcred in real faith and sincerity. But though I supplicate for her no more, yet O let me not cease to remember the little mission in which she was so ardently interested, and which she bore on her heart, when almost overwhelmed with personal trials. Let me not forget perishing pagans, whose hapless state she so pathetically deplored, and whose immortal salvation she longed to secure. Let me not forget to deposit her let-

ters in my heart, as the surest pledge of our reciprocal affection, and the lively transcript of the interior recesses of her breast. Farewell this theme—I drop my pen, and sigh, Adieu.

LETTER TO MES ATWOOD OF HAVEBHILL, AND . HEB DAUGHTERS.

Beverly, July 27, 1813.

OMY dear Mrs Atwood, I know not how to address. you on that heart-rending event which drowns my eyes in tears, and suffuses my soul in sorrow; but which you must feel in all its ineffable and overwhelming poignan-Our dearly beloved Harriet has quitted this nether world, and all its chequered vicissitudes, joys, and sor-From the celestial hill of Zion, smiling with joy she retrospects the dangers, the toils, and the troubles of her earthly pilgrimage, all happily past, and all contributing to brighten her crown of glory, and enhance her felicity. With what raptures does she strike her golden lyre to Emanuel's praise, and in notes divinely seraphic celebrate the wonders of redeeming grace and almighty love, absorbed in the full blaze of consummate beauty and uncreated glory! With what admiring extacy must she gaze on the splendours of Deity, and enjoy the beams of the Sun of Righteousness; and, rapt with an immortal flame, soar from glory to glory, making nearer and nearer assimilations to infinite excellency,—capacitated for continual and endless progression and enjoyment! O the millions and millions of pure and refined delights that fill her immortal soul, adequate to all its boundless desires, and durable as its existence!

May we, my dear Mrs Atwood, be prepared to greet her happy spirit on that peaceful shore, where those who have here been cemented in Christ, shall enjoy a union unspeakably tender, sublime, endearing, and eternal. Yes; if Christians, we shall ere long be done with all the toils and trials of the wilderness, and in the New Jerusalem meet all our pious friends, and spirits of just men made perfect, to part no more forever.

Great is your trial, and indescribably tender and distressing must be your feelings. Gladly would I pour into your bleeding bosom the balm of Gilead, and wipe the anguished tears from your swoln eyes. hand that has wounded alone can heal. God is able to give you strength adequate to your day, and by the communications of his grace and love, cause you ever in this night of affliction to sing his praise. O that his tender hand may bind up your broken spirit, and be your stay and support in the house of your pilgrimage! He does not willingly afflict nor grieve the children of men; and he has consolingly promised, that all things shall work together for good to them that love him. O that he may give you the oil of joy for mourning, and the garment of praise for the spirit of heaviness, and cause you to glory in tribulation. Your trial, with all its distressing circumstances and aggravations, was ordered by him in infinite wisdom and mercy; and the Judge of all the earth has done right. The dispensations of his providence are often mysterious, but we ought to rest assured that he knows what is best, and that his ways are just and equal. Let me request you to direct your weeping eyes to the summit of Calvary, and there behold the blessed Jesus in the agonies of death, insulted, despised, and contemned, and offering up his life for the salvation of rebel worms. May you leave your sorrows and your griefs at the foot of the cross, rejoicing that you are counted worthy to suffer for Christ's sake. O that you may lean your weary head on the bosom of Jesus, and there sweetly repose all your tears and grouns. He co touched with a feeling of your infirmities, knows how pity, how to succour you; and by the sweet visits of s love can impart rich consolation to your soul, and sange your pensive complaints into songs of admiring atitude and praise. "The Lord liveth, the Lord reignba." He governs all things in the wisest and best manir, and he ever lives to protect his cause, to bless his tildren, and to be their unfailing portion, when earth tall be on fire, and time swallowed up in eternity.

I lament my inability to comfort you; but I pray that , who is the Fountain of living waters, the God of all master, and giver of every good and perfect gift, may sit his comforts and supports to your wants and necession, make you an illustrious example of patience, subission, and cheerful acquiescence, a rich and lasting essing to your family, the Israel of God, and a world ing in wickedness; and at last receive you to the subne entertainments, and transporting selicities of his eavenly kingdom. Your very affectionate, but unworthy iend. &c.

My dear young Friends, sisters of my beloved Harriet, and fellow travellers with me to the eternal world, reive a few affectionate lines from a heart that loves you, and longs for your immortal good. Consider your awful ate by nature, and your exposedness to the wrath of an agry God. You stand on the verge of a long eternity; and while out of Christ, you totter on a precipice, from hence you may tremendously fall into the gulf of reediless perdition and despair. A few more short days, and you will cease to be interested in all that is done on a rth; nay, this night your souls may be required of you, and your eternal destiny be fixed beyond the possibility a change. O that if could describe to you the awful lemnities of a dying hour, and the amazing realities of

a future world. O that I could tell you in language equivalent to the reality, the worth of your souls, and the importance of securing their salvation. Now, now is the accepted time, the precious opportunity, which, if you do not seize and improve, endless ages hence you may be wail and lament, in all the horrors of remorse and anguish. I beseech you defer not one moment longer. If you value the happiness of heaven, a happiness that shall survive the ruins of the world, and flourish immortal is the celestial Paradise, a happiness interminable as the desires of your souls—if this is valuable, O strive to obtain an unalienable title to it. You have every inducement now to forsake your sins, and engage in the enployment of angels, and partake of the joys of heaves You have had one warning after another; and will you turn a deaf ear to them, and go on treasuring up wrath against the day of wrath, till you are beyond the reach of mercy? I conjure you not to act so preposterous, so criminal, so ruinous a part! Embrace the offers of mercy, and fly with celerity to the ark of safety, the arms of Christ. Listen to the voice that speaks from the far distant grave of Harriet, in accents unutterably emphatical, "Be also ready; for in such an hour as ye think not, the Son of man cometh." Work while the day lasts, for the night of death cometh, wherein no man can work Lay up your treasure in heaven, and prepare to meet your God. Do you not wish to die serenely, as she did, with a hope full of immortality. Do you not wish to meet her in that blest world, where she has arrived, and join with her in the beatific song of Moses and the Lamb? Why then will you not repent? Why will you not bow to the sceptre of Jesus, and deposit your souls in his dear faithful hands, and engage in his delightful service? O that I could prevail on you so to do! O could I speak in the language of eternity! in what glowing colours woo

elineate its sublime realities, and how would I urge to make immortality your blessing, not your everng curse! My beloved friends, these are not mere neras and visionary flights; no, they are tremendous hs, and ere long we shall feel them in all their energy O then let them sink with all their weight your hearts, and urge you to an immediate preparafor death and judgment. Give not sleep to your eyes, slumber to your eyelids, till you have secured an inst in the great guardian of Israel, whose watchful eyes er slumber nor sleep. The smiles of approving heaven of infinitely more worth, than millions of worldssweeten all our trials, check our rising tears, calm our ing sighs, smooth your descent to the lonely grave, crown you with a paradise of rich and ever blooming ties and perennial joys. Treasure, I entreat you, nstructions of your dear departed sister in your hearts, transcribe them into your lives. O may you, in uniwith her and all the musicians around the celestial ne in one glorious band, sing praises to Zion's King ever and ever.

most sincerely sympathize with you all in the deep tion which immerses you in gloom; and hope you come out of the furnace refined and purified. Letters I all of you would be peculiarly grateful to my heart. Quest you to excuse my freedom and inaccuracies, as I written in much haste. Your very affectionate Id, &c.

LETTER TO MISS M. S. OF CHELMSFORD.

Beverly, Aug. 6, 1813.

DEAR AND MUCH LOVED MISS S.

Iv earliest acknowledgments and ardent thanks are for your very affectionate and obliging letter, and that

freedom with which you have opened your heart to one who will cheerfully reciprocate your confidence, but laments her inability to establish, strengthen, stimulate, and direct you, as she ardently wishes. You do not appear to enjoy that clear evidence of your union to Christ, and those elevated and rapturous feelings with which you have formerly been tavoured in some precious moments, and for which you now aspire; yet I trust you retain a comfort able hope that you have passed " from death unto life." I think we are too easily elated with raised affections; and then, when they subside, though we may be equally in the exercise of grace, unreasonably depressed; where as we ought to regard more the habitual disposition of our minds. Frames and feelings are variable and inconstant; but God never changes. I do believe it would be better with us generally, if we kept Christ more in view, and lived more simply and entirely on him, and less engrossed with our little selves. Let us, my dear friend, strive for a confidential trust in him, and solid evidence that we are his disciples: and then let not every discouraging appearance, every temptation of the adversary, disconcert and unsettle our minds, and throw us into vielding timidity and gloomy despondency. The best way too to get rid of our doubts and fears, is to engage resolutely in what we know to be duty, however crossing to our natural propensities; and to renounce all known sin, and avoid every appearance of evil, though it should subject us to many mortifications and trials, like the plucking out of a right eye, or cutting off a right hand. to Christian enjoyment, much circumspection, watchfulness, and prayer, are essentially necessary. course is even, regular, and humble, we may expect gracious visits from the Majesty of heaven, and our souls will flourish as ceders in Lebanon; but one devious step. one inadvertent action, may intercept the rays of the Sun righteousness, and involve us in more than Egyptian kness. Never, then, never let us suffer our desires I aspirations towards God grow cold and languid; nelet our addresses to Heaven be inconstant, lukewarm, I formal. Backslidings ordinarily originate in a fail, or negligent and infrequent performance of those duwhich more immediately lie between God and our souls, and of which no human eye takes cognizance. In we take delight in pouring out our souls before I, when the time allotted to devotion is pleasantly and outly passed, we may be said to make proficiency in divine life; but when we are reluctant to the duties of closet, and glad of any plausible pretence for omitting m, we may justly fear that we are in a retrograde mon, and a dangerous state.

By no means would I insinuate, that Christians do at times hail the seasons of retirement, and feel sweet uplacency and freedom in their intercourse with heat; for alas! their backwardness, their coldness, and ir deadness are often lamentably apparent. But it is tain to a demonstration, that all true Christians do it is leadness are often lamentably apparent. But it is tain to a demonstration, that all true Christians do it is leadness and imperfections in the duty. It is their wanderings and imperfections in the duty. It is think we may obtain some light respecting our inacters; for I apprehend that hypocrites pay more attain to external and moral duties, rather than to those ich are spiritual and secret; and however much they y do to be seen of men, still they are not desirous of it honour which cometh from God only.

My dear Miss S. it is infinitely important that we be ristians in deed and in truth, subjects of that radical ange of heart, without which the benevolent Saviour s declared with a solemn asseveration, none can enter kingdom of heaven. May you, my dear friend, build.

your hope on a foundation which will stand firm and immoveable, when general devastation and destruction envelope this terraqueous globe, and the breath of the Almighty extinguishes the hope of the hypocrite, and sinks him down to the abyss of woe. Having tasted that the Lord is gracious, and exulted in the auspicious smiles of the glorious Emanuel, surely you are under ten thousand obligations to live entirely devoted to him, and to glorify him with every breath. O magnify, praise, and extol his name and perfections, and recommend him to all around you, not only with the eloquence of words, but of actions, and use all your influence and endeavours to promote his cause, and advance his kingdom. Instruct, warn, admonish, and reprove, with all hoty boldness and incontestible argument, as you have opportunity, without any fear of man, confiding in the Lord Jehovah; for in him only is everlasting strength. Go in the strength of the Lord God, and he will assist, stimulate, and accept you; and who can tell but he may furnish you with a "word in season," and make you the happy instrument of saving a soul from endless death? "They that sowin tears shall reap in joy." The seed you sow plentifully in faith and hope, and water with your prayers and tears, may spring up, when you are removed from earthly scenes, and yield a luxuriant increase to the praise of God-What an encouragement is this to active and indefatigable exertions in the cause of Christ!

If we would enjoy religion, let us be explicit and open in our attachment to Emanuel, come out boldly on the Lord's side, manifesting to all that we are not ashamed of the Cross of Christ, and that we can cheerfully endure a sneer or a frown, esteeming the reproach of Christ greater riches than treasures of gold. Even though wolves and lions should impede our progress, let us press forward in the path of duty, "Looking unto Jesus;" forward in the path of duty, "Looking unto Jesus;"

vigorous faith in him will sink mountains into molehills, and overcome difficulties and obstructions almost insuperable. "If God be for us, who can be against us?"

Wishing you a seat at the feet of Jesus, I am yours, with sisterly affection, &c.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER TO MISS S. P. B. OF LYNNFIELD. Beverly, Aug. 26, 1813.

I po not feel adequate to the solution of your import-, ant queries, but will suggest a few of my own ideas, hoping they will not be incompatible with Scripture. apprehend a Christian may be disposed to conform to the world, and to partake in its vanities, and even prefer the company of the great and gay to that of the meek and lowly disciples of Christ. But it must be when the gracious affections of his soul are very low, and all his desires towards God in a lukewarm and languishing state. While he thus conducts, he can have little or no religious comfort, and all who behold his inconsistent and careless walk, have reason to call in question all his former evidences of piety. How dangerous is his state! He complies with one solicitation after another; he allows himself one carnal indulgence after another; conforms to one worldly requisition after another; and still descending with the stream, who knows where it will land him! My dear friend, we are not to go to the world, and see how far it will permit us to follow Christ, and still retain its friendship. No; we have an infallible guide and standard, to which we must resort, which lifts its monitory voice, and cries, "Whosoever will be a friend of the world, is the enemy of God." O may we learn to detach our affections from earth, and rivet them on joys unchangeable and immeasurable! Yours affectionately, &c.

LETTER TO MR D. S. OF BEVERLY, THEN AT BRADFORD ACADEMY.

Beverly, Sept. 29, 1813.

My DEAR FRIEND,

WITH tender anxiety and growing solicitude for your spiritual welfare, I improve a few hasty moments in writing to you, imploring the Holy Spirit to guide my pen to a word in season, and impress on your heart and conscience the great truths I suggest. The idea that I am addressing an immortal being fills my soul with holy dread, and urges, irresistibly urges me to plainness and faithfulness, though I am sensible I can say nothing but what has been already said to you.

You observe, (ah! my mind revolts at the thought!) you observe, " I am fighting against God." Woe, woe unto him that striveth with his Maker! Has not God given you life, and has he not crowned this life with a plenitude of mercies? Has he not been your Preserver from infancy to the present moment, delivering you from imminent dangers, seen and unseen, when there was apparently but a step between you and endless death? * Has he not opened the gate of heaven, and exhibited the glories of the upper world, and offered them to your acceptance, " without money and without price?" Has he not discovered to you the heart-rending miseries of the infernal pit, the awful and inevitable portion of all who die in their sins, and besought you to flee for refuge to the shadow of his wings? And now, as a return for all his favours and mercies, you hate him ;-a worm of yesterday, rebelling against the Majesty of heaven; that Being who is the centre of all perfection, glory, and excellence; the source of all felicity, the fountain of living waters,

[•] He was in danger of drowning. See p. 138.

the giver of every good and perfect gift, who sways the sceptre of universal dominion, having all creatures and things under his controul; -- whom cherubim, and seraphim, angels, and archangels, and all the glorious spirits of the redeemed love, extol, and worship, and before whose throne they cast their crowns in adoring wonder; ascribing all blessedness, might, power, dominion, and glory, to one vast and universal concert of praise;-that Being, whose potent arm can crush ten thousand worlds, and sink his opposers into the abyss of woe! O then, rush not on "the thick bosses of his buckler," and provoke not his direful indignation. Throw down the weapons of your rebellion, and submit to his righteous government. "Acquaint now thyself with him, and be at peace; thereby good shall come unto thee." "Agree with thine adversary quickly whiles thou art in the way with him," lest sudden destruction overtake you, and there be none to deliver. The bleeding Lamb of God will soon appear as the Lion of the tribe of Judah, roaring for his prey, pouring anguish, despair, and wrath, in one impetuous torrent on all those who would not have him to reign over them. He now sits on a mercy-seat, and in the most alluring accents, invites you to his arms: but soon he will ascend his dread tribunal, and then he will consign all his incorrigible enemies to the mansions From those dreary abodes they cast their of despair. mournful eyes accross the impassable gulf, and, viewing the golden harps and immortal crowns of Paradisc, their souls are filled with keener anguish, and the tormenting reflection of what they have procured by their wretched folly, stings them to agony, madness, and rage. drop of water cools their scorched tongues; no beam of consolation soothes their harrowed spirits; no ray of hope mitigates the horror and darkness of their prison! O my friend, are you travelling that broad road that conducts to all this misery? Change your course, then, I beseech you; change your course instantly. Escape for your life from this devoted Sodom; look not behind you; slacken not your pace, till you reach the place of safety.

Do you feel poor, and wretched, and miserable, and blind, and naked? Go then to the sinner's Friend, and, at the foot of the blood-besprinkled cross, find a tranquil refuge for your weary soul. Go to Gilead's Physician, give yourself up to his care, submit to his directions, follow his prescriptions, and your diseased soul will be in health and prosper. I entreat you to fly from impending wrath to the only ark of safety. By the goodness, forbearance, and mercy of God-hy the tremendous scenes exhibited in Gethsemane and Golgotha-by all the endearing promises of the gospel-by the heart-appalling thunders of Sinai-by the unutterable worth of your never dying soul-by the solemnities of death, judgment, and eternity-by all that is glorious in heaven, and dreadful in hell-I conjure you this moment to renounce your sins, believe in Christ, and make a cordial and unreserved surrender of yourself to him, Remember the Spirit will not always strive; Christ will not always stand and knock; God will not always wait to be gra-You have had many monitory calls, many precious opportunities, many kind invitations; and, if you do not improve them, you may never have any more; you may provoke God to take his Spirit from you, and leave you to walk in the sight of your own eyes, and after the imagination of your heart. This is the precious seasonable moment, in which you may rejoice in the favour of God, triumph in the heavenly smiles of the divine Redeemer, in the cheering presence of the Holy Comforter, and call the joys of heaven your own.

But perhaps you have a hope, that you have embraced the blessed Jesus, and become reconciled to God. It so,

let me humbly request you to examine and scrutinize that hope, and be sure it is warranted by the only infallible criterion, the word of God. Beware of building on a sandy foundation, lest, when the rains and storms descend and beat, it should give way, and leave you in confusion and consternation. Strive to obtain those evidences for heaven, which shall elevate your sinking spirits in the Jordan of death, and stand the test of the last judgment. Build your hopes for eternity on the immoveable Rock of ages; and you shall be safe in the awful hour of death, amidst the tremendous convulsions of the last day, and through the rounds of endless ages. Realise your utter nothingness and insufficiency, and the all-sufficiency, fullness and beauty of Emanuel. To those that believe, Christ is unspeakably precious. Do you then, my friend, discern his loveliness, excellency, and amiableness; and, renouncing every other dependence, do you rest entirely on him, and trust only in his righteousness and merits? -Do you love the holy character of God, as delineated by the pen of inspiration? do you rejoice that he reigns? and do you hate all sin, because of its contrariety to his holy law? If you possess these characteristic marks of the true disciples of Christ, you may take courage, and go on your way rejoicing. It would g'adden my heart to see you coming up to the help of the Lord against the mighty. and joining the little company of pilgrims, steering to . Canaan's happy land.

If then you have reason to think you are one of the number, take heed and shun every devious step and every crooked path, and labour to be deep in penitence and humility, looking continually to Jesus. Remember you have no inherent power, by which you can fight the Christian warfare; but you need fresh and constant supplies, and must be always a beggar at the throne of grace. Use great caution; be circumspect; avoid all known sin;

enter not into temptation; be fervent, persevering, and constant in your supplications to Heaven, and do all with a single eye to the glory of God, and in the name of the Lord Jesus.

As I know not the state of your mind, I have touched upon a variety of subjects, and you will probably find some things applicable. If I have been too harsh and severe, forgive me. This letter has been written in great haste; part of it in the silent hours of night, when sleep had closed almost every eye, which must apologize for its imperfections, and the badness of the writing. If you can read it, and find one word conducive to your good, I shall think it an ample compensation; and may the glory be all given to Him who deserves it. Please to write very soon the feelings of your heart. Most affectionate regards to all my dear Bradford friends, particularly those with whom you reside. Yours, &c.

LETTER TO MISS B. P. OF DANVERS.

Beverly, Oct. 23, 1813. Saturday eve.

My DEAR BETSY.

As the evening drew its sable curtains over our western horizon, I thought my heart rejoiced, and I could say to all my terrestrial employments and pursuits, as Abraham said to his servants, "Abide ye here, while I go yonder and worship." How sweet it is to leave the world behind, to forget we are inhabitants of this comfortless clime, and with an eye of faith pierce the intercepting veil of mortality, and range the fields of ether; and placing ourselves before the throne of the Eternal, mingle with the spirits of the just; and with rapturous wonder and sweetest melody, rehearse the glories of almighty grace, and make heaven's high arches reverberate with our songs of praise. Such mental and devotional excess

make palatable the bitter waters of Marah, lighten , cross, sweeten every trial, and smooth the rugged which leads to heaven. After such favoured seahow invulnerable are our hearts to the allurements insidious world, to the solicitation of sinful pleasures, to all the wiles of a subtile adversary; and how are lmost ready to bound over the intervening years of pilgrimage, and cry, "Come, Lord Jesus, come dy!" But ah! how soon do we descend from the nit we had gained, lose the heavenly relish, and beaccessible to the grovelling charms of this sinful!

hat an inconsistent creature is man! Who, that s a Christian converse on the glories of heaven, on reauties of Emanuel, on the wonders of redeeming would not imagine him insensible to human grandeur, ur, and applause, regardless of reproaches, calumnies, frowns, and proof against temptation? But this very on you may see the next moment, ambitious of the ur that comes from man, seeking after distinctions emoluments with avidity, complying with the voice e tempter, and thoughtless of his God and his duty, this were his home and his portion. So foolish, deil, and unstable is the heart of man, and so essennecessary is the grace of Omnipotence, the quickenenlivening influences of the Holy Spirit, we have nual need to look to heaven for help, and say to God the Psalmist, " Hold thou me up, and I shall be We have no inherent power to stand our ground. ke one step forward in the path of duty, independent e assisting grace of God. The work of salvation first to last is the work of that uncreated Power h spake the earth out of nothing, and man from ; and no power inferior to that can new-create any · lapsed race; nor, after grace is infused into the heart, maintain its life. The same almighty arm which snatched the sinner from the burning lake, must be constantly exerted to keep and uphold him, till he arrives at his journey's end, and on the peaceful banks of deliverance swells the chorus of heaven.

The precious, precious religion of the cross is the only one that can meliorate the obliquities of nature, subjugate the turbulent passions of the mind, purify and sanctify the heart, and diffuse peace, harmony, and love through the soul; alleviate and support under trials, destroy the sting of death, and open the gate of the New Jerusalem. "Here is firm footing; here is solid rock; all is sea besides," &c.

LETTER TO MISS M. S. OF CHELMSFORD.

Beverly, Oct. 29, 1813.

As I again direct my thoughts to Chelmsford, my heart solicitously inquires into the concerns of my beloved fellow pilgrim there, and tenders its most ardent and affectionate wishes for her progress in the Christian race. May smiling heaven shed lustre on the narrow path, strew its rugged way with Eden's blooming flowers and Eshcol's pleasant grapes, and gild its closing step with the full rays of an immortal sun. May this find you, my dear sister, not like Martha of old, cumbered with the affairs of this vanishing world, but like gentle Mary, at the feet of your beloved Redeemer, imbibing his spirit, and drinking his instructions, and solacing yourself under the banner of his love. If, as I devoutly trust, you are steering your course to the hill of Zion, O may you accelerate your pace, and climb with more than mortal speed the steep ascent. Let not your heart faint because of the way. It is indeed a way ungrateful to carnal sloth and security; formidable to pride, ambition, and Lists; a way beset with snares, stratagems, and difficulties; roubled with numerous potent and malicious enemies; and lined with sorrows and tears. But it is the way Heaven has marked out. It is sanctioned by the Capin of our salvation, crimsoned with the blood of the martyrs, traversed by all the redeemed in glory, and now modden by every saint on earth. It is perfumed with the merits of Jesus, smoothed with watchfulness and prayer, sweetened with the promises of the gospel, illumined with the light of heaven, and terminates in Paradise. O my friend, it is a good way; the longer you walk in it the better you will love it, the happier and the easier you will go on.

But you will recollect that the arm of the Lord is your strength; and that you cannot take one step, nor even stand the ground you have gained, but by the special assistance of almighty grace. O how often do we stumble and fall through self-dependence, self-love, and selfsufficiency, and thereby grieve the blessed Jesus, and bring leanness into our souls; and surely, if superior power did not raise us, we should there remain wallowing in the slough of despond, and sinking deeper and deeper in the mire; or reaching the city of destruction, take our station there, with wrath impending over our guilty But blessed be God, that he has engaged to perfect the work which he begins, and that by a mighty power and stretched out arm, he will bring all his soldiers from the field of battle, with songs of victory on their lips, and triumphant joy in their hearts. A true Christian may fall frequently-may fall grievously, but shall never fall finally. O no; the grace, the love, the power, the faithfulness of Jesus are engaged to bring every new born soul home to glory, in defiance of all the hosts of hell.

Come then, my dear fellow traveller, forget your fears and toils, and unite with your unworthy Fanny, in admiring the riches of redeeming blood, and the wonders of a wonder working God. If we are in Jesus, we are bound to a happier world, where the heart shall never beat but with joy and rapture, where the voice shall never sound but with songs of bliss, where the countenance shall never appear but with ineffable beauty and splendour, where the feet shall never walk but on the crystal pavement of heaven. There the weary pilgrim rests from his labours, at an eternal remove from all the inquietudes of this mortal life, and all the varied change of this chequered scene. No fear rises in his bosom, m tear trickles in his eye; for all the powers and faculties of his nature are so many avenues of delight. Wherefore we will "comfort one another with these words."

But who purchased all this felicity? Who opened the door of heaven, which the apostacy of man had barred? Let Calvary speak. On the cross erected there, hangs, suspended between heaven and earth, the Lord of glory, bleeding, groaning, dying! Ye daughters of Jerusalem, well might ye weep at a scene so unparalleled and so tragical! Well might the sun withdraw his beams, when his Maker languished in the sleep of death! From that cross, trembling with agony, and covered with blood, salvation smiles on guilty man; and the light of heaven beams resplendent on a dying world. Jesus! name divinely sweet! let the shining seraphs above sound it through the realms of bliss, and set it to every golden harp. Let mortals catch the fire, and tune their feebler voices to celebrate its praise. Let it be our glory and our boast, entwined around our hearts, and more grateful to our ears than the sound of music. O that my heart were of flesh; that it might burn with love and gratitude, and melt with holy compunction and penitential sorrow. But ah! its adamantine hardness causes me many a bitter sigh and falling tear, and often clouds my brow with gloom. But I will still rejoice, my dear friend, that I know who can soften it; that Jesus is exalted to give repentance and remission of sins; and that the blood, which once burst from his sacred body, and has washed away mountains and mountains of iniquities, still retains its powerful efficacy. When you are looking to him, do not forget me. Entreat of him to clothe me with humility, and satisfy my hungering, thirsting, fainting soul with righteousness. He fills the poor with good things, while he sends the rich empty away. They that wait on him shall renew their strength; and he will manifest his power in their weakness, guide them by his Spirit, perform all the works for them and in them, and at length receive them to his heavenly rest, &c.

JOURNAL, 1813.

Nov. 3. Since I last wrote, my very greatly and justly beloved Mrs Francis has reached her wished-for home. Through months of pain and weakness, I witnessed her patience, resignation, and serenity, and listened to an unreserved disclosure of her trembling fears, her joyful hopes, and heavenly prospects. My familiar intercourse with her during her sickness, endeared her to my heart. and gave me a lively idea of her Christian attainments almost unknown before. I conceive her to have been eminently meek, humble, and benevolent; one that made conscience of duty, and lived devoted to God in sweet retirement. Ah! how often have I grasped her feeble hand, gazed mournfully on her languid countenance; while her eyes, full of animation, indicated her attention to every observation, and also the tranquillity and peace of her mind. It is done; cruel death has executed his commission, has torn her from all earthly ties, and bone her to her Saviour and her God. I cannot forget to cherish her dying words, and prize as a treasure the familiarity with which she favoured me; and, if I was a mean of affording her one gleam of comfort and support, I value it more than rubies; and let all the glory ascend to God.

LETTER TO MISS N. J. OF BRYRRLY.

Beverly, Nov. 1813. Monday.

It is with a trembling heart, and emotions almost up-known before, that I now accost you, my dear Nancy. And O that I had the pen of a ready writer, to give you a faint transcript of my feelings; but to express them adequately, is a task not to be executed.

Does it not animate you to hear of the prosperity of Zion, and the advancement of the Redeemer's kingdom? Would it not cause your heart to beat with joy to see careless souls, for which Emanuel bled and died, awakened to anxious concern, and solicitously inquiring "What must I do to be saved?" Then, my beloved friend, you will take a lively interest in what I am about to relate: you will share in my joy, in my hopes, and my fears. For some time past, those whom I have esteemed real Christians, have appeared to awake from their slumbers, have had great desires for a revival of religion, and have felt in a greater degree the importance of earnest intercession at the throne of grace. A precious few (0 were their number increased!) have witnessed, with deep concern, the "signs of the times," have sighed and cried for the abominations that abound, have lamented their past lukewarmness, and the general carelessness and stupidity of sinners; and in season, and out of season, have importunately supplicated the out-pouring of the pirit. This is encouraging; but I ardently wished that ley felt more impressed with these things, that they ere incessant and indefatigable in pleading with a pray-hearing and prayer-answering God.

Three or four females, who for years have had partial invictions, and felt from time to time the inestimable orth of their immortal souls, and the necessity of a lange of heart, have evidently become more seriously Their countenances discover the anguish of seir hearts; and they wonder at their past indifference ad unconcern. One of these I conversed with last even-I inquired tenderly how she felt? "O," answered be, "I cannot tell you how I feel :- I feel dreadful wick-She then told me, what indeed I knew before, that many years ago she had awakenings and convictions; hat they terminated in comfort; but that her life had een such since, that she must admit the conclusion. that he was an entire stranger to experimental piety. ould she have the feelings and the exercises of some, she rought she should have hope. I asked if she had lived ithout prayer? She readily rejoined, "O yes, I have; ad, as I know what you say to be true, that Christians o love prayer, &c. that makes me think that I never had ue religion. I have grieved the Holy Spirit by my tachment to the world." She said much more to the me purport; but as I had not satisfactory evidence her being renewed, I did not dare to administer conlation. So after expatiating on the vast importance of ing created anew in Christ Jesus, bringing into view me distinguishing marks, by which she might try her-If, &c. I took my leave. Her daughter, once volatile d stupid, is much distressed. Her flowing tears and aving sighs, evince the grief that dwells within. ve frequent interviews with her; but I fear her contions are merely legal. She feels no opposition to God

and the peculiar doctrines of the gospel; has t if any, view of the horrid nature of sin, and the wickedness of her heart; but feels that her sou cious, that it is her duty to love and serve God, Christian. I always endeavour to represent, as as possible, her awful state by nature, her expose the wrath of God, her aggravated guilt, the im of immediate repentance, and application to the Christ, the realities of the invisible world, &c. suppose, would be for healing the sore. But is it per to fix, if possible, a sense of sin on her con and increase her convictions? I feel that I am as a beast; but I would not for the world cry ' peace." where God has not spoken it. O pray that I may have an insight into the complicated w and shiftings of the human heart, and an acqui with spiritual experiences, that I may be qua speak a word in season to the various cases I me but especially that, after addressing others on th subject, I myself may not be a castaway.

Wednesday Morn. Nothing more special, 1 Nancy. We had a meeting last eve, in which and solemnity prevaild. Respecting a reformati and hope alternately agitate my breast; though i rejoice that the Lord reigns, that the residue of this with him, and that he has a sovereign right to out, when and where he pleases. O that he woul bare his potent arm here, and get himself a great by the triumphs of his grace and displays of his that we might see his goings forth among us, contant to conquer.

Accept, dear Nancy, these hasty lines. Pray Pray for unworthy me. Yours in love, &c.

LETTER TO MISS C. G. OF BRADFORD.

Beverly, Dec. 27, 1813.

MY DEAR CHARLOTTE,

As far back as my memory can trace, things in this. place never appeared more favourable in religious concerns, than at the present critical important period. A few dear precious souls for a number of weeks have realized the necessity of awaking from sleep, and using every effort for a revival: have mourned tenderly over the coldness and stupidity that prevails, and at the throne of grace have been ardent and importunate that God. would appear to build up Zion. A female prayer-meeting has been recently formed, which I consider peculiarly auspicious to the cause of that God who heareth prayer. This meeting is attended weekly, and consists of seven in number. The two we have already had were precious. We hope it will meet with the approbation of indeed. God, and be taken under his smiling protection.

The Spirit is evidently striving with many souls, convincing them of their lost and wretched state by nature. and the necessity of a renewal of their hearts. A few are more deeply awakened and alarmed, fearing their sins are too numerous and great to be forgiven, that there is no mercy for them; and in their countenances are depicted the grief, sorrow, and distress that rend their hearts. One young man is hopefully liberated from the bondage of sin and Satan, and goes on his way rejoicing. I had a number of interviews with him, while under conviction :. and have also heard him relate what God has done for his I might detail his conversation, and answers to my interrogations, did time permit. He expresses wonder and astonishment at his past careless and wicked life. and at the forbearance and mercy of God, and appears filled with a sense of the odious nature of sin, and an au-

dent desire to honour and glorify his Maker. If his language is, as I hope, an undisguised representation of his feelings, he must have passed from death unto life. And where is the benevolent heart that does not overflow with joy? How sweet to behold the weary wanderer. harassed with fears, and burdened with woe, finding an asylum in the ark of safety, and directing his eyes to the blood-stained cross! How delightful to see a returning prodigal added to the little band of Christian pilgrims, steering their upward course to Zion's heavenly hill. But O what must it be when heaven shall resound with louder strains of joy over nations born in a day :- millions of happy beings ushered from 'darkness to light, blooming in all the beauties of holiness, and singing the preises of their beloved Redeemer! The saddened heart, bleeding over the sins and miseries of mortals, loves to look down the stream of time, and hail the salvation of a dying world; -behold this vale of tears, this barren desart, transformed into a beauteous Paradise of love and joy, smiling in all the light of heaven, and reflecting the image of Emanuel. Yours affectionately, &c.

NOTE TO MISS E. S. OF BEVERLY.

Dec. 30, 1813. O my dear Betsy, do you know what trouble is? Your Fanny knows by painful, incessant experience. My deafness is peculiarly trying; the more so, as I long to fly to the abodes of penury, sickness, and affliction. Will you not do it for me? Go then, and console the wretched, warn the stupid sinner, and relieve the indigent. Can we say we have nothing to give? Can we not curtail our expences? Can we not lop off some superfluity of dress? Can we not, with our own hands, make garments for the poor? And can we not put intacheir hands some tracts? We can visit the rich, the present

perous, the influential. And can we not visit, counsel, instruct, admonish, and assist the poor and the needy? My friend, do not be displeased with my freedom. I speak to myself also. I feel my own guilt. I feel that I have been too negligent; and yet I am in a manner incapacitated. The wants of the poor are imperious and namerous. A certain delicacy prevents many from complaining to others, when they need help. Shall we indulge in the comforts and perhaps the luxuries of life, and other dear fellow-creatures be destitute of the necessaries? True, the wealth of Peru is not ours; and perhaps there is little we can call our own. But have we not two mites we can throw in? and if we are faithful in that which is little, may not a bounteous Providence bless us with more.

O that we could be ready to every good word and work. It is but a short winter's day, comparatively speaking, that we have to spend on earth. Opportunities to do good daily occur, and soon they will be over for ever. Let us then improve them without delay. "Be ye stedfast, immoveable, always abounding in the work of the Lord." I long to see you. Yours in love, &c.

JOURNAL, 1813.

Dec. 31. Arrived at the last day of another year, I pensively resume my pen to write. My hand is not yet mouldering in the dust, nor my heart still in death, though the time is near when this will be the case. Yes, I feel eternity to be near; the bar of God in view, and death advancing with speedy step. The world sinks in my esteem as less than nothing, unworthy to occupy a serious thought; while Christ appears more exceedingly amiable, his cross dearer to my heart, and the good of Jerusalem more precious and desirable.

The year which will soon close has been marked with goodness and mercy from above; but on my part stained with innumerable sins. "Streams of mercy ever flowing, call for songs of loudest praise." In connexion with those great spiritual blessings which ought ever to warm the Christian's heart, I have been the recipient of thousands of favours, which my pen fails adequately to record. My hearing has been of late very clear, and my health uncommonly good; so that I have sat under the droppings of the sanctuary with sweet delight, and heard many precious discourses from the legates of the skies; and, I trust, not altogether in vain. I have had large additions to the cheering boon of friendship, the zest of mortal life, in whose society and correspondence I have oft times found a solace to my aching heart, and light and direction to my wayward feet. I have had many religious privileges, particularly have attended many female meetings, and on the social altar of prayer and praise have had devotional fire inflamed, and felt my heart to burn within me. A weekly female meeting, through the good hand of God, is established in this place for the purposes of prayer, reading the scriptures, and religious conversation: and it is in a fair way to prosper. May the Lord have it in his holy keeping, and prosper it abundantly with his blessing, and make it a mean of advancing his glory. May every member of it be a member of his spiritual kingdom, be endued with a spirit of prayer, have liberty of utterance, and sweet access to God within the veil, and be prepared to praise him in the upper regions of endless bliss. May all our hearts be knit together by the blood of sprinkling; and, when we rest together in the dust, may all our spirits meet and mingle in the praises and adorations of the heavenly world. We have also frequent evening lectures, and an affectionate rousing preacher: and several careless sinners are awakened very seriously impressed. And above all, two or have been hopefully brought into the kingdom of st, and raised from death unto life. Our prospects reformation are very encouraging, and, I hope, will e blasted. O may the Lord appear in his glory, to up Zion in these troublous times, revive his blessed, and bring glory and honour to his great name, he tenderly commisserate this afflicted church, apmercifully in her behalf, and make her a rejoicing, her people a joy.

- e. Well, we have had another little female meetind found it good. And now perhaps, I am about se the last year of my mortal life. Be it so, if the that are taken from the usual term of life, may be I to a happy eternity. In that case, come Lord , and receive my spirit.
- n. 1, 1814. I have entered on a new year; so millions, whose eyes will be closed in the sleep of before its close. Who are the victims, is known to Omniscience; but may I not be included in the per? Dear Lord, if it is enrolled in the book of thy es of me, "This year thou shalt die." O wilt thou ously fit me for the event? Enable me to gird up pins of my mind, to grow in grace, and ripen for elestial world. O grant me a meetness for glory! Lord, if I should be spared this year, or a part of not let me spend it in sin and uselessness, but in thy ce, in glorifying thee, and finishing the work thou given me to do. O let large measures of grace be nunicated to me, that I may be filled from thy fuland glorify thee more. O wilt thou lead me, int me, and keep me in the way wherein I should go, hrow light upon thy sacred word, that it may be ir than honey or the honey comb.

LETTER TO MISS M. B. OF FRANCISTOWN.

Beverly, Jan. 1814.

MY DEAR, DEAR HULDAH,

We have had one short interview; and we shall soon have another, if not in time, yet in eternity. Yes, I look forward beyond the narrow bounds of mortality, beyond the short standing of this earthly globe, to that vast unutterable period, when the sound of the last trump shall penetrate the silent mansions of the dead, and summon the sleeping nations to the bar of Jehovah. O that we may then lift up our heads with joy, and the sentence, "Well done, good and faithful servant," salute our ears.

But have we good evidence that our names are written in the fair volume of the book of life, and that we are hastening to that rest which remains for the people of God? Alas! for myself I have reason to question, whether Christ is formed in me, and I belong to his little family. Can I be a child of God, and possess such a hard and rocky heart, such a stubborn and rebellious will, such wayward and unholy passions? Can I be one of his peculiar people, created in Christ Jesus unto good works, while I exhibit so little of the meekness, self-denial, heavenly mindedness, crucifixion to the world, patience, love, humility, and devotion, so much inculcated in the scriptures of truth? Indeed I am at times almost ready to give up all hope of having passed from death unto life, and sit down in disconsolate wretchedness, despairing of heaven. But then again a gleam of comfort disperses the thick darkness, new strength seems to be afforded, and I arise from the dust, and run the good ways of the Lord.

Tuesday. Religious appearances are very favourable in this place, and excite us to hope the Lord will appear

to build up Jerusalem. Since the serious attention commenced, four have hopefully been made the happy subjects of regenerating grace; three are now under deep conviction, and a number more solemnly impressed. One young lady has been in very pungent distress for some days, and her sighs and groans, and melancholy countenance, are enough to affect any beholder. I made her a short visit this morning, and inquired whether she had any new views or feelings. "O no," said she, "I am almost perfectly stupid, and fear I am given over to hardness of heart; and that there is no mercy for me." I asked her if she could not surrender herself into the arms of Jesus, and let him take possession of her heart? " Till I do it," answered she, " I shall never be happy. But I am so wicked that I cannot do it, nor repent, nor believe." She said much more; and in all expressed a deep sense of the evil of sin, and great views of her own wickedness, and the justice of God, should he cast her off forever. I hope the Lord will do great things for us, and glorify himself in building up Zion, and turning sinners to himself.

I earnestly request you to write as soon as possible a long letter, and tell me all your heart. I must bid you an affectionate adieu, &c.

LETTER TO MISS N. W. OF BOSTON.

Beverly, Feb 7, 1814.

My DEAR AND ESTIMABLE FRIEND,

I know you are a very strong advocate for female prayer-meetings: and when you learn that we have formed one in this place, I think your grateful praises will ascend in unison with mine to the giver of every good and perfect gift; and your ardent prayers for its success and prosperity. Yes, my dear friend, I have now the heart-

felt pleasure and benign privilege of mingling with kindred souls, and encircling the social altar of devotion, while
Jehovah bends his ear, and Emanuel vouchsafes his
presence. O that our united supplications may reach the
court of heaven; and in gracious answer, mercies, large
and perennial descend upon our guilty globe. Soon after
you left us, feeling very sensibly the importance of this
measure, I determined to make one vigorous effort, and
if I did not succeed, to give up entirely. But the finger
of the Lord was apparent. Obstacles, before deemed insuperable, were easily overcome; and difficulties vanished,
The dear evening was appointed. Five of us met in love,
and all called on a prayer-hearing God; some drops refreshed our trembling souls, and the pilgrim's place of
aweet recess was consecrated a Bethel.

We at first agreed that all should verbally take a part, thinking it conducive to freedom. But after a number of weeks, some of the sisters of the church desiring to meet with us, and not agreeing with us in this point, we reluctantly submitted to their wishes; and though we have double the number, yet we have not had that unreserved enlargement and engagedness, excepting one or two evenings.

I have been thus particular, because I conclude it will gratify the heart of my friend. You will be anxious to know something relative to the revival. Many are under serious impressions, and five or six have, it is hoped, forsaken the gilded vanities and fancied joys of earth; for pleasures, pure in their nature, and endless in duration. Their feet, sinking in the miry clay of sin, and travelling swiftly the broad frequented road to the gulf of perdition, have been turned into the strait and narrow path which conducts to regions above. Their eyes glisten with sweet delight, their smiling countenances are an index to what passes within, and their lips celebrate the

praises of Emanuel. We do hope that the Spirit is yet moving, and that we shall see still greater things than these! For this, let every Christian frequent the throne of grace. Indeed we have much need of a reformation. O for the out-pouring of the Spirit, plenteous floods of righteousness to water the church and the world, to gladden the hearts of the pious, and bring glory and honour to God. O what a glorious day have we in prospect, a day which shall call a dying world to life, and shed light and salvation on regions enveloped in the shadow of death. Rapturous hosannas shall roll across the oceans, and warble sweetly in every desart wild. From the lowly hut of the Hottentot, praises shall ascend to the lovely Babe of Bethlehem. All heaven joyfully looks down on our happy globe, and tunes anew its golden harps to the wonders of redeeming love.

Pray for me, my dear Miss W. and may Jesus bless your soul abundantly. Yours, &c.

LETTER TO MISS B. P. OF DANVERS.

Beverly, Feb. 7 or 8, 1814.

I READILY join with you my dear Betsy, in placing "secret devotion among our principal duties," and think no one has any reason to conclude he is a Christian, if he lives in the omission of this duty, or performs it habitually in a cold and formal manner; I say habitually; for alas! eminent believers are too often languid and lukewarm. They enter their closets, and shut the door, but their hearts are glued to this world. They assume the humble posture of devout supplicants; but they are weary of being continually beggars, and secretly wish they had something to recommend them to the favour of the Most High. They look towards Heaven, and call on the great and glorious Eternal; but their views are clouded and

almost bounded by things that are seen; their thoughts wandering on forbidden objects, and a thousand vain and foolish chimeras crowd upon their minds, till in hurry and distraction they willingly conclude. After such a heartless prayer, ought not, must not, compunction, self-abasement, and contrition, penetrate the cold breast, and cause it to heave with the most painful emotions? And when access and enlargement again smile on the mourning soul, how delightfully will he love, and praise, and admire! how carefully will he guard every avenue to his heart! how vigorously repel temptation! how earnestly watch and pray lest he offend his God, and bring leanness and darkness into his soul.

I am more than ever convinced of the utility of importunate, frequent prayer. What God greciously does in answer to the cries of his children, will never be known, till the judgment-day brings hidden things to light, and discloses the immutable plans, purposes, and procedures of Him, who is "wonderful in counsel, and excellent in working." Were it not for the sweet incense which continually ascends to Heaven from the bosom of the Christian, sinners would instantly sink into the pit of perdition, and the world be wrapt in flaming ruins. Invaluably precious are all whose pious breath perfumes our guilty globe; and soaring beyond the skies, sheds blooming beauties and immortal blessings on this waste howling valley of tears. How much may we benefit our beloved friends in this way. Unknown to them, and unobserved by mortal eye, we may increase their pious joy. If they are oppressed with darkness and affliction, we may wipe the tear of sorrow from their eyes, and cause their bleeding bosoms to realize the heavenly peace and immortal comforts which Emanuel bestows. O why are we not more intimately acquainted with the benevolent duty of intercession for others? and why are we not more sweet. . .

y familiar with a throne of grace? Communion with God, how ineffably delightful, how unspeakably honourable! It is one of the most precious drops of heaven, that bedews this dry and distant land,—the lenient soother of care,—the mighty "solace of immense distress." It gives a rich zest to all the numerous blessings and enjoyments of life. O what an import do these words convey, "Our fellowship is with the Father, and his Son Jesus Christ!"

May divine grace animate my dear Betsy, and enable her to imbue the tender minds of her young pupils with useful knowledge and true piety.

Respects to your mother, love to your sister, with a large share of affection to yourself. Write, my dear friend, soon to your obliged unworthy friend, &c.

LETTER TO MRS M. C. OF MARBLEHEAD.

Beverly, Feb. 12, 1814.

MY DEAR AND VENERABLE MRS C.

MR B. requests me to write a few lines to you, alleging it will give you satisfaction; and though I should esteem it a favour to conduce to your enjoyment in any way, yet I am loth to believe I can effect it by my pen.

Standing, as you do, on the brink of Jordan, in daily expectation of the summons to pass over, I trust you have good evidence of your title to an inheritance in the Canaan beyond, and faith to espy its blessedness and glories. You witness a good old age, and goodness and mercy have attended you to the present moment. Yet when you look back, and behold how swiftly your life has passed, and how chequered with difficulties, fears, and troubles, I doubt not but you can readily adopt the language of the patriarch, "Few and evil have the days of the years of my life been." Happy is it for the Christian, that he

is not always to wander in this dark and inhospitable wilderness, exposed to enemies, snares, and dangers, and far from the God he loves. No; his time of trial and probation is short, and, as he lives a stranger and a pilgrim here, so, when the shadows of the evening draw over him, and his sun sinks to rest, his happy spirit shall find that better land, where God, and saints, and angels dwell. There he rests from his labours, from all his conflicts, trials, and sorrows, and, leaning on the bosom of Jesus, finds eternal repose and everlasting peace. subtle temper, no ensnaring world, no wicked heart to trouble and oppress him. These he left with his expiring breath, and bade them a delightful and endless adien. Holiness and happiness possess his enlarged soul, and faith, changed into vision, beholds the glories of Deity, while songs of immortal praise dwell on his tongue. stands complete in Christ his Saviour; and love, joy, gratitude, and hallelujahs shall form his blest employ, lasting as eternity.

It is good, my dear friend, to look beyond this vale of tears into that glorious rest that remains for the people of God. The prospect of this cheers us in this distant land, and sweetens our wearisome pilgrimage below. It is this that enlightens the night of adversity, and pour consolation into the sufferer's cup, while it strengthens the fainting traveller by pointing to his eternal home. This has oft raised my spirits sinking with grief, and eased my heart oppressed with fear. But I frequently question whether this hope is not the hope of the hypocrite, which shall perish when God takes away the soul; -a hope, which takes the comfort of the promises, while it overlooks the I know it is a great thing to be a humble follower of the Lamb, to have Christ formed in the soul, the evil dispositions and lusts subdued by grace, holiness enstamped on the heart, and heaven begun below: And doubtless, thousands ruin their immortal souls by thinking they are something, when they are nothing; contented with a name to live, while they are dead; deceiving themselves by some refuge of lies, and yet vainly imagining, they are going to heaven. But O how great will be their astonishment, consternation, and misery, when death undeceives them, and opens their eyes, not in the bright regions of glory, but in the yawning gulf of black despair! O if I should be deceived, and go blindfolded to hell, while my hopes of heaven are firm and bright, how dreadful will be my condemnation, how aggravated my doom!

But while I see myself a vile and guilty sinner, I see likewise that Christ is just such a Saviour as my perishing soul stands in need of, every way fit, excellent, and glorious. On " the cross, all stained with hallowed blood," hangs my hope, my refuge, my only sure support against despair. Jesus! precious, soul-refreshing, life-giving name! Let it be sweeter than the sound of music to our ears, and invaluably dear to our sin-sick hearts. Christ, Emanuel, is the only Physician of the wounded conscience. the only passport to the favour of God, and the only way to eternal life. O may we be allured and captivated by his transporting beauties and heavenly charms, and be favoured abundantly with the soft whispers of his love and grace! May you, my dear and amiable friend, experience more and more the riches of his mercy and goodness, and sitting daily at his feet with Mary of old, find his fruit sweet to your taste, and his presence and smiles your song and your solace in the house of your pilgrimage. May your declining days glide sweetly and serenely away, filled with usefulness, duty, and happiness. May death advance, stript of his terrors, as a welcome messenger to convey you home; and while his cold hand. presses on your furrowed cheek, may your moments be gilded with the bright rays of the Sun of righteousness, and reflect the joys and glories of heaven. And when your parting spirit wings its upward flight, may it be introduced into the glorious regions of immortality and bliss, to unite with the company of the redeemed in one harmonious and endless song of praise to the Lamb. To these ardent breathings of my heart, I think you will add, Amen. Even so be it, thou lovely Emanuel!

Please to let me have respectful and affectionate rememberance to your daughter and grand-daughters, with wishes for a visit from them. If you can gain another hand to write, why cannot you send me some advice and instruction? Ever in your best moments pray for your unworthy Fanny; and accept this as a small testimony of her friendship, and wish to oblige.

NOTE TO MES H. P. OF BRADFORD, THEN AT BEVERLY. Sabbath Eve., 1814.

You seem, my dear Mrs P. exceedingly distressed with a view of your sinfulness; and though I am far, very far from that knowledge of my heart, and that acquaintance with the evil of sin you appear to possess, yet I think for this painful discovery you ought to be thankful. Will not your heart always be wicked in this world? And do you not daily pray for greater sight of its vileness? And could you have any evidence you had repentep of sin, unless you had seen its turpitude and malice? Reioice then evermore. The religion of Jesus, though it involves trials, crosses, and conflicts, unpleasant and far from small, is yet a happy religion, and brings with it present Do let us seek for a little of heaven by the enjoyment. way. Let our souls anchor on the only sure foundation; and then let Satan rage and threaten, let the globe shake to its very centre, and "the wreck of matter, and the crush of worlds" cover the wicked with confusion and despair, our peace and joy shall remain firm, and smiling serenity shall calm our bosoms. Well, Satan has not long to reign; and though he devours whom he may, yet not whom he would. May you lift up your standard against him, and find your Captain helping you to fight, and may shouts of victory,—victory through him, soon fall from our lips.

In your best moments supplicate for your obliged, &c.

NOTE TO MRS H. P. OF BRADFORD, THEN AT BEVERLY.

AFTER the hurry and toil of the day, I hail a retired moment in my dear chamber, to unfold my feelings tomy beloved sister, and affectionate fellow traveller. If you wish to know how my mind has been employed today, I can tell you, much as usual; on the state of religion here, and the awful coldness of those who have professed to have union to our dear Lord Jesus. weep when I think of the divine injunction, " Be not conformed to this world, but be ye transformed by the renewing of your minds," and almost question whether the eve of the formal professor ever met it. I am decidedly. of opinion, that the check of this revival is to be ascribed. in a great degree to those who proclaim themselves Zion's friends; and if I be the accursed Achan, alas! my heart trembles! I would not for worlds be a mean of retardingthis blessed work: but alas! I have reason to fear! O. my friend, what shall we do at this critical moment? I long to see Christians take a decided, bold, and consistent stand on the Lord's side, and let others see the wide difference between them and the frozen hearted formal-When the Lord shall come to search Jerusalem with candles, how many will be discovered to be settling on their lees, and at ease in Zion? For millions of worlds ready; "you will vigorously seek to be prepared for a lowly bed by my side in kindred dust; that believing in Him who is the resurrection and the life, you may confidently look back to the radiant climes of transcendant glory, where the righteous "rest from their labours."

O my soul, art thou ready for the assault of death? Canst thou meet this grim messenger unappalled, and leave thy companion beneath the footsteps of thy fellow mortals, unheeded by the thoughtless traveller? How, O how canst thou meet this mighty conqueror, and submit to his strange and freezing operations? Canst thou pass his territories with cheerful step, buoyed up with the prospect of the rich field of bliss that smiles beyond, and greets thy closing eye? Say, my soul, art thou prepared to meet thy God-to stand the dread decision of the last great day-to see thy Judge assume his awful seat, and award the retributions of eternity? My God, fit me for these momentous scenes; hide me in thy pavilion; shelter me beneath thy wings; and sprinkle my soul with the rich blood that stained the cross of Calvary; that I may meet all these tremendous realities with that tranquil peace of mind, which no hypocrite ever attains, no worlds of dying pleasures ever bestow, no legions of infernal spirits take away, no length of ages impair. O graciously grant me thy glorious perfections for my feast, thy almighty bosom for my rest, thy praise for my employment, thy heaven my home, and eternity the duration of all!

Be pleased to shed upon me the riches of thy grace; fill my heart with the fervours of holy love, and abase every high imagination before thee into nothing. I beseech thee, suitably to humble me at thy feet, and never let my conduct or my temper be unbecoming. In spite of what a flattering world may say, may I ever retain a low opinion of my best actions and performances, viewing

them all unworthy the notice of thy pure eyes, and far below what ought to come from one so in debt to thee, and so highly favoured. O wilt thou favour me with the most self-abasing views of myself, and with the most deep and abiding sense of my own utter helplessness, vileness, and nothingness; that whenever I approach thy mercy seat, it may be as an impotent beggar, craving a crumb of mere undeserved mercy. I beseech thee at this critical period, when the voice of adulation sounds in my ears,* and so many things concur to inflate my proud heart, O I entreat thee to subdue every self-exalting thought, and clothe me with the lowly graces of the Spirit. And wilt thou bless the weak efforts of my pen, to the awakening of Christless sinners, and to the comfort and benefit of thy humble followers? O make me an instrument of good in the world, a blessing to some precious souls, that I may not be a worthless cypher in creation.

LETTER TO MISS C. T. OF BEVERLY,

Beverly, April 10, 1814.

MY DEAR, DEAR CLARISSA,

. As I highly appreciate your friendship and correspondence, and ardently wish their continuance, I should esteem it a privilege to address you in the epistolary way, could the productions of my pen add in the least degree to your edification and felicity. But, filled as I am with a sense of my weakness and insufficiency, I still know and rejoice that the Lord can bless the weakest means to the advancement of his cause, and the glory of his

It is probable she here refers to what was said in favour of a letter of hers, which was published in the Panoplist the preceding February.

name; and to him may we look for a benediction upon our mutual communications, that we may be helpers of each other's joy and spiritual good.

Our wishful eyes seem already to greet the glimmering dawn of the latter day glory, and with hearts beating high with wondering expectations, we look forward to its meridian splendour. Glorious period! big with events beyond the narrow ken of worms, bringing an immense revenue of praise and glory to the Most High, and issuing in the everlasting felicity and excellency of innumerable intelligences; events which shall attract the admiring attention of all the celestial spirits, and cause them to celebrate in higher strains the mighty displays of allconquering grace. Yes, my dear sister, this apostate earth is to be reclaimed by the power of Emanuel, and constrained to bow in meek homage at his feet. Though now it is the scene of wide spread wretchedness, misery, and sin; convulsed to its centre with desolating judgments; a Golgotha, covered with the skulls, and crimsoned with the blood of slaughtered millions; yet ere long it shall be filled with the rising glory of our God, and, decked in righteousness, peace, and holiness, shall reflect the image, and taste the joys of a fairer clime.

We have pitied and prayed for the millions and millions of our immortal race, whose eyes have never glided over the page of eternal truth; whose ears have never listened to the messages of heaven, who are perishing for lack of vision. We have hung in anguish over the dying pagan, and beheld him pass the dread gulf that separates time from eternity. To him the dark valley is not illumined with a single ray of, light; and gloom impenetrable rests upon the grave. He sinks into the icy arms of death; but no light from heaven cheers his desponding soul. Our hearts have ached for the youthful widow, wrapt in the devouring flames, and for the hapless devotees of Jugger-

naut, submitting to the awful crush of the ponderous wheel. We have pitied the sable sons of Africa, torn from all that was dear in home, and friends, and native land, and burdened with the galling yoke of bondage. We have felt for the degraded Hottentots, wandering in the sandy desart, unmindful of a country flowing with better blessings than milk and honey.

But these scenes and acts of cruelty, at which the bosom of humanity bleeds, shall ere long cease to exist. They shall be swept from the face of the earth, when the religion of the cross shall cover all lands. Our God has declared, -and not one title of his word shall fail, -he has declared, that he will give his Son the heathen for his inheritance, and the uttermost parts of the earth for his possession; and that those who sit in darkness and the shadow of death, shall come to the light of religion, and triumph in the joys of his salvation. Ethiopia shall stretch out her hand unto God, and the wilderness shall bud and blossom as the rose, bearing on her gentle zephyrs songs of praise to the Prince of Peace. Yonder is the lowly hut of the Hottentot, smiling in peace and righteousness, and triumphing in the wonders which Calvary exhibits: while the sweet incense of prayer ascends to the court heaven, and enters the ears of the Eternal. The temples of superstition shall be consecrated to Jehovah, where his eyes and his heart shall be pernetually: where shall stand the legates of the skies. upon whom admiring crowds shall gaze, breathing from their grateful hearts, "How beautiful upon the mountains are the feet of him that bringeth good tidings, that publisheth peace, that saith unto Zion, "Thy God reigneth!" The glorious gospel of Christ shall travel to the remotest corners of our habitable globe, spreading life. light, and salvation, far as the curse extends, and converting the habitations of cruelty into habitations of

righteousness, solitary desarts into fruitful fields, and the regions of darkness into a valley of vision. From the east, from the west, from the north, and from the south, shall come forth an illustrious army of Christian champions, ransomed from the ruins of sin and death, and elevated to the joys and pleasures that flow from a fairer clime. The warring nations, drinking into the sublime spirit of Christianity, shall drop their feuds and jealousies, and harmoniously become one in Christ, and wherever the sun sheds his genial rays, there shall the Son of Righteousness shine in glorious splendour, and get to himself honour and glory, the reward of his bleeding Hosannas to his name, sung by young men and maidens, old men and babes, in joyful concert, shall roll across the mighty waters, fill the forests with melody; and, soaring sweetly beyond the skies, shall increase the joys, and swell the chorus of heaven! O my sister, viewing this millennial morn only in perspective is enough to warm every benevolent heart, and dictate the fervent petition,

" Come, thou desire of nations, come,
And, added to thy many crowns, receive yet one,—
The crown of all the earth."

Let our hearts glow with love to the Redeemer, and let his cross be all our glory. O may you be filled with his love, and know more and more the charms of his person, and beauty of his character.

Adieu, my dear sister. May the friendship commenced in this vale of tears, be ere long transplanted to brighter regions, and realize the ardour and consummation of heaven.

Pray that your Fanny may be emptied of self, and clothed with humility, that she may ever realize her nothingness and vileness, and drink deeply into the spirit

of that religion which ascribes all glory to God, and abases man to the lowest dust.

May my Clara's bosom be the residence of peace and joy.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER TO MISS H. P. OF BRADFORD. Beverly, April, 1814.

Shall we not, my sister, be willing to become fools for Christ's sake? If we have the least degree of love to the man of sorrows, shall we not be willing to be counted the off-scouring of all things, to have our names cast out as evil, and loaded with contumely, ridicule, and reproach, that we may secure the favour of our God, and the salvation of our souls? Surely we should esteem it an honour to be conformed to our bleeding Lord in suffering; knowing that it is enough for the disciple that he be as his Master.

Friday eve. Well, my dear sister, we have had a precious meeting—somewhat like that we had last week, and you were remembered with tender affection. These meetings must not come to nothing; for I feel they are good. May we have a meeting soon, where sin and sorrow, parting and death, are no more forever.

NOTE TO MISS E. S. OF BEVERLY.

April, 23, 1814. Well, my dear Betsy, one more week is gone, and gone beyond recal. How has it been spent? O what are we doing? Friends drop,—gone to present their accounts,—to appear before their Judge,—to enter their eternal habitations. We are following, fast as we can draw our heaving breaths,—fast as the flying moments whirl away. A very little while, and all the great and magnificent objects that now occupy this globe, will no more interest us, than the clouds that fly unnoticed above our heads. A very little while, and the world will

be to us as if it had never been; only the effects of what we have been and done in it will remain. A very little while, and these eyes shall see the Son of man riding triumphant in the clouds, these ears shall hear the shrill sound of the trump of God, and the awakening sentence, "Arisc, ye dead, and come to judgment!" Behold the judgment scat in view! The books are brought forth. Angels and saints rejoice; devils and damned spirits mourn and despair. To those on the right hand are awarded riches, honour, and glory, imperishable and eternal;-to those on the left, the blackness of darkness forever, unmitigated by one gleam of hope. Shall we witness,-shall we have an interest in these scenes? Do we believe these things? What! and stupid, lukewarm, cold, and indifferent? O for a mite of Whitefield's zeal, to warm our frozen souls. Yours in love, &c.

JOURNAL, 1814.

April 23. I have just formed this large book for serious soliloquy, and have this moment given it the first touch of my pen. Perhaps it is reserved for some abler hand to fill it, while mine is motionless beneath the earth, and mixes with its native dust. Possibly I may cover but a few pages, and then drop my pen forever. This may contain the last expression of my feelings, the last written breathings of my soul, over which the affectionate eye of some dear surviving friend may rove, dropping one tear of fond remembrance and tender love. Yes, I must die; I must die soon. To the chamber which has witnessed oft my bended knee, my solitary meditations, my grateful songs of praise, and my searching the sacred page—to this dear place I must bid the long farewell. To my books and to my pen, and to

[·] Consisting of 112 pages, of which she lived to fill only 12.

all the avocations relating to earth, I breathe a final and everlasting adieu. My friends, the loved associates of my pilgrimage, the kind soothers of my cares and sorrows, and the participants of my joys and pleasures, to you-O how can I pronounce the parting word? Well, the separation will be short. If united in Calvary's bleeding Lord, and sprinkled with sacred blood, our friendship shall not expire with the lamp of life, nor be buried with. our bodies in the dust. No; as it was purchased by the dying agonies of Emanuel, and is the rich fruit of a fairer clime, so shall it outlive this passing world, survive. the conflagration of nature, the awful scenes of the last great day, and continue long as eternity shall roll its ages. It shall flourish in all the purity and vigour of the New. Jerusalem. In yonder world of light may we meet ere. long, no more to take the parting hand, nor sigh a last. adieu. There may we greet each other's happy spirit: and filled with raptures of flaming love, together talk of all the way the Lord has led us, and congratulate each other's escape from all the hazards and perils of this state. of trial, and our safe landing on the peaceful shores of a blissful immortality. There may we fall at the feet of heaven's adored King, and unite our songs of joy with the harmonious throng of angels and archangels, and all the numerous company of saved sinners around the throne; while glory immortal shines in every countenance, and eternity is written on every joy.

But who bought this amazing bliss, and confers it onmortal worms? "I, even I," says the adorable Emanuel, "with my agonizing sweat, my bursting sighs, my expiring groans, my vital blood." Ah! this is the voice of my Beloved, and mournfully pleasant it sounds in my ears. Let me praise him with all the energies of my soul; for all lovely and glorious, he is infinitely worthy. This afternoon I have been employed in looking over my first writings of this kind, and, imperfect as they are, I have reason to rejoice I have saved so much from the flames; for they have been a mean of confirming my hope, and enlivening my feelings. It has often been a distressing fear with me, that my language has been that of others, not my own, taught me by the Spirit of God. But on a view of what I yet retain, penned when I was little acquainted with authors, young and ignorant, I humbly hope those exercises are agreeable to the word of God, the production of the eternal Spirit.

Now I long for fixedness of soul in duty, enlargement of heart in prayer, and holy preparation for all the many and interesting duties of the coming day. Sweet Jesus! shine on my soul in all thy matchless beauty, and make me to repose myself in the green pastures of thy love, and walk by the side of the still waters of thy wondrous grace.

April 24. The day of the Lord has dawned, grateful to the stranger's heart, while he wanders in this strange land-sweetly refreshing to all, who love the blessed service of God, and have raised their eyes to a region, where one eternal Sabbath for ever reigns. Welcome morn! my soul greets thee with fond delight; and as thou art hastening away, O wilt thou bear on thy wing a tribute of gratitude to Him, who is mindful of his humble followers in this world of sin, and drops on their waiting souls some heavenly joys. I hail thee, happy day, as propitious to the suffering, languishing interests of the Redeemer's kingdom, and reviving to this afflicted, solitary daughter of Zion. For thee, many ardent wishes, many fervent prayers have ascended to the great head of the church; and now thou hast arrived, God shall be glorified with praise.

This day the city of our God here shall be gladdened by the accession of eight new members to this church; a sight which the oldest of our professors have not witnessed for many dark and cloudy years.

It is now above six years since I publicly joined myself to the Lord in an everlasting covenant; and as I entered the church the youngest member, so I have ever continued. And O I have esteemed it a high honour, that in the morning of my life I should sit with older saints around the table of our common Lord, and be so highly distinguished as to be their youngest sister. But this day I resign forever this station to others. I rejoice, that it is to those who will fill it with so much more usefulness than I have done. This day, dear Lucy takes my place, and bears the honours of a young disciple of Jesus, in the midst of a wicked and gainsaying world. O may she be prepared for all its duties and trials, and be enabled to endure and perform, looking unto Jesus for grace and strength!*

Noon. It is done. Eight souls have stood forth in the view of God, angels, and men, and professed their faith in the Lord Jesus, their attachment to his bleeding cross, and their determination to consecrate all their future days to his blessed service. Solemn and awfully momentous transaction! one, in which they never were engaged before, and never can be again; one, which extends its interesting influence through the revolving ages of an interminable career, and instamps its impress on their future undying existence; one, which Jehovah and all the heavenly hosts bended to behold, and which the

^{*} Miss Lucy Edwards lived within a few yards of Miss Woodbury, and died within a few days of the same time, aged 19; leaving the most comforting evidence of living and dying in the Lord. ** They were lovely and pleasant in their lives; and in their deals they were scarcely divided."

recording angel has enrolled in the annals of eternity. My soul felt for them, and realized the awful vows they were sealing, and the weighty duties they were binding themselves to perform. O that this solemn event may never be produced at the last great day against one of their souls, to cover them with confusion, consternation, and wo! O may they never falsify their promises, nor bring scandal on that holy religion, for which the blood of Heaven flowed. May they never be traitors in the camp, betraying the interests of Christ to his foes, and occasioning the scoffs and blasphemies of the enemies of the cross. But O may almighty grace enable them to live as strangers and pilgrims in this transitory world, as those who are born from above, and associates of the inhabitants of heaven. May they breathe the spirit of the gospel in their every action, and may their future deportment shine eminently with all the beauties of holiness, and excellencies of Christianity, that others may have reason to say, surely the Lord is with them of a truth. O that they may manifest the power of religion in these lukewarm days, love and seek the prosperity of Zion, be blessings to the chuch, to society, and to the world, and when the evening of their days draws near, and death approaches to demand his prey, O may they safely and securely go down the declining vale, and land their wearied feet on Canaan's happy shores.

Eve. Yonder is the sun, shedding his last cheering beams on our western hemisphere, resigning us to the shades of night. I catch his last faint rays, as he sinks from my view, and pensively turn my eyes to the closing period of life. My morning is spent, my meridian is advancing and long before that arrives, the darkness of death may encircle my horizon.—Behold my sun has set, no more to tise on earth. Earth where art thou, with all thy bossived honours and promised joys? Vanished like a dress

—buried in oblivion, as though thou never wast. Eternity, eternity, is my mighty portion, and its awful wonders press on my separating spirit. Every feeling, and every emotion of my soul, bears its weighty impress, and shall forever. Worlds unknown burst upon my view, beings new and strange salute my astonished eye, and scenes amazing enwrap me all around. Where am I? In heaven or hell? Do I greet the smiling eye of Jesus? or do I meet the incensed wrath of an angry God? Do holy spirits welcome me to their blest abode? or do ghastly fiends conduct me to their mansions of wo?

O thou great and eternal Jehovah, I beseech thee to prepare me for the moment of death. O suffer me not to go into eternity under the guilt of one unrepented sin, nor to appear at thy judgment seat in the poor fig leaves of my own righteousness. I humbly, I devoutly, I earnestly implore thy pardoning mercy, thy forgiving love, thy reconciling smiles; that when the last moment shall arrive, I may be fitted to enter into the joy of my Lord, and to partake of the holy employments and purified delights of thy glorious habitation. O Lord be merciful to me a sinner. Kind Redeemer, be merciful to me the vilest of the vile.

May. "O that it were with me as in months past," is the mournful language of many true Christians. And why? because they have left their first love, lost the ardour of their spiritual exercises, and contracted a worldly minded, lukewarm spirit. Settled upon their tees, and immersed in the cares and pleasures of earth, they enjoy no happifying intercourse with God, no transcendent glories from the blissful mount of vision, no fervent zeal for the honour of their Maker, and the benefit of those souls he died to redeem. If the duties of the closet are not entirely omitted, they are but very unfrequently and coldly performed, as though they regretted the transient.

moments thus employed, and were glad when they were Instead of communications from the divine Spirit and heart-cheering visits of love from Emanuel, which once made their closets Bethels, they now hardly breathe a desire, or raise a petition to the eternal Jehovah, but mechanically and formally hurry over a duty, in which every power of their souls ought to be engaged. They go with others to the house of prayer, to keep holy day; but while sitting beneath the droppings of the sanctuary, and hearing the most sublime and impressive truths delivered with the most animated pathos, their thoughts are wandering to the ends of the earth, or culling fairy visions. No wonder they return empty and unedified; while those who are hungry for the bread of life, have been fed and nourished with manna from on high. The Sabbath, once grateful and refreshing to their souls, is now spent in indolence and coldness; and they rejoice when its wearisome hours are terminated. Travelling still the wayward path, they continue to relax from their former strictness; and verge from one devious step to another, till they exhibit little or nothing of the power of godliness, and the heavenly nature of religion. Behold them in a convivial party, and you witness conformity to the world, satisfaction in vain conversation, and a compliant, temporising spirit, forbidden by the gospel, and by no means characteristic of strangers and pilgrims here. Surely worldlings might well inquire, "What do ye more than others?" Thus Christ is crucified in the house of his professed friends, and his ways and truths evil spoken of, his heaven-born religion is loaded with the ridicule and contumely of his enemies; and a stumbling block is thrown in the way of many sincere souls. Alas! for the lukewarm, backslidden believer: how unbecoming and inconsistent his deportment! how cheerless and lamentable his condition! Who knows how far down the declivity of view e would slide, if abused mercy and infinite grace did not itercept his career, and turn his erring feet again to the ay of holiness and path of peace. Touched with the arrows of deep compunction, he mourns over his past olly and criminality, and abasing himself before the nercy-seat of his compassionate Father, reiterates with he publican, "God be merciful to me a sinner." He ngages in the divine life with new fervour and strength, with a heart felt sense of his own liability to err and go utray, and humble dependence on the rock that is higher than he. His character now appears with an amiable lastre, adorned with all the graces of the gospel.

EXTRACTS OF A LETTER TO MISS C. T. OF BEVERLY Beverly, May 11, 1814.

MY DEARLY BELOVED CLARISSA.

PAINFUL as my feelings are with regard to letterriting, I have this moment come to a resolution, that I ill again make the feeble attempt; and O may it be om love to God, and with a view to that day, when lara and Fanny must stand at the bar of their Judge, nd render an account how they have written, and how mey have received. Do we realize the unutterable relities of that tremendous day? O day of dread decision ad despair! Hark! the trumpet sounds, and peneating the receptacles of the dead, calls the sleeping naons to shake off the dust of the grave, and assemble in ne vast and mighty concourse, to give up their accounts, ad receive their ineffable eternal rewards! Behold them illected! and according to the characters they had form-I here on earth, fixed on the right or the left hand of ehovah, their actions, their words, their thoughts, uniled to the view of countless millions, and brought to

the test of the sure oracles of truth. Where now are the deeds of darkness, perpetrated unobserved by mertal eye? Brought to light and stamped with immortal infamy? Where the flimsy covering of the hypocrite? Gone forever; and his soul, naked and forlorn, finds, to his overwhelming wretchedness, that crying, Lord, Lord, will never gain an entrance into the kingdom of heaven. The impenitent on the left hand wait in dread dismay, to hear the awful sentence, "Depart, ye cursed!" But there on the right stand the glorious company of the redeemed, shining in the immaculate glories of their adorable Redeemer, greeting the heaven-beaming smiles of their Judge; while their works of faith, and labours of love are brought into view as evidences of their acceptance with heaven, and, "Come ye blessed of my Father," salutes their ravished souls.

O the surprising realities, the astonishing wonders, which the last great day will reveal! O the mighty blist or woe it will pour upon every soul! Its decisions will be firm as the throne of omnipotence, and lasting as the existence of the immortal mind. Could we constantly live under deep and realizing apprehensions of judgment to come, would not our general deportment be widely different? We should indeed do with our might whatsoever our hands find to do; and in constant watch fulness against sin and temptation, should be habitually looking unto Jesus for pardon, peace, and assisting grace, making mention of his righteousness, and of his only-O how earnest, how importunate would be our supplications to heaven for our own souls, and the souls of others! Feeling that we are praying for no less than the eternal salvation of immortal souls, O with what fervour, with what animation, with what assiduity, should we address the mercy-seat, and send the breathings of our hearts to Jehovah's ear! Never, never would our closes ness the strange averseness, wanderings, and languor, y now, alas, too often do; but they would attest to the stancy, sincerity, and wrestling ardour of our secret rotions; and Heaven, in answer, would shed immorblessings upon a world of woe.

When I glance at a dear fellow mortal, I think, O you, formed to live forever; and my bosom heaves with nder and astonishment, too wast for utterance. Where the language that can pourtray, in all its magnitude and lemnity, the worth of one soul? and what can amount its equivalent? The language of earth fails to explain; d millions of perishing worlds dwindle into nothing.

If these are truths, where, O where is that benevolent irit which Christians profess to have imbibed, and nich their blessed Redeemer so eminently displayed, ien he wept over perishing Jerusalem? when he had ught solitary repose by the side of Jacob's well? a spirit nich shone conspicuously in his every action, and led him ially to the cross of Calvary. If they are followers of the an of sorrows, where are their bowels of compassion for iristless sinners, their glowing love to the glory of God, id their incessant, indefatigable exertions for the enlargeent and extension of the Mediator's kingdom? If they are aveilers to a world of holiness, where is their conformity the temper and employments of heaven, their elevated periority to mortal things, their devout and ardent aspitions after those joys which know not the alloy of and imperfection, flowing pure from the throne of eity? O did they more exercise and illustrate the aven-born spirit of their holy religion, they would eny vastly more of its refreshing and sublimely animating mforts, and they would shine as lights in this dark orld, to the glory of the Being they love and adore, &c.

JOURNAL, 1814.

May 12. Last night was chiefly spent in reading the writings of my departed Harriet; and sweetly melancholy it was to my soul. "Safe is she lodged above these rolling spheres," far distant from this land of sorrow and region of death. After many a struggle and many a tear, she has arrived at the mansion of unclouded bliss and peace fully rests in Eden's bower. And does she not from her golden seat, cast a pitying look on her dear Fanny, wandering forlorn in this vale of tears? Does she not witness the mourning tears and tender sighs of bereaved affection, and gently whisper, "Weep not for Harriet, but redeem the time, fulfil your work, and come and join me in our Father's blest abode." O Harriet! my much loved Harriet! shall our spirits one day meet and be blest with a friendship, which separation cannot wound, nor death destroy! which shall glow with seraphic fire in endless day! Tossed to and fro on the tempestuous sea of life. distressed with fears, assaulted by temptation, operessed with iniquities, shall I ever find my way to a brighter world! O why tarry I here, seeing I groan day after day over an unprofitable life, and spend my time in vain! Is not the hour of release at hand, and shall I not soo drink abundantly of the wine of my Father's kingdom, and feast on fruit dropping sweetly from the tree of life! Haste my beloved! shorten these interposing days, and receive my parting spirit to thy glorious rest.

May 13. The years that are past arise to my view, and present cause for deep humiliation, self-abasement, and contrition. Ah! they are recorded in the annals of eternity, with all their numerous misimprovements, imperfections, and sins. Not one moment of them can ever be recalled, not one action ever be undone. As I kneeled before the throne this eve, as usual, I ruminated on

what I have been, and what I now am, and the tears of sorrow stole gently down; and when I was engaged in supplication, I was blessed with some fixedness, ardour, and importunity, and found the season grateful to my soul.

LETTER TO MISS M. W. OF BEVERLY.

Beverly, May 14, 1814.

In grieves me to learn you are in darkness, seeking after your beloved, but finding him not; and wandering about in this distant land, with scarce one drop of bliss to smooth the way. But despond not. Your case is by no means peculiar. Trust in the Lord, and cast your every care on him; for he careth for you, and will relieve and succour you in the best time. Ere long, I trust, you will rejoice in his returning smiles, and the rich manifestation of his glory to your soul; and then you will go on your way rejoicing with lively gratitude and ardent zeal. Continue in the use of his appointed means, humbly imploring 'his gracious presence, and the cheering influences of his Holy Spirit; and be more anxious to have your trials sanctified, than removed. Such feelings are unpleasant; but they are necessary, to teach us our weakness and nothingness, wean us from the world, increase our humility, watchfulness, and prayer, and make us more dependent on the arm of the Almighty. If they have this effect on you through the blessing of God, you will have great reason to magnify and adore his holy name, and rejoice in his universal government.

O my sister, be not weary nor faint in your mind. Press onward in the path of duty, looking to Jesus, who was tempted like as you are, sin excepted; and exercise faith in his mighty name; for it is by faith, and not by sight we must live here. I feel a tender interest in your

concerns, and I cannot but long that the comforts of religion may be yours. O may your weary soul rest sweetly on the bosom of Jesus.

We have had no meeting this eve; but all is right; for the winds and the storms might easily have been calmed by Jehovah's word, if on the whole it had been best for us to have encircled the altar of social prayer and praise.

If you have not read dear Mrs Newell's Memoirs, I wish you may; for I think you will be pleased and profited. She is gone to her rest; and my pained heart say it is right, all right, though she was the best beloved of all my numerous friends, and fondly united by many atta. Yours in love, &c.

NOTE TO MISS E. S. OF BEVERLY, THEN AT WENHAM.

May 21, 1814.

You ask, "What is communion with God?" I wish! were better able to tell you. But it can better be known by experience than by description. I think however I have just felt it in my retirement, unless I am most fatally deluded. I have been favoured with much enlargement in petition for almost every thing. I seemed to leave sublunary things, and grasped after durable riches, and soul-satisfying blessings for myself, my friends, my quaintances, my sisters of the church, my dear * enemies, poor perishing pagans, for the ministers of Christ as a body, and particular individuals, for humane and religious societies, praying female societies, for the enlargement of Zion, and universal diffusion of peace, love, and religion. If I know my own heart, there is not a false friend, nor an enemy, nor a soul in this habitable world, but I can carry to the throne of grace, and supplicate the same mercies, and enjoyments, and graces, that I do for myself. O I want to have my whole soul moulded into pure gospel love, and to exhibit it illustriously in my temper and conduct. Will you not pray that this may be the case? Do, my dearly beloved; and forget not to praise the Lord for the precious filial freedom I have enjoyed, and still hope to enjoy in pouring out my soul before him—a cordial for all my sorrows and trials, a sweet relief from every woe. Of f one drop of heaven is so good, what is heaven itself? May you and I know by happy experience. O may you be in the spirit on the Lord's day, and make advances in experimental piety. Good evening, my dear friend, &c.

NOTE TO MISS E. S. OF BEVERLY, THEN AT WENHAM.

May 22, 1814.

As it is not customary to keep school on election days, you will probably come home. I want you should devote Wednesday morn to a delightful ramble with mc. I anticipate it with sensations of joy. But no; let us not depend too much; for it is a day which myriads of our race will never see. I want to feel that I have nothing to do here, but to glorify God, benefit immortal beings, work out my own salvation, and make my way to a fairer region.

Blessed be the Lord for the griefs and woes that have of late been mine to suffer. For they show the utter vanity of all below, and the preciousness of that gospel which bringeth life and immortality to light. Welcome then our trials, if thereby we may be conformable to our suffering Lord, and purified and fitted for that world, where tears are wiped from every eye, and sorrows are known no more. Is this our home? Shall our spirits meet there, when these bodies repose in a bed of dust?

O if we should not.—But I must hope; and may heaven in mercy grant that my hope may never prove destructive to my soul. The storms of life are blowing over, and to the meek follower of Christ, an everlasting calm shall soon succeed. Let us then be patient, and establish our hearts; for the coming of the Lord draweth nigh. And may grace work in us to will, to do, and to suffer, and then bestow the rich and glorious reward. Yours, &c.

LETTER TO MISS M. W. OF BEVERLY.

Beverly, May 30, 1814.

Sabbath morn. I am happy to learn, my dear Miss W. that you have regained peace and tranquility of mind and are now reposing sweetly under the shadow of Emanuel, and feasting on the rich food he has prepared for his humble followers. You think you do not yet feel that lively faith and love you desire. But you have every thing to encourage you to hope and trust in the Lord, for he is good to the soul that waiteth for him, and none shall seek his face in vain. O may you keep near to him, and be favoured with times of refreshing from his presence-rich streams of consolation flowing gently from the exhaustless Fountain to exhilarate and gladden your heart, while you traverse this desert wild. It is, my dear friend, through much tribulation that we must make our way to the port of rest. All who will live godly in Christ Jesus shall suffer persecution. Those who exhibit the beauty and power of godliness, and are active in the service they love, meet with opposition, not only from Satan and the openly ungodly, but also from many who bear the Christian name. This I think one of the many and heavy trials the decided votary of the ligion is called to sustain; and needful indeed are the consolatory truths and promises of the gospel to cheer his fainting heart. But surely we will follow our Lord through evil as well as good report, and delight to endure the cross, as well as look forward to the crown.

I rejoice that, vile and unworthy as I am, our dear Lord has favoured me with many estimable friends, in whose society and correspondence I take so large a share of placid joy in this inhospitable world. But O how painful to "weep over many a friend to dust consigned." Peace to the far distant grave of Harriet; and enbalmed be her memory in the hearts of the pious. May our last days be like hers, calm, serene, and marked with the triumphs of faith and hope. I intend to let you have her Memoirs a few days, and I think you will admire the loveliness of her character, her ardent piety, and engagedness of heart in the work of the Lord. "That life is long which answers life's great end." Her years, though few, were consecrated to diligence and zeal in religion after her conversion, and she has quickly performed the arduous work assigned to her; and now sweetly rests from her labours and her sorrows. Will not my dear Miss W. supply her place to me, and be a faithful friend,, to warn, admonish, and instruct? Pray for your affecetionate friend, &c.

LETTER TO MISS H. G. OF BRADFORD.

Beverly, June 4, 1814...

My DEAR HANNAH,

BLEST with a renewed opportunity of addressing you, I readily improve it; and could I impart some spiritual gift to your edification, and to the glory of your God, my heart would rejoice, even mine. But alas! while I am so cold and negligent in the best of causes, I have now son to expect to animate and engage others. Why

thus? The character of Emanuel is still lovely and glorious; and in his vineyard there is much to be done. Life is hastening to its close, and I am drawing nearer to the grave, where, "forgetting the world, and by the world forgot," my mortal frame must repose till the last trump shall summon the sleeping dust to the bar of God. Yes, my dear friend, our earthly course will soon be completed; but the consequences of this state of trial will be tremendously woeful or ineffably blissful to our immortal souls. Through an endless duration we shall reap the reward of our doings, either rising in glory, or sinking in wretchedness. Eternity,—eternity is entailed upon poor earth-created man, and this eternity is yours, is mine, is the mighty portion of all the descendents of Adam.

Is it so, my dear friend? And can we for a moment be indifferent to our eternal all, and live as though earth was our abiding place, or death would extinguish the breath of the Almighty? * Is it so! And can we be insensible to the situation of those who are in bondage to sin and Satan, and verging to the lake which burneth with fire and brimstone? Is it so! And can we be lukewarm in the blest service of our adorable Redeemer, and uninterested in the concerns of Zion, the city of our God, and the welfare of the world at large?

Did these truths properly affect our hearts, solemn isdeed would be our feelings, and different would be our lives. We should then behold the vanity of this passing world, and soaring beyond its trifling things, should penetrate the veil of futurity, and survey that ever blessed region, where flourish substantial joys and unrivalled honours. We should labour earnestly and unremittingly for the salvation of our own souls and the souls of others, content to have our names cast out as evil, and looded with slander, reproach, and ridicule. We should be anxious to fill every remaining moment of our lives with duty, and every duty with hely activity and devout ardour, depending on the strength of Christ, and with reference to the glory of God. And filled with a deep and continual sense of our innumerable sins and imperfections, our utter nothingness and unworthiness, we should make constant application to the blood of sprinkling, and fly to the righteousness of our great High Priest.

O that you, my dear friend, may not have so much occasion for self-accusation as your unworthy Fanny! May you live as a dying mortal, as a probationer for eternity; and treading the world beneath your feet, may you hold sweet and ravishing communion with God, and read your title clear to a mansion in that kingdom, bought with the blood of Jesus, and destined to flourish in eternal splendour. Happy indeed are the saints of the Most High. O that their privileges and immunities, their present sublime supports and future enrapturing prospects, may be ours. And their trials and crosses, their fears and temptations, we will likewise hail, if their God may be our God, and their home our home. O the calm and serene rest, the boundless and inconceivable delights which await those whose robes have been washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb, who have traced the narrow path, though lined with difficulties, snares, and woes, and safely reached its end. With what amazing bliss will they salute the bright throng around the throne, and casting their crowns at the feet of their Lord, unite their lays in concert with adoring millions in ceaseless songs of praise to God and the Lamb. Far from this earth of sorrow, and beyond the reach of sin, they shall forever solace their weary souls in the bosom of their Saviour, and drink of the streams that flow unruffled at his right hand.

If the glory of heaven be such as mortal eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, nor heart conceived, how awfully miserable must those be, who, despising all its immortal joys, choose the road to death, and ensure a portion in the bottomless pit! O my dear friend, trembling seizes me, when I think how many will come short at last, whose hopes were firm and strong, and who, by the judgment of erring man, were deemed the salt of the carth. Pray that this may never, never be the case of your friend Fanny; for it is what I have reason to fear, when I glance at my life and my heart. O may we build our hopes on the corner Stone laid in Zion; may we glory in tribulation; may we exult in death; and amidst the momentous scenes of that day, for which all other days were made, may we lift up our heads with triumphant joy, and in tranquil serenity sing the victories of Christ our King. My friend, when our few fleeting days are over, and death has chilled our mortal frames, may our spirits be cemented by the endearing ties, and glow with all the ardour of heaven; and to our glorified and lovely Emanuel we will render a never ending tribute of grateful praise. So may it be, Yours in love. &c.

JOURNAL, 1814.

June 19. For four Sabbaths I have heard scarcely a sentence from the pulpit. Glowing with inextinguishable thirst to visit the courts of my God, and listen to the truths of the gospel, O who can conceive my emotions, when I immure myself in my retirement! With the Psalmist, tears have been my meat, though I greatly fear they were tears of sinful impatience.

This day Dr W. preached below, and esteeming him highly as the compiler of my Harriet's writings, with who relish should I have heard him! But, alas! Provide

destines me to many a woe, and I will cheerfully sub-

But can I be useless in this critical moment, when the world is in tremendous agitation, and all intelligent beings are actively engaged for or against that kingdom which shall prevail: O can I be a solitary neutral? No; it must not be. I must be useful in some way. I have devoted my pen to the Lord, and if he has any thing

There is no doubt that she here refers to her determination to write occasionally for the Panoplist, a periodical work. To some it may appear strange that she should form such a purpose. An explanation, therefore, may not be deemed improper.

It is doubtful whether she would ever have thought of writing for the public, had it not been suggested to her. She was earnestly addressed upon the subject in a manner nearly as follows:-44 Though you have a very low opinion of your own composition, yet others, and especially the editor of the Panoplist, can judge of its merits much better than you. He has seen fit to publish one of your letters, which has doubtless been received with pleasure and advantage by thousands. Possibly you may write something of equal merit, and even superior. Think not that you will appear estentatious in offering a few pieces for the Panoplist. It may be done very secretly; or even if it should be known, it will be readily perseived, that there is a vast difference between offering a composition to the public directly, and submitting it to an editor. who has full liberty to publish or not, according to his judgment. without being obligated to assign his reasons. It is exceedingly desirable, that greater numbers should write for the Panoplist. For though now excellent and very useful, it might be more so, if all who have the ability, had also the disposition to enrich its treasures. It is desirable that the editor should have a large number and variety of compositions, from which to make a selection. You feel that others can write much better than you, and that they ought to supply the pages of the Panoplist with matter much better than you can produce, and leave you to move in a narrower, humbler sphere. But while such writers as Z. X. Y. are casting of their abundance into this sacred treasury, are you certain that it is your duty to withhold your mite? What if his communica-

for me to do by writing, he will assist. O may I be enabled to consecrate to him my every talent, and in his

tions upon intemperance, and upon the Sabbath, are greatly superior to any thing that you can hope to produce upon those subjects; yet, is it not possible, that upon some subjects you may be able to furnish a few sentences, or a few paragraphs, that might be pleasing and edifying even to him? Supposing your qualifications for writing to be really as small as you imagine, may not a person of ordinary talents, and scanty information, be enabled sometimes to excel? May not such a person, in some peculiarly happy hour, when fired by some subject that he had long been accustomed to ponder with the deepest interest, be able to furnish afew pages, that might prove more useful to thousands of readers, than the learned disquisitions of the ablest writers? It must also be considered, that the best writers have generally such a pressure of numerous and important duties, as to leave little time to write for the Panoplist. And not only so, but what may be done by many is in danger of being neglected by all.

Surely you cannot fear that any great evil will result from complying with my request. With regard to yourself, it must conduce to your improvement and edification. Nor need you fear that the public will be injured. If your pieces should be really unworthy of publication, you need not fear that the editor will suffer them to encumber his pages. But if one in four should stand the test of his judgment, might it not do more good than thirty private letters?—more good than you would otherwise do in a month?

You have given yourself to the Lord in an everlasting covenant: You have often sealed your solemn vows around his holy table: You know and you feel, that your obligations to do good are inexpressibly great. If you have any talents for doing good, it is probably your pen.—Can you then let it rest?"

To such considerations as these she listened with the most profound attention and with a downcast look, and scarcely attempted to make any reply. It was probably some weeks before her conscience could prevail upon her diffidence and humility to comply with the request. She lived to complete only three papers for this purpose, which the publishers have inserted in this edition, and which will be found at the end of the volume.

blessed service improve them all with fidelity and success. Human applause is less than nothing. To my own Master I stand or fall, according to the improvement or misimprovement of what he has entrusted to my keeping, and O I tremble lest I incur the guilt and doom of the unprofitable servant. May he instruct, guide, and lead me; for

Weaker than a bruised reed, Help I every moment need.

I want to feel that I am acting for eternity. I want to be influenced supremely and solely by those pure and powerful metives which the gospel holds to view, as those which will alone be pleasing in the eyes of infinite purity, and should ever be the stimulus to external action. A bubble indeed is the praise of man. prayed, "Lord, let not my heart be haughty, nor my eves lofty, neither let me exercise myself in matters too high for me;" and surely a compassionate Saviour will attend to my feeble cries, and guide my doubtful soul. Should others know what I am doing, they would censure, envy, and reproach. But it would be nothing to me; for their souls are not in my soul's stead, neither to them do I stand amenable. At a higher tribunal I must soon appear, and pass a solemn and strict examination, and receive my eternal portion according to the deeds done in the body. To God I owe my all, and his approbation I ardently wish. My business is with him and my own conscience, and not with a misjudging world. he ever guide my pen, and bless its poor and humble efforts. O may he use me, unworthy as I am, for the promotion of his glory, and advancement of his cause. O may he favour me with a heart large enough to embrace the millions of my species, and earnestly to long for their immortal good. I am wary of this narrow, mercenary solfishness, this strange indifference to the spiritual wants of a dying world. Blessed Emanuel, thou who didst bleed for sinners, O vouchsafe me a portion of thy compassionate, feeling spirit, and inflame my bosom with ardour fresh from heaven.—Come, dear Jesus, I long to see thy face, and enjoy thy smiles.

NOTE TO MISS E. S. OF BEVERLY.

July 5, 1814.

I BEJOICE, my sweet friend, that your heart is enlarged with love and gratitude; and smiling joy sits placid on your brow. As you have received Christ Jesus, so be anxious to walk in his holy commands, and simply trust his faithful word. O may be keep you near himself, and cause you to travel the path he appoints. You are now under renewed obligations to your God; for you have witnessed fresh instances of his mighty mercy and abounding love, and have encreasing cause to say, "Bless the Lord, O my soul." Most cheerfully would I join with you in a hymn of praise for his wonderful mercies vouchsafed to us in relieving our anxiety and dispersing our fears, by his signal kindness to your dear mother. May she be enabled to consecrate her dear children w her covenant God, and bring them up in the nurture and admonition of the Lord, and with grateful heart perform her yows to the Most High. You, my dear Elizabeth have now new duties to perform; for your prayers for the little infant should be ardent and constant, that the Lord would wash his soul in the laver of regeneration, and make him a partaker of his grace, that he may be a chosen vessel unto God, and from a child seek and serve his Maker.

LETTER TO MRS H. P. OF BRADFORD.

Beverly, Aug. 21, 1814.

MY DEAR SISTER,

O WHAT a vast and glorious assembly will there be in heaven when the last sand of time shall drop, and the judgment day award to the waiting millions their eternal homes. What honours will crown the head of our Redeemer, when having fixed the everlasting destinies of all created intelligences, he shall recede from his awful seat to the dwelling-place of his glory, kindly conducting a mighty retinue of holy beings to dwell with him in cloudless light. Who would not burn with desire to grace his final triumphs, and proclaim his boundless charms? Who would not leave this mortal state, with all its fading pleasures, to survey his lovely beauties, and delight in his enrapturing smiles?

But if our souls have been enlightened to behold the perfections of his character, if they have tasted his love. where are our bowels of compassion for those who see no form nor comeliness in him? Have we no pity for the many millions of our species, who roam the burning wilds of the east, conversant with the miseries of the apostasv. but strangers to the salvation of Christ? Shall not our hearts melt with tenderness over the numerous savage tribes, who, enwrapt in nature's starless darkness, most movingly address us from their abodes of woe, "When it is well with you, think of poor indians." Precious souls, we will not forget you. No; we will long and pray for the day when you shall emerge from your present gloom, and pointing your eye to mansions of light, and hanging your hopes on the cross of Emanuel, you shall send to heaven your tuneful songs of admiring joy.

O when shall the kingdom of Jesus rise throughout the earth in millenial strength, majesty, and aplendour,

bearing heavenly peace to warring nations, and causing an Eden again to bloom beneath the skies? When shall Zion shake herself from the dust, forget her days of mourning, and her repaired walls bear the impress in characters legible to every eye, "SALVATION AND PRAISE." The era is not far distant, and from heaven proceeds the immutable word, "I the Lord will hasten it in its time." Our hearts must gratefully respond, "Even so, come Lord Jesus, come quickly."

· Sabbath Eve. Respecting visits, my dear Mrs P. I take it for granted you know my opinion and practice; but as you request, I write a word on the subject, hoping you will be guided in this, and every other concern, in a manner well pleasing in the sight of God, and conducive to his glory and your own best interests. Though common-place acquaintances merit our civility, and every proper expression of respectful attention, yet an intimate and frequent intercourse with them I consider unnecessary, injurious, and criminal. The Scripture is a sure directory; and, I believe, that does not allow of Christians mingling much with the people of the world. Even where large parties have been chiefly formed of professors, I have seldom found much edification. We are commanded to redeem the time. And can we not, when so licited to make a visit, which we have every reason to conclude will be unprofitable, can we not improve the time better by conversing with our Bibles, our hearts, and our God-in writing to some dear separated friend-in visiting the poor, the sick, and afflicted—or in holding familiar intercourse with some humble, decided follower of the Lamb? Were the time thus spent, should we not on the review, feel more peace of conscience than if wasted in tiresome scenes of vanity and folly? We must not, however, affect singularity and preciseness. Much wisdom from above is needful to direct us in the right way: nd with this I wish you might be favoured in an emient degree. Your affectionate friend, &c.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM MISS N. E. OF NEWBURYPORT.

Beverly, Aug. 27, 1814.

MY DEAR COUSIN.

BLEST with another opportunity of addressing you, may the divine Spirit direct my pen, and make its feeble forts conducive to your spiritual good.

Pausing on the immense value of the soul, the ruined state of man by nature, the beauty, freeness, and fulness of the gospel plan of salvation, and the eternity of future ewards and punishments, my mind expands with sensations not to be fully expressed. Have we immortal souls, and can we be indifferent to their concerns? Are we involved in the ruins of the apostasy, and shall we not be solicitous for our recovery? Are we formed to live through andless ages, and shall we not wish to pass those ages in the sublimities and glories of the world of light? If these concerns are everlastingly momentous, as represented by Him who cannot lie, O let us attend to them, my cousin, with all the assiduity, diligence, and ardour we can command, now while the time of our probation is protracted, and heaven allures us with its unnumbered charms.

Let us beware of the blandishments of this insidious world, the temptations of the prince of darkness, and the corrupt propensities of our own depraved hearts; for they all urge us in the most plausible manner, to forget eternity, our Maker, and our souls. They, with united voice, bid us put far away the evil day, and linger thoughtlessly on the plains of Sodom, till the fierce storm, bursting from above, shall ingulf us in remediless destruction. O that we may find a refuge in the bosom of Emanuel. If renovated by his grace, and interested in his redemp-

tion, we need not fear, though the archangel were commissioned this moment to sound the last trump, and issue the dread mandate, "Time shall be no longer." With the smiles of Jesus, we may enjoy serenity amidst all the ruffling scenes of life, and in that awful day, when worlds shall be wrapt in flames, and the rewards of eternity distributed by an unerring hand. But if we are yet in our sins, alienated from God, and enveloped in the awful blindness, ignorance, and darkness of nature, we stand on the awful verge of interminable perdition, on the frontiers of that lake which burns unceasingly with fire and brimstone. May we, my dear, dear Nancy, be favoured with a view of the true state of our souls, and be enabled to secure the approbation of Him, who is able to save and to destroy. May he whisper, in accents of love, to our bosoms, " I am thy salvation." May he illumine our minds with the light of his countenance, and guide our erring feet to Zion's hill. I feel that with his friendship I should be sublimely happy in the solitary wilds of Zaara; but without it, I must languish in pining wretchedness, though possessed of all the earth calls good or great. One smile of him can soothe to rest my aching heart, can disperse the gloom of affliction, and change my sighs of grief to songs of joy. Happy indeed are they who gain intimate access to him, and enjoy the endearing manifestations of his love in this far distant land; but more divinely blest are those unfettered spirits who encircle his shining throne, and chant in rapturous strains his deserved praise. Yours, &c.

LETTER TO MISS S. D. OF WENHAM.

Beverly, Sept. 1, 1814.

MY DEAR YOUNG FRIEND,

I DOUBT not but you will be surprised at the receipt of a letter from one who is almost a stranger to you

But our short interview yesterday afternoon, gave rise to that ardent concern for your eternal salvation which induces me to write. You have been almost constantly in my thoughts this morning; and while I have bound you tenderly to my bosom, I have commended you to Him whose mercy and compassion to sinners is more extensive than man can conceive. He can guide my pen to express those truths which are of eternal importance; and he alone, by his new-creating Spirit, can imprint these truths effectually on your conscience, and make them available to your everlasting good. Without his blessing, Paul may plant and Apollos water in vain; but with it, a feeble effort of the most unworthy, undertaken from right motives, may save souls from endless death. This is the Being, even the ever glorious Jehovah, whose favour and smiles I wish you to possess. In him you will find all that you can desire for time and eternity. If you secure his friendship, you will pass your few short years on earth in usefulness; you will have ineffable peace within, amidst all the numerous troubles incident to this mortal state; and when you are closing your eyes in the long slumbers of death, you may rejoice in hope of immortal glory, in the prospect of rising to the New Jerusalem, and uniting with the glorious spirits around. the throne in singing the praises of the dear Redeemer.

But let me reverse the picture. You are by nature an enemy to God; continuing and dying so, you must perish for ever. Should this be your wretched case, (O may almighty grace prevent it) every day and every hour you live here, you will be treasuring up wrath against the day of wrath, increasing fuel to feed that fire which will torture you with unspeakable and eternal woe. I direct my eyes to the regions of despair, and look for one of its most miserable inhabitants. Ah! a lost child of believing parents rises to my view. Enwrapt in the

blackness of darkness, she addresses me from the prison of hell, "My parents, blessed with eminent piety, consecrated me early to God. They sought the sanctifying grace of Heaven for my soul with many a prayer and many a tear. They nurtured my infant days with tender unremitting assiduity. They cherished and cultivated my opening powers with the most solicitous and affectionate attention. They instructed me in the great doctrines and duties of Christianity. They strove, by precept and example, to draw me from the path of destruction to the path of peace. Their bouse ever afforded an altar, upon which the morning and evening sacrifice ascended to heaven; so that I had line upon line, and precept upon precept. But I, fool that I was, hardened myself in iniquity, till the harvest was past, and the summer was ended. My day of probation closed. Fear, desolation, and destruction, came upon me as a whirlwind. And now I must cry in accents of doleful despair, How have I hated instruction, and my heart despised reproof."

Dreadful as this representation is, my young friend, it is realized, fully and awfully realized, by many wretched beings in the lake of fire; and the number will probably be increased. O make not one of the company. are favoured with many advantages for the acquirement of true piety. But should you misimprove or neglect them, they will aggravate your condemnation, and enhance the misery of hell. In this case you would envy the poor untutored Hottentot, who had spent his days in wandering over burning sands, whose eyes had never seen a bible nor a Christian, whose ears had never been saluted with a Saviour's name. My heart gladdens at the thought of your privileges; but when I think of the depravity of nature, and the deceitfulness of sin, I rejoice with trembling.

But, my friend, why will you not be a Christian? Why vill you not give joy to your parents, to your pious friends, o the holy spirits in heaven, by your early devotion of neart, and soul, and life, and all, to your glorious Creator?

Peculiarly blest are those, who turn to God in the morning of life, and consecrate to the services of religion the vigour of their affections, powers, and faculties. Commencing in the bloom of youth a journey to you celestial world, being planted early in the courts of their God, they shall flourish in usefulness and felicity, exhibit eminent examples of the native excellence of piety, reflect honour on their divine Saviour, and hereafter shine in the kingdom of God with immortal splendour. By embracing religion, and declaring themselves pilgrims and strangers here, when earth appears in its most alluring attire, and presents its most powerfully attractive temptations, their piety is not only almost unquestionable, but singularly lovely. They will rejoice that they gave to God the dew of their youth, and forever adore that grace which led them to adopt a course so wise, so happy, so honourable to God, so fraught with heaven. And will you not, my dear friend, select this course for yours? Will you not early repent of your sins, seek pardoning mercy, and secure an interest in the merits of the Saviour? Will you not ensure a seat in the regions of a glorious immortality. where the righteous shall reign in everlasting light, when the earth shall be destroyed, and all the wicked shall be turned into hell?

You are now destitute of all good, inclined to evil; and without new feelings you can never see God in peace. As you now are, you are totally unfit for heaven; you are lingering about the entrance of eternal perdition; and nothing but the mere mercy of God, that mercy which you forfeit every moment, continues you in this land of hope. Should God in awful vengeance cut you off now, say, to

dear young friend, where would you be? Would you not be lost and ruined for ever? And will you, can you, rest in this hazardous situation? Shall I not urge you to flee from the threatening danger to the refuge which the gospel exhibits? Come then to Jesus Christ. Bow to his sceptre; welcome him to your heart, and you will be happy forever. You will find him all that you can wish,—a Redeemer mighty to save,—a Physician able to make you whole,—a Sun to enlighten and guide,—a Shield to guard and defend,—a Friend infinitely powerful and compassionate,—a glorious Resting place through all the changes of time, through all the ages of eternity.

Shall he not be yours? O I entreat you, if you have any regard for your future well-being, if you wish to be holy and blessed forever, resign yourself cordially into his dear faithful hands, and choose him for your portion, your God, and your all. Defer not another moment, lest that moment should place you beyond the reach of mercy, beyond the solace of hope. Death cannot be far distant. Many, younger than you, have taken their flight to the bar of God. In some unexpected instant, you may fall before the universal conqueror, and go to receive your doom for eternity. You know you must die, and let me affectionately tell you, that you may die soon. O then I entreat you to prepare without delay. You will never, never repent of loving and serving God, nor of doing it too early. Religion is the only thing you will want on the agonizing pillow of death, and if it is needful then, is it not important that you should possess it now, since this night your soul may be required of you. God is waiting to be gracious; the Saviour's arms are open to receive you; but if you continue to rebel, He that sits upon the throne may swear in his wrath you shall never see his rest.

What more shall I say? What more can I say?

that I could tell you of that eternity to which you are hastening. O that I could lead you to think of those ages on ages which shall never end; which you, and I, and all rational beings, must spend in heaven or hell. This eternity we must soon enter, and become acquainted with joy or sorrow greater than we can now conceive. My beloved friend, think of these things. Attend to the things that make for your peace, before they are forever hidden from your eyes. Listen to the voice of conscience, to the warnings and invitations you daily receive, to Him who speaks from above in accents of love, "Give me thy heart."

I commend you to the pious instructions of your parents and friends. I commend you to the counsel, benediction, and keeping of your father's God. May the Lord renovate and sanctify your heart, guide you in life, comfort you in death, and bless you with his love through eternity.

Remember me with affection to your honoured parents, with a wish for the best of heaven's blessings to rest upon their souls, and the souls of their children. Love dear Betsy, and listen to her advice.

LETTER TO MRS E. C. OF WENHAM. Beverly, Sep. 2, 1814.

My DEAR MRS C.

You requested me to write, and my own inclination urges me to comply with your request. In treating on the great truths of the gospel, truths of more importance to your soul and mine than language can express, I shall write with plainness; and you cannot surely wish me to do otherwise.

In reply to my question, whether you had a hope, I think you observed, that you sometimes feared you had no evidence. It remains then to enquire, what are the

evidences of a well grounded hope,—that hope which none but a Christian can possess. I apprehend these evidences are,—love, supreme love to the glorious character of God, as exhibited in his word and works;—a governing regard to his glory;—a conformity of heart to his moral image;—a cordial delight in his holy law;—a constant and vigorous endeavour to keep all his commandments;—a hatred to sin in all its various forms and actings;—a most endearing affection and union to Jesus Christ;—and entire reliance on his merits. I might enumerate many more; but these are sufficient to enable you to decide, whether your hope be true or false. Permit me to say, that no person in a state of nature, ever possessed one of these evidences, and every Christian possesses all, and other concomitant ones.

Great, my friend, is that change of heart necessary to an entrance into the kingdom of heaven. It is a radical. change of the views, feelings, and dispositions of the soul, effected by the operation of the Holy Spirit. Without this, I neither expect to enter the New Jerusalem myself, nor to see any one else there. He who cannot lie hath said, "Ye must be born again;" and sooner shall the heavens pass away, than one jot or title of his word shall fail. Are we the subjects of this change? If we are, we are safe on the Rock of ages, have deposited our treasures in the bright world of glory, and the united powers of earth and hell can never prevent our salvation. But if we are not, we are condemned already: the law thunders its tremendous curses; the wrath of Omnipotence abides on our souls; and hell with all its horrors is open before While in this state, we practically say to the Almighty, "Depart from us; we desire not the knowledge of thy ways; we will not have thee to reign over us;" we live in continual violation of his holy commands; we foster the malignant iniquities of our desperately wicked hearts, and we make incessant and rapid advances to that land where hope sheds not its soothing balm, where mercy drops not a cheering solace.

It is a solemn consideration, my friend, that, till we act from holy principles, we can do nothing well pleasing to God. For he can accept of no services which do not flow from love to him; and of true love to him, every unrenewed heart is entirely destitute. Hence the vast importance of immediate repentance, and lively faith in Christ our Lord. Every moment we procrastinate these great duties, we hazard all the bliss of heaven; and for aught we know, fix our future destiny in the abyss of despair. Shall we, can we, be regardless of the things that belong to our peace? Have we no concern for these souls of ours, which must survive all sublunary things, and-live forever beyond the grave? Do we despise that salvation which a Saviour bled to purchase; and which now he tenders from his exalted throne, "without money and without price?" Shall we not awake from our dangerous slumbers, and use every effort to obtain an interest in that kingdom which shall stand forever? Surely it is time. We have passed many precious years in the service of the prince of darkness. The remainder of our allotted time must be short. The last sand will soon drop; and then all that is undone, must be undone forever. The closing period of life, how unutterably solemn! How precious will the religion of the cross then be! a religion which can diffuse immortal comforts around the pillow of death, strip the last enemy of all his terrors, and open the gate of paradise to the separating spirit. How desirable then to have that hope, which shall be an anchor to the soul amidst the struggles of dissolving nature, and direct the closing eye to a country where the tempestuous storms, which rage in this adverse clime, never, never rise; but where unruffled peace spreads its heavenly charms, and joys divinely transporting forever grow! But that eventful moment, which crowns the Christians' hope with full fruition, destroys the hope of the hypocrite, and whelms his soul in endless woe. Then "tired dissimulation drops its mask;" every refuge of lies, every false comfort flees away, and all dreams of future glory are transformed into sad realities of everlasting misery. The self-deceived and deluded hypocrite, who had fondly imagined himself sure of heaven, shall too late bewail his mistake, when surrounded by the eternal flames. His hope expires with his breath, and leaves him to the corroding anguish of unutterable disappointment.

O my friend, we have reason to tremble in view of these awful truths. Should we build our houses upon the sand, they will fall before the rising storm, and bury our souls in irreparable ruins. Let us not madly bind a hope to our bosoms which will facilitate our destruction, and forsake our sinking spirits in the opening light of futurity. Let us not think we are tracing the upward path to Zion's hill, while we are bending our course to the mansions of despair. Without holiness we shall never gain admittance into those regions where consummate purity forever reigns. Natural amiableness without grace, will avail nothing with Him whose eyes are like a flame of fire, to search the heart and try the reins of the children of men. We may have many moral virtues, many pleasing qualities and attainments, and yet be void of every good exercise, and far from that way of peace which leads to glory on high. A false hope is easily imbibed, but perhaps seldom eradicated, till death unveils eternity.

O my friend, let me earnestly entreat you to examine the ground on which you stand, and realize you do it for eternity. Your everlasting all is implicated. You are amenable to a tribunal from which there is no appeal; the decisions of which must be perfectly just and unab-

terable. This is your day of probation. It is hastening away; and every moment, as it passes, can no more return. Look a little forward, and view approaching death, judgment, and eternity. The scenes of mortality will soon terminate; the enchanting beauties of earth will recede forever from our grasp; but the consequences of our conduct will be infinitely interesting, and abide through rolling ages. And when eternity shall be our portion, we shall see these truths in all their energy, solemnity, and awful import.

Let me urge you, my friend, to prepare to meet your God. Let me entreat you to realize your situation, to awake to your own eternal good, to secure Christ for your Redeemer and your God, before he shall assume the seat of judgment, and award incorrigible sinners to the " blackness of darkness" forever. Except you bow before Jesus in humble abasement, be sprinkled with his atoning blood, and appropriate his salvation to yourself by faith, you can never find that rest which remains for the children of God. Give conscience leave to speak, and attend without delay to its faithful admonitions. O give not slumber to your eyes, till your soul rests securely on the glorious Corner-Stone laid in Zion; for there only will you find safety, when the incensed wrath of Omnipotence shall burst in one eternal storm on all the impeni-Take refuge this moment in those arms, which once were transfixed with rugged nails for the rescue of perishing worms, and which are now benevolently expanded to embrace repenting sinners. All things are now ready. The door of heaven is wide open; and the way which leads thither is exactly pointed out in the oracles of eternal truth. Will you not, then, be wise for eternity?

Be assured, my friend, I have sought your best good in penning these important truths. I can give you no

greater proof of my friendship, than I have now manifested. Let me indulge the fond hope, that you will receive this with candour, and as though it were my dying advice, attend to it with deep solicitude. If you find any thing repugnant to scripture, reject it with abhorrence; but if these things are true, they merit our solemn consideration. I commend you to Him, who alone can savingly illuminate your soul, and guide your feet to yonder hill of Zion, where all the redeemed of the Lord shall stand in immortal glory, and make the celestial plains to ring with songs of joy. My dear, dear friend, with the most tender anxiety, with ardent wishes for your future felicity, I bid you an affectionate adieu, &c.

O make God your friend, and heaven your home.

LETTER TO MRS A. N. OF WENHAM.

Beverly, Sept. 3, 1814.

I SEIZE a hasty moment, my friend, from the necessary refreshment of sleep, to write you a few lines.

May I ask, are you near to God by the blood of sprinkling, or far off in nature's darkness? Have you meat to eat that the world knows nothing of; or do you feed your immortal mind with the perishable husks of earthly joys? If our comfort be scriptural, it will be accompanied with the renunciation of all known sin, a vigorous performance of all known duties, a dread of temptation, and an habitual desire to please God. In keeping the commandments there is great reward. But the joy and confidence which are not materially lessened by the commission of sin, may well be suspected to arise from a wrong source. True religious joy will lead us to watch and pray, to be humble and penitent at the feet of Jesus, to deny ourselves and take up the cross, and walk in the path of duty, however strait and narrow, however beset

with difficulties and trials. All other joy is vain, is dangerous, and calculated to lull us to sleep in thoughtless security, till our souls sink in the flames of hell.

Many, it is to be feared, deceive their own souls, thinking themselves something; when they are nothing; imagining they are christians, while they retain their native love of evil, and are destitute of saving grace. Many, who profess themselves the children of God, have no part nor lot in the salvation of Christ, and will hear from the lips of their Judge at the last great day, " Depart from me, I never knew you." Many have the lamp of profession; but what will that avail without the oil of divine grace? Alas! without repentance, it will only encrease their condemnation, and involve them deeper in future wretchedness. Awful indeed must be the situation of those, who while they name the name of Christ, crucify him afresh, and put him to open shame. They open the mouths of sinners against our holy religion, harden the hearts of the careless, grieve the children of the Most High, and are a stumbling block in the way of many. If they die strangers to the power of vital religion, what pen can describe their anguish, when they stand trembling before their Judge, and hear him speak in a voice like thunder, "Who hath required this at your hands?" Their criminality must then appear in all its odious light; and cover them with confusion, consternation, and despair. They must lie down in endless sorrow, though once they vainly thought they were sure of heaven.

O my friend, when I think of these things, I tremble for others,—I tremble for myself. We have reason to fear, that through the deceitfulness of our own hearts, we shall at last come short, and prove that we are Christians only in name. Let us see whether Christ is formed in us the hope of glory; or whether we are not yet in our sins, walking in that broad road which leads to perdition.

we have been deceiving ourselves, it will be far better to discover it now, than when it is too late to rectify mistakes—too late to repent, and work out our salvation. O let us, with the greatest diligence, attend to the one thing needful, and so number our fleeting days as to apply our hearts to true wisdom. Soon our mortal years will be ended; and then we shall commence an eternal round of joy or wo. And in eternity we shall reap the reward of our doings on earth. We shall feel the effects of our present conduct, when time has finished his appointed course, when the heavens shall be rolled together as a scroll, when creation shall lie in mighty ruins, and when one vast eternity shall be all in all. Nay, we shall be sensible of their influence, as long as our existence endures.

O then how important it is, that we should awake from sleep, and sow to the Spirit, that we may of the Spirit reap life everlasting. Now is the accepted time, and now is the day of salvation. To-morrow we may be where all is immutable and eternal. O could we realize these considerations as we ought, what solemnity and awe would fill our minds; how jealous should we be over ourselves, how afraid of deception, how watchful against sin and Satan, how engaged in duty, how constant and ardent in prayer, how earnest to approve ourselves to the Searcher of hearts. Let us then forsake our sins, and penitently return to the Lord; for our souls are infinitely precious; time is short, and eternity is near. May we both be made holy in heart and life, that we may glorify God on earth, and at death have an entrance ministered to us into that kingdom which consists in righteousness, peace, and eternal joy. O my friend, rest not unless you are created anew in Christ, &c.

LETTER TO MRS S. E. D. OF BEVERLY.

My DEAR MES D.

Beverly Sept. 1814.

THE present is indeed a day of darkness, of thick darkness, illumined but with a few glimmering rays of cheering light. Our national iniquities are exceedingly numerous and aggravated, so that God in just judgment' has poured out his wrath upon us, to show us that it is an evil and bitter thing to forsake him. And if these afflictions might lead us to consider our ways, mourn with godly sorrow over our sins, and penitently return unto the Rock of our salvation, then we might hope that the Lord would spare us, defend and protect us, and favour us with his gracious smiles. But, alas! our pride, ambition, and vanity, have arisen to a greater height; and we seem to grow more hardened under divine rebukes. Much do we need a spirit of humility, of amity, and of dependence on the Almighty, and a thorough universal? reformation, that again we may enjoy those blessings we once possessed, but which we so wickedly abused and forfeited. O may the saints of the Most High seek the good of Jerusalem, and pray and labour for her prosperity, till her brightness go forth as a lamp that burneth, and her rising glory fill the earth. The glorious appearingand power of Emanuel shall destroy the man of sin, subdue every enemy of his church, and cause the ransomed to travel the road that leads to the celestial Zion, with gladness and songs of joy. The day of the millennium is not far distant. Already with eager expectations we look for its dawn; and our bosoms glow with delight, when we contemplate what glory it will bring to God, what happiness to man. The desolations, persecutions, and afflictions of the church, and the miseries and sins. of a wretched world, will soon come to an end. The

happy saints will soon take the kingdom, and possess it for ever; while the King of saints shall display the banners of his cross through this wide earth, and all the numerous tribes of heathen nations of the world shall bow in homage at his feet. The church shall dry her tears, bid adieu to her sorrows, and shine in her beautiful garments, the joy of many generations. to the name of Jesus shall fall from the mouths of babes; and every lip shall sing in cheerful strains the praises of the King of kings. O my sister, what a glorious period is just at hand, even at the door! And amidst all these calamities and commotions, when errors come in like a flood, and temptations to apostasy are on every side, how important it is that Christians should hold fast that which they have, and be ever abounding in the work of the Lord! How closely should they walk with God, that they may derive from him all those supplies of grace and strength which they need in the discharge of their various duties! Their faith and patience must be tried; but they will endure every trial, and in the end be more than conquerors over all their enemies. The Lord God of Israel is their inheritance, their refuge, and their salvation, and all his perfections are pledged to secure their complete redemption, and the final triumph of his cause over all the earth.

If we, my dear friend, can repose our trust in Jehovah, we need not despond though there be great distress and perplexities among the nations; though all nature be convulsed and rent in dreadful anarchy. Amidst the most tremendous revolutions we may rejoice, and joy in the God of our salvation. O may we be favoured with holy confidence in him, that we may not hang our harps upon the willows, nor go mourning all the day long. It becomes Christians to rejoice in the Lord, that they may show to others that religion is not a melancholy thing,

as many are prone to believe. And the Lord is pleased, when he sees his children abound in grateful joy and praise, united with penitence and humility.

My dear, dear sister, take comfort, and still hope in your covenant God; for he is a Rock upon which you may stand securely in time and to eternity. He has been your helper in six troubles, and in seven, and he will be your refuge forever; giving you abundant reason still to sing of his mercy, faithfulness, and loving kindness. The soul that leans on him shall never be dismayed nor confounded; but shall go from strength to strength in this desart land, and hereafter appear in the Zion above, to join the innumerable company around the throne in songs of ceaseless praise. May this be the privilege of my dear sister, and her unworthy Fanny. O may grace, free grace, make us meet for the blessedness of the redeemed above; and when time shall close with us, introduce us to that city not made with hands, eternal in the heavens. And to grace shall be all the glory.

May the Lord bless you and yours with showers of the richest blessings. When you commune with God, sometimes think of me, &c.

LETTER TO MRS L. B. OF SALEM.

Beverly, Sept. 11, 1814.

MY DEAR MRS B.

I am happy to acknowledge the receipt of a few lines from you last evening, by which I understand the intention of your sisters to devote to prayer a part of the hour from two to three, when from one to two is not practicable. I rejoice that you have agreed to meet in spirit at the throne of grace; and I think the time you specify the best which could be selected, more especially on account.

of its nearness to ours. I shall often, in imagination, visit your retirements, and participate with you in the heavenly solace of communion with God; while my warmest wishes shall ascend in unison with yours, that our supplications may be these of humble faith and sincerity, that they may meet with the divine acceptance through the mediation of our adorable Emanuel. "Praying breath shall not be spent in vain."

Blessed are those who sigh and cry in secret places for the abominations which abound in our guilty land; for their tears and moans shall be a sweet memorial before God of their detestation of sin. and of their ardent love. to the souls of sinners. And though the Almighty may pour out his fury unceasingly upon our much loved country, yet his dear children are safely hid in his pavilion; and shall surely find him a present help in time of trouble. He is a resting place, where we may sweetly repose our souls when heavy laden with a sense of indwelling iniquity, and burdened with oppressive wo. He presides over our convulsed world; overrules all events for the good of his church, and the glory of his name, and with a regard to that auspicious period when all shall knowhim from the least to the greatest, and the beauty of Zion shine conspicuously over this benighted earth. When shall the millennial morn shed its cheering splendour among the nations, and the Day Star from on high lighten the heathen tribes to the mount of glory? O when shall the lapsed millions of our race fasten every hope of bliss on the cross of Calvary, and unite in one vast harmonious chorus of praise to the Lamb? O for the long expected era, when all the ends of the earth shall rejoice in the salvation of God, be filled with the happy subjects of redeeming grace, and reflect the image of that upper world, where holiness, peace, and happiness display their heavenly charms, and songs of joy drop with divine melod from every lip. Though we, my amiable friend, may ere that time close our eyes on mortal things, yet if our spirits salute the glories which grow on mount Zion, we shall behold from thence the victories of Emanuel on this perishable ground; and O what gladness, what transport, what rapture, will fire our bosoms at the glorious view! May the bliss of Paradise be ours to enjoy, when these changing scenes end with us in an unchanging eternity.

I often think of our first and last interview with pensive pleasure, and hope you will favour me with another, if you find it consistent. But as life and all things here are uncertain, I direct my eyes to a region, where the saints of the Most High shall all soon collect to part no more forever, and where pious friends shall be more intimately and endearingly allied, than it is possible to be in this unfriendly clime. My dear, dear sister, may we see each other there, and enjoy a friendship ineffably sub-lime, which no death or separation shall ever wound—a friendship, pure as those realms of light, and immortal as our souls,

When you have an hour of leisure you will give joy to my heart by writing a long letter, though I am most unworthy. Tender, most respectful and affectionate love to dear Mr B. accompanied with an ardent wish, that the Lord would shed upon him abundantly the influences of his sanctifying, illumining, and comforting Spirit, and make him an eminent instrument of good to immortal beings. May you, my dear Mrs B. enjoy richly that peace which passes understanding, pass your fleeting days in tranquillity and usefulness; and, when the scene of mortal life closes, enter into that rest which remains for the people of God.

Accept with candour this small expression of my esteem; and when you commune with Heaven, raise one affectionate petition for your unworthy, &c.

JOURNAL 1814.

Oct. 2. Have this day been permitted to encircle the table of my divine Redeemer, and again renew my engagements to be his. But ah! what coldness, what indifference, what amazing sottishness usurp their sway over my heart, and paralyze every rising emotion of piety. What infinite reason have I to abase myself below all mankind, and freely confess I am of sinners the very chief. O I need true humility, a deep and abiding view of my own depravity, while faith's enlightened eye fastens on the bleeding Lamb of God, and points to a region where perfection flourishes in immortal charms. ous indeed must be that house not made with hands, cternal in the heavens, filled with holy inhabitants, and abounding with every blessing its Maker can devise. May I be so favoured as to find some humble mansion there. when this earthly tenement shall be dissolved by the chilling blast of death. O my Redeemer, be thou my Sunto illumine my path through this benighted world, and to gild the lonely vale of death with some heavenly ray. Let thy precious blood be efficaciously applied to my polluted soul, that it may be a temple fit for thee. Come, my Saviour, remove this interposing veil, and disclose to me those boundless charms of thine, which inflame the bosom of the most exalted seraph with extacy, and tune his heart to celebrate thy praise. •

These were probably the last words she ever wrote. About the middle of October she was seized with an inflammation in the brain, of which she never recovered.

ESSAY

ON

CHRISTIAN USEFULNESS.

But to de good and to communicate, forget not; for with such sacrifices God is well pleased, Heb. ziii. 16."

THE age in which we live has many peculiarities. It is distinguished by the great efforts that are made to promote opposite interests. To do good, on the one hand, and evil on the other, much zeal has been excited, and many exertions have been, and are, put forth. It cannot be infimaterial, where we take our stand, and what part we act. The consequences to be produced will be proportionate, no doubt, to what is done to produce them. At a time when energy and decision are so much called for, such words as those of St Paul in Gal. vi. 9, 10. are worthy of very particular and serious attention:

And let us not be weary in well doing; for in due season we shall reap, if we faint not. As we have therefore opportunity, let us do good unto all men.

I will offer a few remarks upon this interesting subject. It is easy to find good precepts and rules for mankind, and to extort from them a confession of the propriety and beauty of these rules; but to persuade them into a conduct which is according to what they know, and are obliged to acknowledge, to be their duty, is not so practicable a matter. What is proposed to them in general terms, expressive of their obligations, they will find little

difficulty in admitting; but when particulars come to be considered, and a course of practice to be entered upon, endless evasions, excuses, and apologies, will be resorted to, rather than a disinterested, firm, and manly engagement to undertake whatever benevolence and piety may require. And indeed it is no uncommon thing for persons to stand by and applaud the public enterprising spirit and laudable efforts of others, when devising schemes, submitting to privations, encountering discouragements, and putting their hands to arduous attempts in the service of God and of their fellow-men, while their own lukewarmness or apathy is such as to prevent their making a single effort to strengthen the hands of the good and faithful. Many appear to esteem it enough for them to discern with shrewd and penetrating eye what is needed, and what would, if accomplished, be an unspeakable advantage, without feeling themselves constrained to embark in an undertaking, which, though most important in its object, may be attended with perplexity and embarrassment, and prove abortive at last. When the evils which call for a remedy are reflected upon, or exhibited under some of their odious and aggravated forms, these persons can utter as loud a groan, breathe out as heavy a sigh, and pour forth as many tears, as any other person; but to proceed any further, they want the necessary stimulus. They are sorry, exceedingly sorry, to find things in so ill a condition:--to have occasion to bewail so many evils prevailing in the earth;-to see mankind suffering the bitter consequences of a thousand inveterate maladies :- They wish it were otherwise :- And if there are any who can invent and apply an effectual remedy, they heartily wish they may undertake and succeed. For themselves, though they are friends to the cause, and would exceedingly rejoice in its prosperity, their situation is so peculiar, so unfavourable to any very spirited exer-

tions, that they must leave this business to those who can see more promising symptoms of success, are more at leisure to undertake, are more competent to do something to effect, or, in fine, have abilities and influence to mark them out as proper persons to be employed in doing good. All allow, that an evil world calls for a great deal of active benevolence to keep its affairs in any thing like a tolerable state. None are so blind and stupid as not to be sensible, that, though God has the supreme prerogative of moral government, to fix and maintain the proportion of good and evil which is on the whole best for the system, human agency is altogether requisite to bring things to their ultimate issue. We have often witnessed how good men have made things better, and bad men have made them worse. In how few instances shall we find, that changes for the better have been accomplished, in the circumstances of individuals and communities. without the seasonable and wholesome interference of human hands? On the contrary, it is a baleful influence, to be traced to evil men and seducers, that has wrought the mischiefs which have put so dismal and melancholy a complexion on the affairs of mortal men. Hence it is manifest with what propriety the apostle exorts, And let us not be meary in well doing. Although these words seem not so applicable to those who have never acquired a habit of doing good, have never ventured at all into this laudable path, yet it is hoped, that they may have some good effect even upon them, and may produce in them a spirit of godly emulation to vie with all good men in deeds of love, in earnest endeavours to promote true wirtue and solid happiness in the world. We need not go into any discussion to show, that as moral beings and as members of society, we ought to do good upon every opportunity; and that this is a business which should never become irksome, nor lie upon the muid as a burden

which it is weary to bear. Who is there that does not esteem it a matter of importance to use his time and faculties in doing good? Who will not acknowledge, that it is infinitely better to do good than to do evil? Who would not condemn himself, if he were convicted of preferring the latter to the former? How happens it then, that so little is done in the spirit of that law of our religion which requires us to love our neighbour as ourselves, and to do unto others even as we would that they should do unto us? The grand difficulty is, that we darken our own understandings with false glosses, with representing things to our own minds under mistaken appearances, so that evil becomes good and good evil. Accordingly, a selfish man is not to be convinced, that it would be doing good to set aside his own interest, and make himself subservient to the well-being of his neighbour. The god of this world blinds the minds of them that believe not, so that they never see it to be a good act to seek the things which are Jesus Christ's, rather than their own If they are backward in regard to this or that object of supposed public utility, it is not because they are willing to be thought indifferent to the real interest of the community; but because the good contemplated is not judged great enough to counterbalance some certain evil to which it stands opposed. The most useful service. therefore, to be performed, in treating upon the present subject, will be to specify and make evident, what would be an exact compliance with the apostle's injunction.

It shall be my endeavour to point out a way of well-doing, and to propose objects of benevolent attention, and then to apply a stimulus to faithfulness in the duty marked out. In prescribing duty, it may be proper to notice what are the objects to which a particular respect is to be had; and then to shew, that this benevolence is to be extended to all men.

'n.

First, Let us inquire what are the great objects which benevolence seeks to promote. The apostle comprehends all under the general idea of doing good; which embraces much, all indeed that is valuable, either in time or in eternity. Benevolence sets those things first which are of the greatest worth, and prosecutes them with the greatest spirit and ardour. But in the heat of zeal for great achievements, it does not overlook advantages of smaller consideration. Whatever is useful, affords scope to the benevolent mind, and will not be spurned away because it does not shine with the highest degree of lustre. We are accustomed to divide men's interests into two classes, accordingly as they seem most to respect the life that now is, or that which is to come. And we say, that it is the part of benevolence to do good to men,

1. In regard to their temporal concerns.

True it is, that the interests of this world, and those of the world to come, have an important relation to each other; so that he who is assisted in regard to the one class of interests, derives a benefit in respect to the other. But still it may be proper to maintain the distinction that has been made. The man who loves to do good will be ready to avail himself of all incidents which put it in his power to be serviceable to his neighbour. If he sees him in affliction, he will do what he can to impart comfort. If he finds him weak, he will try to strengthen and support him. The faint and hungry he will not leave at his gate to famish, if it be in his power by any lamful means to supply their wants.* He will lend to him that asketh, and from him that would borrow

This reminds us of a very pleasing anecdote, lately told of Moszart, the celebrated Music Composer, which shows how the sweetness of his genius went hand in hand with his practical kindness and benevolence; and how a man may turn any talent he possesses to serve a benevolent purpose, where he is poor in other means

of him he will not turn away. He will not reserve all his bounty and all his acts of kindness, for occasions the most conspicuous and urgent; but will be continually casting good seed into the ground which may grow and bring forth fruit beyond expectation. The man of charity and tender feeling is known from others in the most private walks of life, and in those scenes that have the least in them to excite general attention. His hands leave a sweet perfume upon every object which he handles. They who are conversant with him, are refreshed by the generous sensibility of his heart, and the communicative liberality of his hands even where the care-

of assisting his fellow-creatures. His charity was asked one day in the streets of Vienna, by a person who had known better days: and as the great musician knew better how to heap up silver sounds than silver coin, he felt his pecket for the poor fellow in vain. Uneasy at his want of money at such a moment, a thought suddenly struck him; and he asked the man to wait while he went into a tavern, where, calling for pen and ink, he sat down and composed a minuet on the spot; then, folding up the paper, he returned. and giving it to his petitioner, told him to carry it to a music publisher in the city, who would give him something when he saw the contents. He did so accordingly, and received, we think, (for we repeat the story from memory) five double ducats. The circumstance deserves to be recorded, and the minuet itself is worthy of the occasion. It exhibits a singular mixture of science, which Mozart perhaps took a just pride in exhibiting at such a sudden call, with th t exquisite natural beauty which is so apparent throughout his It teaches us this practical lesson, that there are few, if any, who want the power of doing good in some way or other, if they are possessed of the desire; -silver and gold perhaps they have none; but what they have, or can command, they will be anxious to give; and we know, that in some cases, even a cup of cold water may be an acceptable boon; and when given in this spirit, and from a right principle, will be no despicable offering in the sight of him who judgeth according to what a man hath, and not according to what he bath not? EDITOR.

less by-stander discovers nothing to excite particular observation. In such a world as this, they who delight in doing good, who have a heart that cherishes sentiments. of kindness and good will, are more useful than themselves, or those around them, are sensible of. A thousand: tender expressions and offices of love steal from them insensibly, as it were, and unobserved, by which many sorrows are repressed, many asperities of life smoothed, many pleasant feelings excited, and many dark hours rendered light and joyous. The good man, who loves his neighbour, and not himself only, does good by his smiles, his friendly and affectionate conversation, his judicious and seasonable hints upon all the affairs of life, and the ready part he takes in the interest of those, whom it is in his power to serve, though it be in things of the smallest magnitude. In this blessed class of men whom shall we include? and from it whom shall we shut out, as having no part nor lot with them? It is made up of a glorious catalogue of persons, whom none can know, and whom none can duly appreciate, but such as have come in contact with them; and of whom none can be ignorant, who have associated with them enough to feel the effect of their temper and deportment. Their justice, their compassion, their affability and courtesy, endear them to all who come within the sphere of their influence. gers to their habits, inimical to their principles, and contemners of their virtues, are all those whose greatest solicitude is to place a hedge about themselves and all that they have, lest some stragging particles should escape from the mass of what they have gathered together, and bring back nothing in return but the blessing of him who was ready to perish. What we suffer in our temporal interests, more generally gives us the deepest sense of the hardness, and cruelty, and injustice of those by whom we ought to be relieved. Benevolence, we know, will not look unconcernedly on evils of this description; but will make an effort, if possible, to remove them. But in this department it may, perhaps, be said, that benevolence performs the least of her works. A more distinguished class of her operations consists,

2. In doing good to men in matters which concern their spiritual and eternal welfare.

Under this head may be comprised all those things which have influence upon men's hearts and characters, to conform them to the standard of gospel excellence, and to mature them for the kingdom of heaven. man nature suffered the greatest possible injury when it was corrupted; and the greatest benefit it can receive is that renovation of the Spirit, in which old things pass away, and all things become new. As they are our bitterest and most formidable adversaries, who uphold us in our defection from God, who have influence in leading us astray, and plunging us into accumulated guilt, by making our habits of sin stronger and more inveterate; so those are the kindest of benefactors, to whom we are in any measure indebted for our recovery out of the snare of the devil, and for the redemption of our souls from a state of spiritual slavery. On this account is the love of God to be so highly extolled, that when we were enemies, provision was made for our becoming reconciled unto God by the death of his Son. Divine beneficence is in nothing so wonderful as in turning us from sin to holiness, purifying our hearts by faith, and cleansing us from an evil conscience and from dead works to serve the living God. On the same account have we reason to set the highest value on that kind of love and friendship in our fellow-men, which prompts them to seek our moral and religious improvement, to recover us from the dominion of sinful habits, and to establish us upon the sure foundation. If a man finds us in the most abject and

distressing poverty, and loads us with riches from the abundance of his own treasures; if he finds us dangerous-_ ly sick, just ready to be devoured by the grave, and by his skill and assiduity raises us up, and plants our feet again in the smooth and pleasant path of life; if he redeems us from slavery, so that from heavy chains and hard bondage we are restored to liberty and all its enjoyments; he is a friend much to be revered and honoured for his benignity; but infinitely more so, if he has broken those fetters by which we were held under the power of Satan, and made to drudge in his service. charitable deeds that is the greatest, which contrives a remedy for the diseases of the soul, and liberates the sinner from his customary devotedness to the flesh and the world. Our loudest call for charity is, therefore, in what relates to the inner man. If we are accustomed to do evil, and there are sins which most easily beset us; if we are wise to do evil, but to do good have no knowledge; if some root of bitterness, some perverse inclination, some inordinate and slavish appetite, has wrought itself into our inmost affections;—let some compassionate friend, some faithful messenger be sent us from Him who is long suffering toward us, and rescue us from the enemy that has so terrible a controul over our hearts. Let those who know the power of benevolent affection, consider our case, and leave no suitable means untried to accomplish our salvation.

There are two articles which come under the head of doing good to the soul, which are nearly related indeed to each other, but in some respects separable, and proper to be considered as distinct. These are religion and morals. That they are nearly allied to each other is manifest from this, that religion is the only certain and infallible basis of good morals; and that good morals always flourish most, where religion is best supported.

to see what is treasured up in the volume of God's holy word, presents him with a gift which has not its equal below the sun. It is a charity, which most resembles that love of God which passeth knowledge.*

In the general work of doing good, the morals of men are not to be overlooked. Could we, indeed, by our utmost exertions, open the hearts of men to the reception of the Gospel, we might safely rely upon this, as equivalent to every thing else that benevolence might suggest or undertake. Were Christianity cordially embraced, it

The good that is done to the soul is of infinitely more importance than any good that can be done to the body; and the following anecdote shews, that even doing good of this kind is within the reach of all:—

⁴⁴ A benevolent Gentleman in the neighbourhood of London, was induced to visit a poor woman who was sick. When he entered the room he perceived a LITTLE GIRL kneeling at her bed-side, who immediately withdrew. On his enquiring who the child was, the sick woman replied, "O! sir, it is a little angel, who frequently comes to read the Scriptures to me, to my great comfort, and has just now given me sixpence." On further inquiry, he found she was one of the girls belonging to a neighbouring Sunday-school. The following Sabbath, our friend visited the school, and expressed a wish to speak to the child. She approached with extreme modesty; when he asked her, if she knew the poor woman just referred to, and if she had been to read the Bible to her. She replied, that she both knew her and had read the Scriptures to her. He then asked what had induced her to do so. She answered, "Because, Sir, I find it said in the Bible, that ' Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this-to visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction.'-- Well,' said he, 'and did you give her any money?'- 'Yes, sir.'- 'And where did you get it?'- Sir, it was the reward given me in this school.' The gentleman who related this fact, said, (alluding to the expression of the sick woman) ' I clasped the little angel in my arms, and prayed that the latter part of the text she quoted might also be accomplished-that God would keep her unspotted from the world."

would do more to stamp the lives of men with consistenzy, regularity, and decorum, than all the motives which an be collected from all other sources. But if it please God to leave any under such influence from the god of this world, that the light of the glorious Gospel of Christ, who is the image of God, does not shine unto them; if they are given up to walk after their own ungodly lusts, and to the practice of vices, which are ruinous to the soul and to society, as well as offensive to God; will a benevolent man excuse himself in the neglect of any means which afford the least prospect of repressing, or limiting, the evil? Can it be doubted, whether it would be doing good, either to individuals or to society, to bring vice into reproach, and to fix such a stigma upon it, as to make it ashamed of the light? Surely every good man, and all men of decency and consideration, must wish to see the manners of the age purified, and all licentiousness restrained. And shall we be compelled to believe their principles so weak and inactive, that they have no desire for a share in the laudable, yet arduous task of setting bounds to prevailing corruption? That, rather than assume vigour for action, they will stretch themselves upon a couch of indolence and ease, waiting the result of what others of more spirit and resolution may see cause to attempt?-But, in the languor of discouragement and desnondency, it will be demanded, What can be done? When the torrent of imiquity has become impetuous and overwhelming, how shall it be resisted? Must not every trial to bring it under controul, or even to diminish its force, be like a ridiculous attempt to still the raging of the sea, to stop the whirlwind in its course, and to hush the tempest into a calm? Thus reasons and exclaims the man, whose love of public virtue shines brightest in a few empty pretensions, by which he would fain make it believed that he regrets the abounding of immorality,

though he sees no encouragement to appear against it as one who dares draw his sword against the giant of Gath. But let it be remembered, that men have been able to encroach upon the ocean, and to wrest from it a portion of its wonted bed. They have forced its waters to retreat and give them place. And if, in pursuit of worldly wealth and accommodations, men have gained such a conquest, how much might they accomplish by an active. enterprising spirit of benevolence, in causing that deluge of wickedness to subside which is overflowing the world! Every individual has it in his power to recommend virtue and to discourage vice, by the influence of his own example at least; and this will be found by no means inconsiderable. But when a multitude arm themselves in this cause by joint resolutions, and by combining their wisdom, prudence, and firmness for devising and executing measures to counteract prevalent wickedness, and to look vice out of countenance, it certainly accords with experience to predict, that the effect will be great and good. There is but one obstacle of any great magnitude in the way of enlisting men in this cause, so important to the general welfare; and that is the revenue which some nen draw from the vices of others. When it becomes the interest of individuals to encourage, or not to suppress dissipation, it will be difficult indeed to persuade them' into any measures tending to produce reformation. And how melancholy is the thought, that any should be found in this sad, and, I may say, disgraceful predicament! Though the fact may unhappily be such, yet this should not deter others, who may feel themselves more at liberty to act rationally and benevolently, from throwing the whole of their influence into the scale of public virtue and happiness, and against that corruption of morals which so extensively prevails. We doubt not, that all who make it their first attention and chief care to do good, as the have opportunity, will see that a man's real interest can never stand in the way of his seeking the welfare of others; and that whatever operates as a hindrance or discouragement to benevolent conduct, though it wear the semblance of interest, ought to be rejected as unworthy of regard. What a man gains by aiding to corrupt his fellow men and to spoil their morals, will, on the whole, be as a poison lurking in his own veins. That which seems a profit in one point of view, is a vastly greater loss in another. Let selfishness relinquish all its claims, and give up the reins to benevolence, and the individual will be an immense gainer.

Secondly, Let us consider the universality of the obligations which benevolence imposes. Do good to all men, is the requirement of the gospel. When benevolence takes its proper direction, it will avoid all partialities. Nothing will be reckoned good for one, which is not good for the whole: And if the interest of the whole taken collectively, is subserved, each individual will share in the common good. Men, in their wisdom and zeal to do evil, have introduced discord, and set one at variance with another, so that one is put down, that another may be exalted; and the happiness of some is made to depend on the wretchedness of others; benevolence mourns over this adverse state of things, and as far as she has power. sets herself against the evil. This desire of doing good dees not conform itself to the various opinions of interest. which persons may invent for themselves. Its object is not so much to humour prejudice and gratify feeling, as to communicate some real and substantial benefit. Benevolence will not make a sacrifice of one man's rights and privileges out of respect to those of another. It rejoices not in iniquity, but rejoices in the truth. It holds the scales with an even hand between friends and enemies, between the rich and the poor, the strong and the weak, the honourable and the despised. Its inviolable law and uniform custom, is to render unto every one his due; tribute to whom tribute is due, custom to whom custom, fear to whom fear, honour to whom honour.

Thirdly, Let us now inquire for some powerful stimulus to this work of doing good. A man would rarely be dull and heartless in sowing his field, if he were sure that when the season came about, he should have a crop that would bountifully reward his labour; and with all the uncertainty there is in the case, it is not common for husbandmen to let their fields lie untilled. Though they have no certainty that they shall reap, they will not neglect the proper business of seed time, but go forth bearing seed, in the hope that he who ministereth seed to the sower, and bread to the cater, will smile on their kebour, and cause the earth to yield her increase. The encouragement to good works to such benevolent offices, as the present subject inculcates, is greater than the agriculturist enjoys. There is an express and full promise, that they who perform works of faith and labours of love, shall not spend their strength for nought, and in vain; that he that ploweth, should plow in hope; and that he that threshelh in hope, should be partaker of his hope. The promise, however, is to those only who apply themselve resolutely and perseveringly to the work of the Lord, who are not faint-hearted in a good cause, and are not weary in well doing. The assurance given, I apprehend, respects two things :--

- 1. The success that shall crown the benevolent exertions that are put forth in attaining the objects immediately aimed at: And,
- 2. The reward which awaits the faithful doers of God's will in the life to come.

In respect to the first, if persons are workers together with God, have heartily espoused the cause of true vir

tue, and are animated with zeal to do their utmost in advancing the best interests of the world, there is a sufficient pledge on God's part, whose it is to give success to all enterprises, that their exertions shall lead to a favourable issue. It is not in man to make any thing sure; but God can make all the benevolent counsels and works. of his creatures to prosper; and nothing can defeat works: of this character, but a faint and dilatory spirit in those,. by whom they are undertaken. It is always the part of buman nature to be timid and doubtful, where any thing good as well as great is to be attempted. That timewhich should be spent in vigorous efforts to surmount obstacles, and take possession of the good sought, is apt to be worn away in pusillanimous doubting and hesitating about the attainableness of the object proposed. It is not so, when men's worldly interest or ambition, calls for some signal exertion of their faculties. Difficulty then serves only to render them bold and daring, and toraise the flame of emulation to a higher pitch. And must the calls of benevolence be disregarded, because they summon us into scenes of trial, and assign us a post that is not to be maintained without watchfulness, energy, and perseverance.

If the help of man were all upon which we had to calculate, we should indeed have reason to proceed with the greatest diffidence and despondency. We might justly complain of the end, as being too great for our means; and that the warfare was beyond our strength and resources. But in doing good, we have the mighty God for our pattern and our helper; because he is at our right hand, we shall not be moved. He will approve our benevolent intentions, and give efficacy to our well meant endeavours. Though an host encamp against us, we need not fear. In seeking the truest interest and welfare of our fellow men, we ought not to promise ourselves their

approbation and concurrence in all cases. They may requite our friendship with derision and scorn; but God will not suffer our benevolent exertion to be as water spilt upon the ground. It shall turn to some good account, and produce some good fruit in the thing desired: And in addition to this.

2. It shall procure us final entrance into the joy of our Lord. Independently of what is actually wrought by our hands to the advantage of those whose welfare we seek, a portion of bliss is laid up for us in heaven, as the reward of well doing, if we are faithful in imitating Him who overcame, and enjoys the eternal honours of victory in the bosom of his Father. Whatever be the profits arising to our fellow creatures from our labours of love towards them, whether few or many, ours shall be the glorious reward of having done what we could. For if there be first a willing mind, it is accepted according to what a man hath, and not according to what he hath not. Though Israel be not gathered, says the Prophet, yet shall I be glorious in the eyes of the Lord, and my God shall be my strength. This blessedness in God's heavenly kingdom, shall we reap in due time, if we faint not.

> Let such as feel oppression's load, Thy tender pity share; And let the helpless, homeless poor Be thy peculiar care.

Go, bid the hungry orphan be
With thy abundance blest;
Invite the wand'rer to thy gate,
And spread the couch of rest.

Let him who pines with piercing cold,
By thee be warm'd and clad;
Be thine the blissful task to make
The downcast mourner glad.

Then, bright as morning, shall come forth,
In peace and joy, thy days;
And glory from the Lord above
Shall shine on all thy ways.

ADDRESS TO CHRISTIANS

ON THE

IMPORTANCE OF TIME AND ETERNITY.

OW great, my fellow Christians, are your obligations to your adorable Redeemer! How strong and endearing are the ties which bind your souls to him, and urge you to ardent zeal in his glorious cause. His grace has rescued your souls from exposure to endless flames, and will conduct them safely to the hill of Zion, there tomingle in all the sacred felicities and unfading glories of the saints in light. When the thunders of the divine law filled your hearts with anguish, and there appeared but a step between you and all the miseries of the bottomless abyss, then the hand of mercy from on high conducted you to the foot of the cross, where, leaving your burdens and reposing your souls, you commenced with cheerful step your journey to a better country. indeed was the hour of your espousals to Christ. Liberated from the bondage of Satan, and standing secure on the immoveable Rock, your souls triumphed in the contemplation of pardoning mercy, and your lips sung hosannas to your great Deliverer. You were then made acquainted with feelings and principles never to be extinguished, to which you were before utter strangers. Warmed with the ardours of holy gratitude, did you not ask, with the devout Psalmist, " What shall I render unto the Lord for all his benefits?" This question you have doubtless frequently repeated. Say, my friends, have you not a supreme regard to the glory of God, a predominating desire to honour your Redeemer, and extend the victories of his grace?

You are engaged in a cause precious to angels. For its advancement, all holy beings unite their voluntary and cheerful exertions, and unholy beings promote it "though they mean not so, neither do their hearts think so." is a cause for which your Redeemer bled; and he has pledged his word that it shall prevail. Every event, however minute or apparently inauspicious, will be ultimately subservient to its prosperity; and vain are the combined efforts of men and devils to exterminate it from the earth. Amidst all the commotions and calamities. which lay kingdoms and empires waste, covering our globe with carnage, devastation and wo, rejoice, Christians, that this cause is safe. Exult in those predictions of its universal triumph, which we derive from holy men of old, "who spake as they were moved by the Holy Ghost." How sublime the prospect of the millennial glory! How divinely transporting to penetrate the cheerless night which now wraps the earth, and discover the bright effulgence of that morning, which shall ere long burst upon the world from on high; a morning without clouds, enlightened by the beams of the Sun of righteousness, and vocal with songs of salvation from millions of redeemed sinners. When a few more years of gloom have run their rounds, this period shall arrive with all its amazing realities. Then shall this dying world rise to immortal life; and filled with ardent devotion and admiring joy, shall unite in one immense concert of rapturous praise. Then shall the peace, which descends from the regions of purity and love, scatter its enduring blessings in every land, and indissolubly unite all nations is

the bonds of Christian affection. The hearts of men shall beat in happy unison, influenced by the benevolent spirit of the Gospel, while their lips, touched like Isaiah's with hallowed fire, dwell on Emanuel's name with holy transport. If angels and departed saints rejoice over one repenting sinner, what must be their emotions when nations are born in a day; when unnumbered millions of our apostate race reflect the image of Jesus, and are forming for eternal improvement in the excellencies and glories of the heavenly state? What celestial ardour will swell their bosoms, and how divinely will they attune their harps to louder notes of praise? And shall we, my friends, in view of these glorious displays of almighty grace, be indifferent? Have our hearts felt the glow of pious affection, and shall they not now burn with a livelier flame? Shall we not exclaim, "Even so, come, Lord Jesus; come quickly?" If this period, so full of glory to God and happiness to man, is nigh, even at the door; and if it is to be introduced by the instrumentality of Christians, how alluring, how powerful the inducements to new, . combined, and vigorous exertions in the cause of Christ? Is it possible for a friend of Jesus to slumber in criminal supineness at this momentous crisis?

My friends, "the time is short." With every passing moment, with every heaving breath, you curtail the transient term of life, and draw nearer to the grave, "where there is no work, nor device, nor knowledge, nor wisdom." Your days are flying away with great rapidity, and with them all your opportunities of communicating and receiving good; but the manner in which you spend them, will appear from the archives of eternity, and will have a vast influence on your future condition. Eternity! Let the word deeply affect your hearts, and extend its salutary power to every action. The consequences of this state of probation, will

reach through scenes of "futurity for ever future," through ages on ages in endless succession. Our weeks, our months, our years are rapidly measuring their flight. The last particle of our allotted time will soon arrive, and leave our mortal frames in the embraces of death, while our souls will survey with awful interest, the regions beyond the grave. And when, in the unclouded light of eternity, we shall view divine truths, O how infinitely important will they appear! What shall we then think of earth, of souls, of heaven, of hell, of the work of redemption, of the means of grace, and of engagedness in the service of God?

Did we live under just apprehensions of eternity, we should "do with our might, whatsoever our hands find to do," performing every duty with a promptitude, fidelity, and zeal, with which we have now little conception. Feeling that we are acting with reference to the bar of Jehovah, how earnestly should we seek "that honour which cometh from God only." What holy circumspection should mark our habitual conduct. With what noble indifference should we look upon the censure and applause of mortals, and upon all the fleeting things of this world. Shall not these considerations be engraven on your minds, and urge us to a diligent improvement of our time, our talents, and all our active powers, in preparation for the last great day?

I repeat it, Christians, "the time is short." Your moments are too invaluably precious, to be trifled away in unworthy pursuits, or negligence; for they will certainly be few, and on them rests consequences, lasting as the existence of your souls. Your Saviour speaks to your souls: "Work while the day lasts, for the night cometh wherein no man can work." O let it be realized, that what you do for him must be done quicked, that what you aeglect present opportunities of glo-

rifying him, you may never be indulged with more on earth; for death may be at hand to convey you hence. Your days, with all their toils and sorrows, are transient, and will soon give place to the rest of Canaan, your everlasting home. "Be not weary in well-doing," nor suffer your minds to faint because of crosses and trials, for they belong to this state of probation, and are especially the portion of pilgrims and strangers here. What, though with David you ascend Mount Olivet, weeping as you measure your weary steps, yet shortly your feet will stand on the verge of heaven, and walk the streets of the New Jerusalem.

My friends, are you heavily oppressed with numerous and complicated afflictions? Do you groan under a weight of sin? Turn your eyes then, from this valley of woe, to those regions of glory to which you are hastening, where millions of holy spirits forever encircle the throne of God, and mingle their ceaseless hallelujahs, where the character of the Deity presents its transcendent charms without a veil, filling the bosoms of saints and of angels, with considerations too mighty for utterance; where pleasures immeasurable and eternal, flow without ceasing from the exhaustless river of life, far surpassing the comprehension of finite creatures, and such as the language of heaven alone can adequately describe. O the infinite value of that blood, which was shed by the compassionate Saviour, to purchase this amazing bliss for worms of the dust! O the boundless mercy, which can raise ruined sinners from the gulf of everlasting perdition, to share in the exalted employments and felicities of angels. Christians, is not your Redeemer altogether lovely, worthy of your perfect confidence, your unreserved obedience? Do you not rejoice in prospect of the hour when, far from tempestuous winds and storms of this unfavourable clime, you shall find that rest which remains for the peo-

ple of God? And when, from the heights of the celestial Zion, you shall take a retrospect of your wanderings in this waste howling wilderness, will you regret your labours and sufferings in the cause of your Lord? If tears could be found in heaven, you would ingenuously weep to think how much time you had wasted, how many opportunities of doing good you had neglected, how many duties you had entirely omitted, how many others had been very coldly performed, and in how many various ways you might have advanced the honour of your Divine Master, which, alas! you failed of entering upon. Were these considerations familiar to your minds, unquestionably you would exhibit lives more honourable to God, more ornamental to your profession, and conducive to the best interests of immortal man; while you would, of consequence, be abundantly more acquainted with those sublime comforts of your holy religion, which are usually enjoyed by such as cultivate the power of godliness, and render uniform obedience to the requirements of the guspel.

But after all these motives to ardent engagedness in the best of causes, motives which ought constantly to retain a commanding influence over your hearts, do you my friends, wish for more? If so, more I present you. Direct your eyes to Calvary, and survey that cross on which are suspended your hopes of heaven. Whom see you there, loaded with ridicule and insults of rebels, oppressed with anguish and agony unutterably severe, and meekly sinking into the arms of death? Ah! Christians, it is your Lord. To these sufferings he voluntarily submitted, that he might procure pardon, peace, and salvation for guilty men, who were obnoxious to the tremendous curses of a broken law, and exposed to all the interminable horrors of endless death. Through his meritorious passion, "mercy and truth have met together, righteousness and peace have

'embraced each other;" the gate of heaven is unbarred, and the tree of immortal life extends its fruit to a destitute famishing world. Ye humble votaries of the cross of Christ; ye followers of the man of sorrows, when you contemplate this melting scene, do not your hearts yield to a heavenly influence, and burn with a sacred flame? And do you not resolutely determine, that by divine aid. you will shake off inactivity, and be co-workers with God. in accomplishing his purposes of love and grace? Come. then, and consecrate yourselves anew to the service of your beloved; and henceforth let every day bear to heaven a favourable report of your efforts to extend the conquests of Emanuel, and promote the spiritual welfare of beings destined to live for ever. Thus you will constrain sinners to recognize the excellence of Christianity, and prevent their taunting cry, "What do ye more than others?" Thus you will manifest your cordial attachment to the Saviour, bring glory to your God, be blessings to the church and the world, and increase your imperishable felicity in the kingdom of heaven, where departed saints " rest from their labours, and their works do follow them."

Christians, evince to the world that you are followers of Christ. Manifest, by your sublime and heavenly deportment, that, not satisfied with terrestrial good, you have fixed your hopes and affections on a brighter world, where neither sin nor sorrow can ever intrude. Are you not expectants of glory? Then be nobly indifferent to the charms of this perishable earth, and live as becomes those who have caught the spirit, and anticipated the joys of heaven. Bought with the blood of your Redeemer, let a view of his honour guide your conduct, and impart sacred energy to all that you do. Call forth your latent powers to exertion for the promotion of his glorious cause, and by a constant readiness to every good word and work,

let your light shine with a divine splendour before others, alluring them to "go and do likewise." An extensive field for usefulness presents itself to your view, where arduous labour is imperiously required, and may be crowned with blessed success. This is the season for action: the time for ardent, and zealous, and persevering efforts. Your Redeemer condescendingly looks down to behold your conduct; and having encompassed you with immeasurable mercies, and manifested his glories to your admiring souls, he now waits to receive your grateful returns. Comply with his gracious invitations; obey his holy commands; and while you testify the ardour of your love, by your fidelity and engagedness in his service, "be clothed with humility," and repeat each one for himself, the penitent exclamation, "God be merciful to me a sinper."

Christians, how much may you do for the honour of your Lord. Arise, then, and shaking off the slumbers of the night, exert every faculty, and strain every nerve, for the enlargement of that kingdom, " which is not of this Look around you, and witnessing the spread of error and infidelity, the merciless ravages of sin and death, let your eyes affect your hearts, and induce you to enter earnestly upon every hopeful plan, for the suppression of vice, the alleviation of misery, and the general promulgation of the gospel. Behold your fellow mortals, bound to an eternity of retribution, and endowed with souls which must await the unutterable destinies of the last day, and earnestly inquire in what way you can be instrumental in promoting their immortal good. you see them walking the downward road to perdition, and tottering on the crumbling margin, beneath which roll the billows of devouring fire, O raise your warning voices as those that have felt the terrors of the Lord, and cannot forget that the vengeance of heaven impends over the

heads of the impenitent. Entreat and admonish them with all the eloquence of holy zeal and tender compassion, accompanying all your attempts with importunate supplication to Him that heareth prayer, and can subdue the hearts of rebels. But be not selfish and contracted in your Extend your benevolence to the utmost bounds of the earth, wherever wanders an apostate being, and expand your bosoms to feel for a perishing world. Yonder are the forlorn heathen, immersed in abject ignorance, idolatry and wretchedness, destitute of a single ray of light to illumine their benighted minds, and guide their wayward They feel the baleful effects of feet in the path of life. the first disobedience; they groan under the galling yoke of Satan; but no life-giving sound of salvation salutes their ears, no pardoning mercy from Calvary whispers peace. While they roam the solitary desert, spending their days in listless indolence and degrading vice, they fix their characters for eternity and seal up their endless doom. Friends of Emanuel, feel for their souls. When you enjoy the delights of communion with God, and the smiles of your Redeemer, commiserate the hapless millions who never raised to heaven the uplifted eye, nor listened to the cheering sound of a Saviour's name. When from Pisgah's eminence you descry the boundless joys and imperishable glories of the upper world, and, ravished with the sublime perspective, you are ready to long for the coming of our Lord, O turn from the enrapturing vision to those, who never greeted from on high the message of God's pacification, nor beheld the flowers of Paradise blossom on the grave.

Their souls are infinitely precious. Realize, if you can, their celestial origin, their exalted capacities, their undying existence, and your bosoms will heave with emotions too year for expression. Surely you will receil from the thought of being accessary to their isometime.

Consider, then, the importance of prayer, and of pecuniary aid, for the promulgation of the gospel and the diffusion of its everlasting blessings among the perishing heathen. Open the hand of liberality, and scatter its charities far and wide. Contribute, according to your ability, as under the inspection of Jehovah, and with reference to that day, which shall more clearly disclose the value of such offerings; when the world, with all its glittering wealth, will be enveloped in flaming ruins, and you and the heathen must give up your last account and receive your final allotments. While you press the Bible to your bosoms, and the meridian lustre of the Sun of Righteousness shines upon your path, you will ardently long that its light may arise upon those who are sitting in the darkness and shadow of death. For the attainment of this benevolent object, lend your countenance and assistance to those measures which are calculated to bring it into effect. Nor rest here, but devise and execute new plans for the spread of the gospel, which bringeth salvation.

The numerous Bible societies which have recently been ushered into existence, have excited the liveliest gratitude of wondering thousands, and smile propitiously on the interests of the Redeemer and the immortal souls of men. Let those who have engaged in these labours of love be stimulated to abound yet more and more, exulting in the thought that their labours shall not be in vain in the Lord.

Christians, you love to pray; and God does wonders in answer to prayer. If you wish the spiritual welfare of your own souls, if you long to bail the glorious splendour of the millennial day, and the salvation of a dying world, be exhorted to frequent fervent and importunate prayer. Sacredly cherish a spirit of desocious, and a reverent familiarity with heaven. Remember, we'll you rescourage.

ment, that in your humble retirements you may render your most important services to the kingdom of the Messiah, secluded from the observation of mortals, and known only to Him who seeth in secret.

To female disciples of Christ, permit me to say, here is employment to which your souls are attuned, and in which you may be instrumental in producing great and lasting good. In your closets and circles for devotion, you may be the means of qualifying and commissioning faithful ambassadors of Christ, to carry the tidings of great joy wherever the curse of sin extends; and you may, in the same manner, secure the listening attention of multitudes to the heavenly message. The Gentiles will join in that divine song, " How beautiful upon the mountains are the feet of him that publisheth peace, that bringeth good tidings of good, that saith unto Zion, Thy God reigneth." You may clothe the prowling inhabitant of the wilderness with the robes of righteousness, and make the desart vocal with Emanuel's praise. You may bid the benighted pagans forget their miseries, and unite with you in drawing living waters from the wells of Salvation, and in exploring a country beyond the boundaries of mortality.

Say not that you move in a sphere so circumscribed as to exclude your usefulness. "Verily you have much to do." Your assistance is urgently required and needed, in erecting the house of the Lord, and adorning it with the beauties of holiness and praise. Without passing beyond your proper bounds you may render essential service to the cause of Christ, as the faithful "legate of the skies," who proclaims the glorious truths of the gospel to listening thousands. You love your Lord; you love the souls for whom he died; and you prefer Jerusalem above your chief joy. Frequent, then, your closets, and

breathe to Heaven your fervent supplications for the coming of that blessed day, when the Rose of Sharon shall bloom in the desert, and every solitary corner of the earth shall reverberate the songs of Zion. In these favoured seasons of intercourse with God, you will affectionately bear on your hearts the ministers at the altar, and the missionaries of the cross; for surely they need your prayers. Fail not to pray ardently, that they may have divine support underall their peculiar labours and trials; that they may be enabled to preach the truth, in a discriminating, solemn, and faithful manner; that they may be led by the Holy Spirit to select those subjects which shall be most appropriate and useful to their hearers; and that their ministrations may be abundantly blessed to the edification and consolation of true believers, and the awakening and conversion of formal hypocrites and stupid sinners. Realizing that " The harvest truly is great, but the labourers few," you will entreat of your Lord to multiply the heralds of salvation, that great may be the company of those that publish his word, and that the gospel may be preached to every creature. Be exhorted to let no opportunity of usefulness escape unimproved. Devote not your inestimably precious hours to visits of ceremony, where trifling conversation so lamentably prevails, but redeem them to spend in the too much neglected cottages of the poor, in the chambers of sickness and affliction, and in encircling the female social altar of devotion. Those of you, who are possessed of a moderate share of learning, and have time at your disposal, may be eminently useful in the benevolent task of instructing ignorant and indigent children. The rising generation ought to be near your hearts; and such, especially, as have few or no advantages for mental culture and the acquirement of religious knowledge, urgently claim the exercise of

your compassion. It is believed, that Sabbath schools. well conducted, may be largely conducive to the interests of morality and piety; and that so many have been formed is matter of gratitude to Him, who works in his people both to will and to do. Those of you who are engaged in these delightful acts of charity, may reflect, for your encouragement, that if you entered upon your employment with right feelings, and are faithful to the souls entrusted to your care, though you may not witness the happy fruits of your labours, your prayers, and your tears, yet at the bar of God many may rise up and call you blessed, regarding you as the instruments of their eternal salvation. But it is not my design to enumerate the various ways in which you may effectually subservethe interests of your Lord. If your hearts are warm with grateful affection to the Redeemer, you will readily observe and diligently improve the opportunities of glorifying him, which continually occur. Let me affectionately urgeyou to live for God,—to live for eternity!

My Christian friends, patronize, as far as possible, every plan and institution, calculated for the benefit of society, and the glory of your Maker. Direct all your energies to the cause of Heaven. Be wilting to labour and suffer in the vineyard of the Lord, not counting even your lives dear to you, so that you may accomplish your assigned work, and "finish your course with joy." Mark the signs of the times. Consider how eventful is the day in which you live; and say, can he deserve the appellation of Christian, who now indulges in slothful inactivity and indifference! May the Lord refresh his children with abundant effusions of grace from above, and hasten that divinely glorious day, when Zion shall shines in renovated and transcendent beauty; when the religion of the cross shall pervade every land, arraying this

apostate earth in all the immortal charms of holiness, peace, and sublime felicity. Let every pious heart breathe to Heaven the ardent aspiration, O thou Desire of nations.

"Come; and added to thy many crowns, Receive yet one, the crown of all the earth, Thou who alone art worthy."

MISSIONARY HYMN.

- THAT to rapture's boundless straine,
 The subject world would raise
 One sacred shout of "Jesus reigns!"
 And fill ber sheres with praise.
- 2 Hark! the reverberating song Already strikes the ear, And the vast echoes, sweet and strong, Shall soon surround the sphere.
- From torrid climes to either pole,
 Through each resounding sky,
 The thunders of His praise shall roll,
 And His dominion fly.

REFLECTIONS

ON THE

Fascinating and Deceitful Pleasures

OF THE

WORLD.

S you have entered, my dear friends, upon an existence that must run parallel with eternity, and are blessed with powers and faculties capable of everlasting improvement in glory and excellence, it must fill every benevolent heart with pain to behold you living without hope and without God in the world; to behold you indifferent to your own best interests, and pursuing a course of conduct, which, unless timely repentance intervene, must inevitably sink your souls in endless woe. Standing as you do upon the margin of the invisible world, it is astonishing beyond expression, that you should bound your views by the short term of mortal life, and as though earth were your final residence, your everlasting home. Your attachment to things seen and temporal, while you neglect those which are unseen and eternal, is a convincing, though lamentable proof, that " the heart is deceitful above all things and desperately wicked." You are by nature children of wrath, enemies to the great and glorious Jehovah, and obnoxious to the penalty of that holy law. which thunders in the ears of transgressors, "The soul that sinneth it shall die." But from the cross, pardon. peace, and salvation smile on a dying world, and invite the acceptance of all, "without money and without price." The gate of Heaven, barred by the lapse of man, is now opened by the hand of the Saviour, for the admission of

all, who will cordially submit to the terms of the Gospel. The garden of the Lord, blooming in eternal spring, and filled with delights unknown in our earthly Eden, is now opened for the reception of perishing souls just on the verge of death and hell. Can you neglect this great salvation? Can you coldly turn from the cross, and slighting all the joys of heaven, press your way to the regions of woe. O my friends, I beseech you act not so mad a part. Awaken from your guilty slumbers before you lift up your eyes in the torments of the bottomless abyss. You stand on a tremendous precipice, down which you are liable to be precipitated into the gulf beneath. Should you " die in your sin;" should you perish, after all the invitations and warnings which you have received in this world, how awful must be your doom! how aggravated your condemnation! God declares, that all the finally impenitent shall have their portion in the " lake which burneth with fire and brimstone," where there is " weeping, and wailing, and gnashing of teeth." In that dark and bottomless pit, the sunshine of hope never disperses. the rayless gloom; the life-giving sound of a Saviour's voice is never heard; but all is interminable and ceaseless misery, remorse, and despair. Will you make this your dreary abode? Why, O why will you die? Why will you murder your ever-living souls for the worthless, short lived pleasures of this delusive world? Why will you continue to tread the broad and beaten road, when another step may plunge you in everlasting ruin? Will you not take alarm, and hide your elves from the gathering tempest, in the pavilion of God? Delay not. "Your life is a vapour that appeareth but for a little time, and then vanisheth away." Your moments are inconceivably rrecious; and while you are busy here and there about the veriest trifles, they speed their flight never to return. Boast not of to-morrow; for ere to-morrow which arrive the hand of death may blast your expectations, frustrate your schemes, and send your trembling spirit to its Maker. You are ever on the brink of the grave, on the threshhold of eternity. Death waits his commission to sever the brittle thread of life, and seal your retributive state unalterably.

"It is a serious thing to die." The moment which dissolves the union between the soul and the body, is big with everlasting realities, which the language of mortals cannot explain, nor the heart of man fully conceive. Then the fascinating charms of the world, and the deceitful pleasures of sin, which now engross your supreme attention, and for which you hazard the welfare of your immortal souls, will all vanish like a dream, leaving you to the pangs of unutterable disappointment. Were you possessed of all the honours, riches, and joys, which grow on earthly soil, they could not extract the sting of death, nor ward off his fatal shafts. Say, my dear friends, how can you meet that eventful period? how salute the universal conqueror? Shall you not want a religion which can pour heavenly light upon the dark and gloomy vale, and point you to mansions of bliss on high? Shall you not need a Saviour, whose presence can allay the swellings of Jordan, and whose hand can bear your departing spirit to the celestial Canaan bevond?

Let me entreat you, then, to make a good use of present opportunities, by laying up a treasure in heaven. Rest not till you are the subjects of that change of heart which is indispensibly necessary to a preparation for heavenly bliss. Repent of your numerous and aggravated sins, and seek vigorously and unremittingly for an interest in the atonement of Christ. Seek after true holiness, without which you can never see God, nor relish the employment of redeemed spirits. Withdraw your

affections from this dying world, and fasten them on things above. Thus you will be fitted for the inheritance of the saints in light, and your eyes will be strengthened for the unclouded vision of God. Thus will you possess peace and tranquillity amidst all the vicissitudes of life; and if the clouds of adversity shall cover your horizon, resignation shall nevertheless smile in your countenance, and your hearts shall swell with gratitude and joy. When you reach the end of your wanderings in the wilderness, and the vital lamp glimmers in the shades of death, you may confidently repose on the merey of your Saviour, and triumphantly look forward to the place, where Christian pilgrims shall mingle their voices in concert and sing the praises of their great Conductor. To that upper region your departing spirit shall ascend, and, blessed with immortal youth and vigour, shall assimilate to the uncreated Fountain of light, making continual progression in felicity and excellence.

Can you, my dear friends, resist the united force of all these considerations? Be assured they are not the offspring of a wild imagination, but solemn truths upon which the signet of heaven is engraved, and therefore worthy your deep and constant attention. O may they sink deep in your hearts, and have an abiding impression, and a salutary influence, upon your actions. May the Eternal Spirit seal instruction to your minds, lead you in the path of wisdom, and by his divine teachings and illuminations, prepare you for that rest. "which remaineth for the people of God."

THE END.

FRRATA. P. 2, line 8, for P wers, read power...P. 6, 1, 20, for perhaps, read perhaps have -- P. 19, 1, 21, for in all, read on all....P. 24, 1, 28, for She carefully, read she had, corefully....P. 239 should be p. 231, &c.

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